June 3, 1911

VOLUME XLVIII. NUMBER 40. WHOLE NUMBER 2493.

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TO AVOID CONFUSION WITH OTHER PERIODICALS, ADDRESS LETTERS TO ARMY AND NAVY JOUENAL, Box 558, NEW YORK, NOTING THAT THE LAST WORD IN OUR TITLE IS JOUENAL.

Those who are opposing the organization of a Jewish regiment as a part of the New York National Guard should obtain from its advocates an explanation of what the purpose of the regiment is to be; that is, whether it is to be a race or a religious regiment. is no room in the military system of the states now for either one or the other. We note that the Federation of Jewish Organizations has issued a call for a mass meeting of Jewish citizens, to be held in Brownsville, Brooklyn, on June 3, to support the proposal for a Jewish regiment. About eight years ago a similar scheme was on foot, and about five hundred young Jewish men used to drill in the armory of the 69th Regiment, in New York city. One Sunday a Jewish officer of the National Guard, who was encouraging the admission of the body to the National Guard in the hope that he would be its colonel, invited a prominent city official to make an address to the young men. The official told about the warlike prowess of the Jew in the days of Moses, Joshua ng Solomon, and said he hoped to see the regiment revive the spirit. After his remarks he was asked by a review the spirit. After his remarks he was asked by a friend whether he favored adding a race regiment to the National Guard. He said it would not be a race organization so much as a religious regiment. Then he was asked whether he favored also Methodist, Presbyterian, Catholic and Episcopalian regiments. He said he had not looked at it in that light before, and the ambitious Jewish officer was likewise puzzled to give a satisfactory answer. The upshot was that the project was abandoned. Nahan Behar, organizer of the Jewish Federation, explains that the idea of the regiment is to military training and patriotism among the tizens. This desire is entirely commendable, Jewish citizens. but a distinctively Jewish regiment, in strengthening race or religious clannishness, would do more to injure real patriotism than to promote it. The Federation should rather encourage young Jews to join existing regiments. Some of the best and most successful officers in the Guard in New York and other states, as in the Army and Navy, are and have been Jews. In the re-juvenation of the 8th Regiment, New York city, its Jewish members have been a large contributing factor. There is still room in the regiment for several hundred more recruits, an opportunity that should not escape the attention of the Jewish Federation. As the Army and NAVY JOURNAL has before pointed out, there is no need of another regiment in the New York Guard; rather the present organizations should be recruited to their full strength.

Representative James L. Slayden, of Texas, in a speech in the House on May 17, discussing the Monroe Doctrine and its limitations, came out flatly for the Doctrine and its limitations, came out flatly for the abandonment of that rule of American action. He quoted from the letter of Secretary of State Olney to Minister Bayard, then in London, during the consideration of the Venezuelan boundary question in the administration of Grover Cleveland, to show how far the Doctrine should be applied. "The positive assertion," said Mr. Slayden, "that it did not contemplate any interference in the "that it did "not contemplate any interrelate in the internal affairs of any American state' is particularly pertinent now, when so many thoughtless people are urging interference in the affairs of Mexico and invoking the rule called the Monroe Doctrine as authority for the unwarranted and trouble-breeding course they propose.

After describing the troubles which foreign countries have had in forcing certain southern republics to pay their debts in recent years, Mr. Slayden proceeded: "The rule laid down by Mr. Monroe served a good purpose

one time, but the necessity for it passed long ago when announced it was a means of defense for a weak country. Once an asset of value, it is now an obligation. In the popular view it has the effect of making us politically responsible where no compensating advantage is to be found. Personally I can see no harm to come from its frank abandonment, at least so far as it is supposed to interdict colonization. One cannot be proud of those timid Americans who tremble with fright because a few score thousands of Germans, men of our own race and blood, have settled in Brazil. * * * Primarily our duty to other American states is to let them alone, to give them that opportunity to develop along those lines that seem best to them selves, only along those lines that seem best to themselves, only holding them to a strict respect for the obligations of international law, an obligation, by the way, that is mutual. * * * One of the best ways in the world of maintaining peace is to have a good code of neutrality and to enforce it. Ours, I am sorry to say, has been shown to be shamefully inadequate." Mr. Slayden proposed his substitute for the Monroe Doctrine, which is that "the various American governments shall mutually agree that hereafter no territory will be transferred from one to the other as a consequence of war. It proposes a treaty that will simply say that the American govern-ments in the future shall not steal territory from each other."

In a speech endeavoring to show that war between this country and Japan was impossible Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, of France, said: "Let us suppose that in due time Japan attacks the United States themselves. In spite of the efforts and resources of her diplomacy, no matter what may be the situation in Europe, she will in so doing threaten England, the British Empire. No secret treaty, no mysterious clause has weight against a brutal fact such as this against such a march of events. To-day the treaty does not exist which would hold two governments against the will of the peoples whom they represent." This is undoubtedly the fact; but how, then, is war to be prevented by the new device of the arbitration treaties which it is proposed to substitute for military preparation? Ex-President Roosevelt hit the nail squarely on the head when, in his address at the tomb of General Grant on Decoration Day, he said: "I will stand for doing what is right by foreign nations, but I will always protest against agreements of arbitration which I know the people wouldn't keep when the test came. You know the people wouldn't arbitrate the Monroe Doctrine nor the question of unlimited Asiatic immigration. Let us not pledge ourselves to anything which we do not intend to make good. There are some countries with which we can have an agreement, because we have tested their friendship, but we should only enter into agreements in which international slapping in the face is not included." There can be no objection to arbitration so far as it can be used legitimately and effectively, but this prattle of the innocents about arbitration putting an end to war is very tiresome to everyone who has made a study of history. As it now appears, even the famous French champion of peace does not believe it.

The indiscriminate application of the generic term Dreadnought to all recent battleships carrying more than four heavy guns has largely obscured the steady but quiet growth in size of ships of that type. Late British ships furnish an instance in point. In normal displaceat the four contingent ships of the Monarch class are just twenty-five per cent. greater than the famous Dreadnought herself, and in a similar manner they represent the same advance in size as the Dreadnought did over the 'same advance in size as the Dreadnought did over the Exmouth class. The same may be said of the German battleships, which are now rapidly approaching twice the displacement of the Braunschweig and Deutschland classes of five years ago. Study of the Wyoming, of the U.S. Navy, and the Moreno and Rivadavia, ordered for the Argentine Republic, inclines one to the belief that the term Dreadnought has run its course, for these vessels are of 26,000 and 28,000 tons, respectively. The original Dreadnought ironclad, built at Pembroke in 1875, was under 11,000 tons, and only 320 feet long, and for more than fifteen years, or until the Royal Sovereign class were built, this displacement was not exceeded by more than 1,000 tons. Now progress is more rapid, and though the Dreadnought did not join the fleet till 1907 ss than four years there are several ships practically half again as large.

It is well to bear in mind, in discussing limitation in size of warships, that the expansion in dimensions of ocean passenger liners is not a safe criterion by which to judge the value of enormous battleships. It is all very well to talk about thousand-foot merchant steamships that ply between the ports of England and the United States, but these ships have a straight blue-water voyage from one large port to another, where the channels afford sufficient accommodation for such ships. In fact, it may truthfully be said that such vessels are In fact, it may truthfully be said that such vessels are built to fit the ports they are designed to enter. Viewed in the light of harbors, the size of battleships takes on a different aspect. Men-of-war are expected to go to all parts of the world, often in poorly surveyed or non-surveyed waters, and enter narrow channels and maneuver in cramped harbors, without the aid of tugs, such as berth liners at Liverpool and New York, or assist them to turn in pointing prows seaward when

starting a voyage. The advisability of taking such dangers into consideration in increasing the size of battle-ships is especially important in the British navy, the London United Service Gazette believes, if the policy of seeking out the enemy on his own coasts and bringing him to battle, which has been the traditional policy of the navy of England, is to be followed in future wars, Such a determination would compel these great super-Dreadnoughts to maneuver in dangerous waters. To talk about the length of the purse being the sole reason for about the length of the purse being the sole reason for limiting the length of ships is to ignore the perils of navigation. The Hon. Sir Edmund Freemantle, that gallant old admiral of the Royal Navy, would submit the question of larger battleships to the test of an officer's capability of command. It is this, he believes, that will billium the force in the checking of increased towards. ultimately figure in the checking of increased tonnage beyond a certain point. At a recent meeting of the members of the Institution of Naval Architects in London, Sir Edmund, who is a brilliant controversialist, said that there is a limit to the size of a ship that any one man can efficiently and effectively command. He placed this limit at about 40,000 tons; so it will be observed that the advocates of large dimensions have still a long way to go, as Great Britain has not yet reached 30,000 tons in either battleship or battleship reacted 30,000 tons in either battlesnip or battlesnip-cruiser dimensions. As a matter of fact, her navy is still below 27,000 tons in the case of the Lion, the largest ship at present on the stocks. Other nations, however, are beyond the 30,000 limit, and this virtually means that England is there, too, since the "mistress of the seas" cannot lag behind in naval armament. of the seas" cannot lag behind in naval armament.

Arnold Hills, chairman of the Thames Ironworks, denounced the "marine monstrosities" in the shape of improved Dreadnoughts. He condemned the name ship of this series as the worst battleship ever designed by an ill regulated mind, and generally expressed the opinions se who advocate a return to medium tonnage in capital ships.

An officer of long experience in the Army writes to us saying: "Why did none but boys enter as privates in the Union Army during the Civil War? And why now do we have none but boys in that grade? Most men do we have none but boys in that grade? Most men have the military enthusiasm but once in their lives, and usually when they were young. This would indicate that there is little use in enlisting men for a year or two with reference to their coming back later on or placing them in the reserves. Conscription enforced in any country will effect this, but, as Upton has said, is not dependable. Possibly a three or five years' term may catch the crowd who are in to stay and to make it ten and twenty, but not the one or two year project. Most of the young men who are now in the grade of private have had all out of it they wanted. There have been influences at work to bring in quite a crowd from the farms—wholesome and laudable influences—but those well set up young fellows will go out and not re-enlist ever to come back as mere privates. If they ever appear in the Army for war it will be as officers of Volunteers Volunteer officers of conscript regiments or money raised regiments. Men of business with families don't give up a permanent position for \$13 or \$15 a month. Not much patriotism—yes, for certain home defensive service, but not for foreign service."

The Chicago School Board are endeavoring to raise \$3,500 to offer as a prize for a national anthem by secring contributions of one cent each from 300,000 school children. The only restriction to be made by the school children. The only restriction to be made by the beard is that the song shall not be a war song. Of this the Chicago Inter-Ocean says: "Nations are not made and saved by painters and orstors and sanitarians, but by resolute men. Nations are not made and saved by philan-thropic impulses or by resolutions that something is wrong and should be made right, but with blood and iron—with shot and steel wielded by men willing to die that their country may live—by men whose only regret in so dying is Nathan Hale's that they have but one life to give Of all the evil influences that afflict this nation to-day we verily believe that the most evil is that of she-men and he-women who are teaching our children that there isn't anything in their country worth fighting for and that everything worth living for can be purchased with money. These are the Republic's real foes, for they teach children, who are the country's hope, that the

In an article in the North American Review for June In an article in the North American Review for June on "Relation of Treaties and Armaments" Major Gen. W. H. Carter, U.S.A., says: "In all civilized countries questions affecting the honor and prestige of nations involve the war powers. A declaration of war is purely a political function, residing in monarchs and parliaments, or, as in America, constitutionally committed to the discretion of Congress. The functions of military and naval men in peace are confined to preparation and naval men in peace are confined to preparation within the limits of appropriations, and to giving professional advice when required. That there is a real peril to the world's peace in existing treaties and policies is the widespread opinion of military students. The way to reduce the frequency of wars lies not so much in peace conferences and arbitration of minor commercial disputes arising over inequalities of the tariff, as in upbuilding a sentiment which shall insist upon fair and just treaties and forbid the existence of secret compacts or complaisant understandings of ministers and rulers."

That poets are born, not made, we have known for some time, but we were not sure about Army quartermasters till we read in the Military Digest of the Philippines the description of the beauties of Camp John Hay, the recuperation camp in the mountains of Benguet, Island of Luzon. There we are told that Capt. Milosh R. Hilgard, 21st U.S. Inf., commanding officer of the post, is a "natural quartermaster." To him, it is said, is due practically all the credit for what has been accomplished in making a beautiful Army post where but a few years ago were only pine-clad hills. Captain Hilgard has been in command at Camp Hay since the land was first set aside as a military reservation. This Army health resort is situated about 500 feet above the sea, and to it every year come hundreds of officers and men. "The benefits derived from a few weeks' stay at the camp are fully as great as those obtained by a visit to the United States." Instead of a thirty-day journey oversea, the trip to the camp is easily made in one day from Manila, by railroad to Camp One and thence over some of the finest mountain roads in the world by automobile to Camp Hay itself. At the camp tents are usually provided for the casual visitors, the regular quarters being occupied by the officers and men on permanent duty at the post. There may be in the future additional barracks and quarters constructed for the accommodation of all the Army people who come for a few weeks' visit. Those who have made the trip will doubtless approve this description: "Words cannot express the delights of the wonderful trip up the Benguet road by automobile. With great mountain peaks towering thousands of feet above and cañons dropping hundreds of feet below, one almost imagines himself suddenly transported to the Rocky Mountains or the Alps. One may gaze at the camp for a distance of fitty miles, over lofty mountain peaks. It is only at Camp John Hay that the pedestrian can walk with any degree of comfort. The red clay that sticks and clings has been eliminated, and hard

No bow gun of a war vessel ever fired a better shot, perhaps, than that of the U.S.S. Wyoming in the memorable battle of the Straits of Shimonoseki, Japan, on July 16, 1863. The Wyoming was only a sloop of war, but she did fighting that would have done honor to the heaviest ship of the line. Under command of Commander McDougal, U.S.N., the Wyoming was in Hong Kong looking for a Confederate privateer, when the U.S. Minister in Yokohama asked the ship to come to that port, as the Japanese were beginning to give trouble to foreigners. On June 25 the U.S. merchant vessel Pembroke had been fired on by the land batteries and the armed brig Kosei as she entered the straits on her way to Nagasaki and China. The Wyoming was of 700 tons burthen, carried four 32-pounder side guns and two 11-inch Dahlgren pivot guns. Her crew numbered 160 officers and men. After disabling the Kosei under a heavy fire of the forts the Wyoming went aground and seemed to be helpless, but McDougal worked her free by means of her powerful propeller. The Japanese steamer Koshin had slipped her cables, evidently intending to ram and board the American vessel. The latter made straight for the Koshin as soon as free, but the bow chaser was the only gun of importance, as the broadsiders could not be brought into play at that juncture. The bow gun did its work well, for the second shot passed clear through the Koshin. It pierced her side just above the water line, smashed the boiler, came out on the other side and exploded in the town half a mile away. In a few minutes the steamer had sunk. During this engagement the Wyoming was under fire from three ships and at one time or another of eight batteries and either one or two gun redoubts. Before she finished she had sunk two of the ships, made a lame duck of the third, she went aground and worked off without aid and disabled at least one of the batteries and silenced several of the others. She carried only six guns herself, but had opposed to her not fewer than ninety-two guns, some of which were of he

Speaking of the grand opening of the Army and Navy Club at Manila, P.I., on April 19, 1911, the Cable-News American of April 23 says: "The opening of the new Army and Navy Club house on Wednesday night gave a brilliant touch to a busy social week. Before the reception and dance there was a dinner given to the guest of honor, Gen. Franklin J. Bell, by Colonel Lauchheimer, president of the club, and the board of governors. Covers were laid for fourteen at a large round table. Everything combined to make the occasion one long to be remembered. Even nature's frowns (and she did frown) were a blessing, for most grateful cooling breezes swept through the unrestraining entrances of the majestic building, giving everyone a double sense of enjoyment and content. The dance was strikingly beautiful, made particularly so by the uniforms and evening dress of the men and the exquisite gowns of the ladies, seen to such unusual advantage as the spacious rooms afford. While many familiar faces were missing, one had hardly imagined so many were left with us to grace the scene. Exquisite and up-to-date gowns were much in evidence—lacking somewhat in material, to agree with the fashion of the hour, but making up in artistic beauty. Ouite a number of the ladies wore bands of gold across their hair, recalling pictures of Grecian styles. Notice-

able was a lovely gown of black encrusted with Bethlehem pearls; a beautiful white one fell in Grecian folds from the shoulders; still another, rather startling, and yet extremely attractive, had a wide band of Turkish colored satin binding in below the knees, with soft light pink satin above, and the Turkish effect built into the bodice. There were officers and civilians, Spanish, English and Americans, meeting in the happiest social intercourse. Delicious refreshments were served all through the evening. The guests lingered until an early morning hour, as though loath to leave the charm of the place."

George L. Cain, president of the National League of Government Employees, and Edward H. Fitzgerald, a machinist from the Watertown Arsenal, protested against the establishment of the Taylor system of efficiency and labor saving devices in government shops at a well attended meeting of the Armory Employees' Association of Springfield, Mass. Mr. Fitzgerald, as reported in the Springfield Republican, was sharp in his criticism of the book in which the system is elaborated, especially objecting to its considering workingmen below the level of the machines, comparing the laborers with plodding oxen, and stating that certain work could be accomplished by trained gorillas as well as it could by men. He stated that a man with a stop-watch is at present in the Watertown Arsenal, where he is engaged in timing every insignificant move of the men, with a view to establishing a speed maximum at which to keep the whole shop moving. The system is a sweating process, he stated, and government employees should oppose it in every way possible. As an evidence that the system at the Watertown Arsenal has not shown a saving, the speaker said that the overhead cost there had been seventy-five cents a man in 1907, and in 1908, when many improvements lad been brought about and the men had been given Saturday afternoons off, the charges had advanced to only eighty-five cents overhead charges. Now, with the Taylor system, the overhead charges are \$1.30 a man.

In an article in the June number of the North American Review Admiral Melville says: "The more study and reflection I give to this question, the more convinced I am that the destruction of the Maine was due to an internal explosion. In giving this opinion there is no desire nor intention to reflect either upon the discipline or morale of the ship, nor upon the sincerity of the views of the court of inquiry. It is certain that in view of the peculiar condition under which the Maine entered the harbor of Havana extra precautions were taken by her commander and that extreme vigilance was exercised by her crew. The court of inquiry pursued its investigation with a full knowledge of the great importance and terrible responsibility that rested upon the individual members. Additional light, however, has been thrown upon the question during the past years, so that one is justified in now differing with the members of the court as to the cause of the accident. Extended investigations show that there have been explosions of magazines and coal bunkers which have been inexplicable, and which took place under circumstances that seemed impossible to account for. Such is probably the case with the Maine. A point that will always militate against the submarine mine theory is that no considerable body of water was thrown up by the explosion. It was no moderate charge of explosive which destroyed the battle-ship, and any excessive amount exploded in a harbor whose depth did not exceed thirty feet could not have failed to have sent forth great volumes of water."

If Ernest Thompson-Seton wishes to obtain expert assistance in developing a sign language for the Boy Scouts which will be of universal utility we would recommend that he make use of the wide knowledge of sign speech which is possessed by Lieut. Col. Hugh L. Scott, U.S.A., till recently Superintendent of the Military Academy. There is no person in the United States more skilful in the use of signals for speech than he. It is said that if he were dropped from a balloon in the wilds of Northern British America he would soon be perfectly at home among tribes of savages he might never even have heard of. Indeed, some of those who have had a practical demonstration of his ability to talk with gestures say they doubt whether there is any tribe of human beings on the globe with whom Colonel Scott would not be on terms of colloquial intimacy ten minutes after he had met them. If Colonel Scott should set his mind to it, he might work out a military sign language for civilized peoples to an extent that might make it unnecessary for officers of a country to learn different spoken languages. This sign speech movement of Mr. Thompson-Seton ought to be popular out in Kansas, where the members of the state Legislature have risen in revolt against the use of French words on bills of fare.

In an article by Alfred Hopkins in The Outlook for May 27, illustrated by seven examples of the best American architecture, the military chapel at West Point is included. Of it we are told: "Ideal in treatment and location, it shows in an unmistakable manner the ability of the American architect to grasp completely all phases of his problem." The subject of the article is "The American Renaissance." In his conclusion Mr. Hopkins says: "As soon as the comprehension of artistic balance, proportion and architectural dignity shall come as understandingly and as well within our scope as have come all the other conditions which require and which have received broad and comprehensive treatment, then there will arise an architecture as distinctively American and as indigenous to the soil as that of any other land whose architects have left to it the glory of inspired building. Whether it equal or surpass 'a grandeur that is Greece and a glory that is Rome,' it will be a crowning achievement of the civilization which has come to pass in a Western world but barely discovered when Palladio was at work on his basilica, and Raphael and Michelangelo were creating those works which have become that world's joy and inspiration."

An idea of the relative size of our Army is afforded by a European estimate of recent mobilization. Giving the generous total of twenty thousand to the men under General Carter, the London United Service Gazette says: "In this country we have learned to look on the mobilization of 20,000 men as a very simple affair. We aim at mobilizing a number represented by adding a cipher to the figures quoted above, and, what is more, we are arranging for sending them overseas with all their war outfit complete in precisely the same time that America took to assemble their men at a land rendezvous."

Dr. Victor G. Heiser, director of the Department of Health in the Philippines, arrived in New York on May 23 from Europe. For the first time in 100 years, he said, the birth rate is going ahead of the death rate. Beriberi and the yaws were the chief causes of native depopulation. Beriberi has been conquered through a remedy that was the joint discovery of Dr. Fraser, of the Straits Settlements, and Dr. Varon, in the Philippines. The yaws is being eliminated by the application of the German remedy "606." In New Guinea, where Heiser has been studying health conditions, he found that the native population was still dwindling. Smallpox and cholera no longer cause the old-time fear among the natives. The respect for sanitary laws, which was first enforced by the U.S. Army medical officers, is being extended by the persistent efforts of the sanitary department. The persistent example in the virtues of cleanliness, etc., as presented to the native population by the healthy American soldier, the Philippine Scouts and the Constabulary, has been a great force in the sanitary education of the islanders.

A lieutenant of the 2d U.S. Cavalry, writing us from Yokohama, Japan, says: "It would take only a few days of travel in Japan to open the eyes of even a layman to the fact that Japan is an empire prepared in a military way for any danger that may come. Every schoolboy in the land is being trained as a soldier, and everywhere you see them, equipped with blanket rolls, making long pilgrimages through the country. There is a lesson in all this for our own country, to teach it to stop trusting to Providence and to realize that war is a science that does not come by intuition and cannot be acquired in a month. Added to their love of thoroughness and their desire to attend to every detail is the Japanese bravery, which approaches religious fanaticism, as their Emperor is their god and to do his will is their ruling passion."

Writing on the subject of the absurd claims of Japanese superiority in medical and sanitary matters during the war with Russia, a naval correspondent says: "The JOURNAL published last winter (Jan. 28, 1911, page 632) the substance of a paper by one of the medical officers of the U.S. Army showing that the deaths from disease in the Japanese army during that war were as many (if not more) per thousand per annum as had occurred in other recent wars, including our Spanish War, the Boer war and perhaps the Civil War. I was very much impressed by the article, and made frequent use of it in refuting the extravagant claims made for the Japanese by many persons I met during a recent visit to Europe. I have used it effectively in convincing one of my friends, usually a very well informed person, that the Japs are not so nearly demigods as he thinks they are."

At the annual meeting of the National Manufacturers' Association in New York the following resolution was recommended for passage by the Committee on Merchant Marine: "Resolved, That the association recommends to Congress the passage of a bill like that under consideration in the last Congress, and advocated by President Taft, providing for sufficient postal compensation to establish a swift and regular service in American steamships to the principal countries of South America and to the ports of Australasia, Japan, China and the Philippines." In support of its resolution the committee said: "What an anomalous position the United States Government occupies! We are building the Panama Canal, that will cost from \$300,000,000 to \$500,000,000, without a ship to go through it. The Government maintains a fighting navy at a cost of \$130,000,000 a year and no transports in case of war."

It is not likely that so striking a coincidence will attend the naming of future vessels of our Navy as that which marked the building of the Alabama, which was named by Secretary of the Navy Herbert at the Cramps' yard. The famous Confederate commerce destroyer Alabama was known at the shipbuilding yard of the Lairds, where she was built, as "the 290." because she was the two hundred and ninetieth vessel the firm had constructed. When Mr. Herbert named a battleship after his native state, Alabama, she was recorded in the book of the Cramps as No. 290, being the two hundred and ninetieth ship built by them. This coincidence was unknown to Secretary Herbert. Whether this was an omen of good or bad luck can be left for the superstitious to decide.

Governor General W. Cameron Forbes, of the Philippines, reports that the revenues have increased 2,000,000 pesos this year over last, and that last year they increased 2,000,000 over the year before, making an increase in revenues of 4,000,000 pesos in two years, or since the passage of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff law. This shows, writes the Governor, that "our precautions for reduced revenues were more in the nature of preparing for contingencies than against eventualities." The Governor says the island government is doing about 5,000,000 pesos a year public works out of current revenues.

A Galveston, Texas, correspondent says: "I met a traveling salesman from Mexico who represents a British firm, and who has traveled this last two years all over Mexico. He informed me that we have got to see the worst in Mexico yet, for as soon as Diaz retires there will be nothing but murder and plunder and counter revolutions. Also that Americans are leaving because they expect something like this. If you refer to my back letters you will find I have always told the truth. And I am afraid that we shall be caught napping, and it behooves Congress to make appropriations to equip our Army."

WOMEN FOR CANTEEN RESTORATION.

We called attention some months ago to the fact that a body of ladies interested in the Army and familiar with the conditions of Service life has been actively engaged for some time in securing signatures to a petition asking for a repeal of the provision of law prohibiting the sale of beer and light wines at the Army post exchanges. or neer and light wines at the Army post exchanges. They are receiving great encouragement in their work from some of the ladies of the W.C.T.U., whose family associations with the Army have convinced them that the present prohibition upon the canteen is defeating the very purpose for which the W.C.T.U. is organized. One of the W.C.T.U. ladies to whom we refer writes as follows on this subject.

"My sister's son is one of a half a dozen midshipmen

of the W.C.T.U. ladies to whom we refer writes as follows on this subject:

"My sister's son is one of a half a dozen midshipmen from this vicinity at the Naval Academy, and the mothers all know each other—several were old friends in schooldays—so they were most willing to sign the petition. But, apart from that, they seemed to feel just as I do, that we ought to extend our sympathies beyond the limit of our own families and try to remember that boys who may have had fewer friends or less care in their growing years are those for whose welfare we should care most, as I believe that the great majority of recruits to both the Army and Navy are young men of excellent intentions, to whom the experience would be of great value, as developing the right characteristics of a man, if they do not fall under demoralizing influences.

"My son has not been injured in any way, but has developed remarkably in his year of service. It was a great struggle to me to see a boy of twenty go into what was an unknown world to me.

"One of the ladies I met, who was most sympathetic, has a son who is a graduate of Missouri State University, and went into the Army by a civilian appointment. Her son's present nearest friend is also an M.S.U. graduate, who went into the ranks and served two years for his commission. Also one of the signers is an old schoolmate, who has been a widow for many years and supported herself and her children. Her son enlisted in the Navy, and is now a petty officer. He likes the life, but she had learned from him of the trouble with low resorts. She said that the street for a block or two leading to the Brooklyn Navy Yard was lined with nothing but these evil places; that some girl cousins went down to have him show them the navy yard, and he was afraid that they might get to the entrance of this street before he did, and, not knowing its character, walk down alone. It worried him very much. "Mrs.——, whose son is the M.S.U. graduate, told me that she had just had a letter from her son. He is a second lieutenant,

to everything connected with the coroner, etc., the interment, and to read the burial service. He wrote that the man was one of the finest they had. All this shows how important it is to try to overcome these evil influences.

"The W.C.T.U, women here are much in earnest and anxious to work for the public good as people could possibly be, but it is not hard to see how they might be greatly misinformed. We are adherents of the principle of total abstinence; we are convinced that the human family would be better off if intoxicating liquors were wiped out of existence. We believe that it may justly be demanded in the interest of the general good that the liquor traffic be put under the ban of law, even as sanitary measures may and must be enacted for the general welfare, though they may seem to work unjustly in individual cases. Our organization is pledged to these purposes. Now, the question is: In what way can we less advance our purpose? We cannot force total abstinence on anyone; we can only use every legitimate method of showing that it is a good thing. When we come to the prohibition of the liquor traffic we must deal with facts as they are, and advance from them to facts as we hope to have them become.

"The Army organization is not within the realm of politics. Its control is that of the Federal Government, and its design to protect and defend all American citizens mad possessions. Army posts are located in the Philippines and Hawaii, as well as in the states and territories of the United States.

"It must be taken into consideration that many states have not enacted prohibitory laws, that the question of nation wide prohibition is as yet only a future vision, that in the Philippines and Hawaii our soldiers are brought into close association with people of a different acc, different standards and ideas; that they are, in relative numbers, only a handful. A large majority of them are young unmarried men. Men of the white race mingling with both sexes of any inferior race are exposed to temptations of a kind

ing to the lukewarm variety. It is to be hoped that leaders of the organization will see the subject in its light, for if they do they will agree with the Army

belong to the lukewarm variety. It is to be hoped that the leaders of the organization will see the subject in its true light, for if they do they will agree with the Army view.

"It is suggested that we try to interest the D.A.R. or other historic, patriotic women's societies. One thing needed, I have been told more than once, is to have all this subject gotten up in pamphlet form, including the account of the Swedish system (to which the Army And Navy Journal of the 29th referred), and put it into the hands of Congressmen and of interested people. I notice that Colonel Blount's article has been made a Congressional document, and am glad to know it; yet I think the other pamphlet would be very useful.

"I have a friend here, a German lady, whose husband was a private in the Civil War and a G.A.R. man. He died recently. She would willingly sign the petition, and I think such signatures are included in its purpose. I most devoutly hope that we shall be successful in finding ways to surround the enlisted men with influences that come from good women instead, of bad ones; and that the time will speedily come when every young soldier can wear his uniform with all the joy and pride of a boy's natural patriotic enthusiasm, and know that we do, as a nation, care for our flag and our country, and respect the authorized representatives of the authority of the United States. It shocks me inexpressibly when I read such an account as the Army And Navy Journal suicide before any young man, and certainly not before the one who wears the insignia of government service. Why is a policeman or postman more to be respected than a soldier?"

REMINISCENCES OF THE GENEVA TRIBUNAL

We would advise all persons who may have been captivated by the rhetoric of Charles Sumner's address on "The True Grandeur of Nations," in which he depicted in extravagant language both the blessings of peace and the misery of war, to read the analysis of Mr. Sumner in Frank Warren Hackett's "Reminiscences of the Geneva Tribunal." Mr. Hackett was the secretary to Caleb Cushing, the senior American counsel at the tribunal, and his knowledge of the American case is not to be lightly challenged. Mr. Hackett gives proof of what has been stated here, that while Mr. Sumner, with the eloquence of the enthusiastic visionary, could enthrall an audience with his eloquent denunciation of war, as a man of affairs he came perilously near involving the United States in a war with Great Britain over the Alabama claims." Says the book, "though a profound state. States in a war with Great Britain over the Alabama claims he had approached as he did most other subjects, from the standpoint of the student, and not from that of the man of affairs." Early in 1869 a treaty looking to the adjustment of the claims had been negotiated with England. When it came before the United States Senate Mr. Sumner, then chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, made a surprisingly savage attack upon it. No militarist born of the riotous 1911 imagination of the New York Evening Post, and busy stirring up strife between the United States and Japan, ever went more directly at the task of kindling the passions of war than did Sumner.

"Novither the President nor the Secretary of State." "Says Mr. Hackett." knew that such a speech was to be most of the proper of

own autobiography, however, he rather naïvely admits that he was dissuaded from doing this by the objections of his colleagues. Mr. Hackett, analyzing his recantation, or explanation—that of 1896—holds him to the record. However, against this sympathy with the South in high places, the North could set the cheering words it received from Bright, Forster, Cobden, John Stuart Mill and other generous-minded public men.

This volume, coming out at a time when there is so much talk about arbitration as the establisher of universal peace, will have more than passing interest as an additional record of a notable historical event that has been much written about. The Houghton Miffin Company, Boston and New York, are the publishers. A copious index adds to the value of this readable book.

SOME ARMY HORSES.

If corresponding rank had been conferred upon some of the horses ridden by general officers in the Civil War and in the various Indian campaigns of the past fifty years there would have been stories of many equine

General Grant was a fine horseman and a great hors Cincinnati, Egypt and Jeff Davis were three of the horses ridden by him and familiar to thousands of men in the Army of the Potomac. The two first named were large animals of about sixteen hands two inches in height, and both were dark bays. Jeff Davis was a black pony, fourteen hands two inches high, and was a very serviceable animal.

Gen. George G. Meade rode a dark brown horse, an

if he rode those of any other color memory fails to note it.

Gen. P. H. Sheridan had two well remembered horses,
Rienzi and Breckinridge, the first named a black, the

Riemzi and Breckinridge, the first named a black, the last a large gray pacer, named after General Rreckinridge. This horse was captured from one of his staff officers. Riemzi, afterward named Winchester, was a black gelding, sixteen hands high, of Morgan stock. He is thus described by General Sheridan in his memoirs: "Capt. Archibald P. Campbell, 2d Michigan Cav., presented me with the black horse called Riemzi, since made historical from having been ridden by me in many battles, conspicuously in the ride from Winchester to Cedar Creek, which has been celebrated in the poem by T. Buchnana Read. This horse was about three years old. With the exception of three white feet, he was jet black, sixteen hands high, strongly built and of great endurance. He was so active that he could cover with ease five miles an hour at his natural walking gait. He died in 1878.

Solders of the Army of the Potomac, as well as of the most of the result of the result of the service of the service of the ride of the result of the res

nt the fatal ball into the very brain of the noble animal

sent the fatal ball into the very brain of the noble animal I rode. Running at full speed, he fell dead in the course of his leap."

During the early spring of 1865 some of the officers of the Army of the Potomac got up some races. A track was improvised in rear of the 2d Corps lines, in front of Petersburg. All officers entered were to ride their own horses. St. Patrick's Day was the time fixed for the races. An officer reputed to be very rich entered a mare called Alice Gray. She was a trained hurdle racer, a thoroughbred of considerable repute, and was brought from New York to the Army and kept in a wall tent for some time previous to the races by the Light Battery commander, who entered her. Very few knew of the importation, and her presence was a secret. Most of the Army horses were fairly good jumpers, but Alice Gray outstripped them all in the hurdle race. On this occasion one officer was killed. Artillery officers ride with open stirrups, while Cavalry stirrups are hooded. In leaping a hurdle the lieutenant was thrown, and his foot being caught in the stirrup he was dragged and killed. The mention of another charger will call to the minds of many the heroic battalion of the 7th U.S. Cavalry, all the members of which died like soldiers on the Little Big Horn, June 25, 1876, at the Custer massacre. This was Comanche, Byt. Col. Miles W. Keogh's horse, rescued after the battle with no less than seven bullet wounds corresponded with the numerical designation of the regiment. His master, who was the captain of Troop I, was found dead, having been killed in the fight, and his body was lying near that of the sorely wounded animal.

Macauley's words in the "Battle of Regulus" are brought to mind in the contemplation of this event:

Macauley's words in the "Battle of Regulus" are brought to mind in the contemplation of this event:

"But like a graven image,
Black Auster kept his place
And ever wistfully he looked
Into his master's face."

Comanche was the sole survivor of that gallant band. Desperately wounded as he was, he eventually recovered. The following regimental orders show how he was treated to the end of his life:

The following regimental orders show how he was treated to the end of his life:

G.O. 7, HQRS., 7th U.S. CAVALRY.
Fort Lincoln, Dakota, April 10, 1879.

1. The horse known as "Comanche," being the only survivor, or living representative of the bloody tragedy on the Little Big Horn, June 25, 1876, his kind treatment and comfort should be a matter of pride and solicitation on the part of every member of the 7th Cavalry to the end that his life may be prolonged to the utmost limit. Wounded and scarred sa he is, his erry existence speaks in terms more eloquent than words of the desperate struggle against overwhelming numbers of the hopeless conflict, and of the heroic manner in the common standard of the structure of the process of the hopeless conflict, and of the heroic manner in the common standard of the structure of the process of the hopeless conflict, and of the will not be ridden by any person whatever, under any circumstances, nor will be be put to any kind of work.

3. Hereafter, on all occasions of ceremony (as mounted regimental formation) Comanche, saddled, bridled, draped in mourning and led by a mounted trooper of Company I, will be paraded with the regiment.

By command of Brevet Major Gen. S. D. Sturgis:

ERNEST A. GARLINGTON, 1st Lieut. and Adjt., 7th Cav.

From time immemorial the war horse has been the theme of praise in poetry and prose. In the book of Job he is lauded by a sacred writer of more than three thousand years ago. Shakespeare, Macauley and numerous other ancient and modern writers praise his noble qualities. Surely he has well performed his part in the history of the world.

ESPERANTO IN WAR.

Lieut. Herbert W. Yemans, M.R.C., whose home station is Fort Wayne, Detroit, Mich., takes an active interest in Esperanto, and is vice president of the Esperanto Association of North America. The March issue peranto Association of North America. The March issue of the monthly leaflet published by the association, the Esperanto Herald, is devoted to "Esperanto in War." It is not surprising, it says, that Esperanto, first proposed as a language for all nations to use for international relations, in order to make possible a better international comprehension, and so decrease the possibility of unnecessary war, should be seriously considered as a help to the work of the armies of the world on the field of battle. The world's present attitude regarding war is vastly improved. Rules of humanity are observed. as a help to the work of the armies of the world on the field of battle. The world's present attitude regarding war is vastly improved. Rules of humanity are observed. After the heat of the battle is over the army surgeons and the Red Cross from both nationalities help without discrimination the injured of both armies. But one side may not understand the language of the other. The man about to die is unable to give intelligibly to the men of the strange nation his name, regiment or any similar information. Many men are buried without identification, and at home they are reported as "missing." If, says the Esperanto Herald, even on the eve of war the armies of the world were given a little handbook of Esperanto no such difficulty would arise. Enough for practical use could be learned during the few weeks of preparation and mobilization. Valuable use of the language can be made by the surgeon and nurse. The Red Cross workers of Europe have prepared a small pamphlet that contains phrases for such possible use, so small that fifty can easily be carried in the doctor's vest pockets. With such a pamphlet, in the language of the enemy and in Esperanto, the surgeon may secure information as to the condition or wishes of the wounded man. The difficulty of intercomprehension was illustrated during the expedition to Pekin at the time of the Boxer troubles. Troops from the several nations marched side by side with a common purpose, but without the ability of communicating with each other except under the greatest difficulties. United action was well nigh impossible. The common knowledge of an easily learned international language would have been of great sort may never again be in existence, but the advantage of having, in common with the officers of any possible allied or opposing army, a language with which both sides will be familiar must be apparent to every officer of the Army or Navy, says the Herald. In France and Spain the study of Esperanto has been made part of the curricula of military schools. Many individual o

ciation of North America is John Barrett, director

ciation of North America is John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American Union. The secretary is E. C. Reed.

The old proverb, that of the making of books there is no end, may have to be amplified soon to read, "of the making of universal languages there is no end." Here we find a monthly periodical, The International Language, whose chief object is to hold up the defects of Esperanto and glorify the beauties of the Ido system, which claims to be a simplified Esperanto. One claim of the Idoists seems to be well founded. They say that the supersigns of Esperanto will always be distasteful to the English-speaking people, whose language is virtually free from such marks, with a few exceptions, says the Ido organ, like aërial; but the tendency now is to climinate the dieresis, the Standard Dictionary not using that mark at all. One great advantage which Ido has over Esperanto, according to its supporters, is that it can be printed anywhere, on account of the absence of supersigns. English people feel more acutely the strangeness of Esperanto because of the freedom of their own language from such signs. The two principal claims for the system of superiority of Ido over Esperanto is that it does away with all accented letters and suppresses the unnecessary inflectional endings of nouns for the accusative cases, both contrary to the structure of the English language, which has proved such endings useless. The great advance of Ido lies in its elimination of indicated accents. It would seem that Ido could be made still simpler if the sound of "i" represented the double "e" of English, as in sheep, instead of the sound half-way between sheep and ship.

AS A GERMAN CORRESPONDENT SEES US

(Translation from the Cologne Zeitung of April 27, 1911.) In Texas it rains every seven years, but then it rains nightily. The Washington weather makers did not know this, or else they were using a false calendar. If they did not know they should have allowed the soldiers ordered to the grand maneuvers time to become webfooted before starting for San Antonio, for it has rained as never and nowhere before. As Goethe says:

From the heavens it's falling To the heavens it rises, Back to earth again returning, Eternally changing.

As soon, however, as the lakes become dry land, after the heaviest showers, the work of drilling recruits goes merrily on, as well as the usual drills of the seasoned soldiers. On all sides one hears the clang of the saber and the click of the guns, and sees the men performing their various evolutions during six and eight hours per

soldiers. On all sides one hears the clang of the seasoned soldiers. On all sides one hears the clang of the saber and the click of the guns, and sees the men performing their various evolutions during six and eight hours per day.

This afternoon, fair weather favoring us, Colonel Parker paraded his regiment, the 11th U.S. Cavalry, and gave thereby a particularly remarkable exhibition of rapid training, for of the thousand men who passed splendidly mounted, first at a walk and then at a trot, one-half were recruits, and had only been riding three weeks, and of the thousand horses 450 had been lassoed on the plains only four weeks before. However, in spite of this incredibly short training, riders and horses alike went through the drill in an amazingly fine manner. One Kentucky horse alone threw his rider, and, strange to say, he was a veteran. The wonderful result was, in a measure, attained by putting the recruits on the old horses and giving the untrained horses to the old soldiers.

Before the first march past the mounted band, twenty-eight strong, played the soldier's hymn, "The Star-Spangled Banner." When I asked the lieutenant whom Colonel Parker had courteously assigned to me as guide why this military air had been chosen as a march rather than "My Country, Tis of Thee," he said that he thought the choice was made on account of the origin of the hymn. It was written by Francis Scott Key, in the year 1814, on the deck of an English man-of-war, during the bullets were flying like rain, its origin made it most appropriate for a battle hymn, apart from its eloquent words and inspiring music.

The regimental commander, Colonel Parker, who, with his staff, received me at his tent after the parade, and endeavored to counteract the bad effects of the hot April sun by means of a refreshing draft of ice water, is by far the most distinguished Cavalry leader in the camp, probably in the whole American Army. His reckless courage shown twenty-five years ago in Indian warfare, and later in 1899 in the Philippine insur

PRAISE FOR OUR ARMY.

Writing of the discipline of the United States Regulars during battle on the Mexican border, N. M. Walker, in the El Paso Herald, said: "Discipline in its highest degree was to be seen at the Santa Fé and Stanton street bridges and along the river bank patrols of the United States troops during the fighting in Juarez. Though under fire practically the entire time, from Monday morning until Wednesday afternoon, there was not a hitch in the working of this smooth machinery of discipline and order. Every man knew his duty, and did it regard-

and order. Every man knew his duty, and did it regardless of the constant dropping of bullets around them, which killed the men they were trying to force back from the danger zone with the butts of their guns.

"From Col. E. Z. Steever and Col. A. C. Sharpe, the ranking officers, down to the most humble recruit, the U.S. troops were on the job every minute, afraid of nothing and performing the most difficult job of the battle, that of making people protect their own lives. Even the company cooks were heroes in their own right, for they continued frying eggs over and bacon crisp while the bullets from the Federal forces were striking in their tent tops and along the beams over their heads.

"Capt. Hilden Olin and his staff of officers were in charge of the policing at the Santa Fé and Stanton street bridges, and performed their arduous duties without friction. As soon as the message was flashed back to allow the wounded of both sides to be brought over Colonel Steever lost no time in communicating it to the officers of the line, and ordered his men to do everything to assist in caring for the wounded of both sides impartially.

"The variety of the heider of the

impartially.
"The wounded were carried to the middle of the bridge

by their companions and there given in charge of the U.S. Army men, who carried them as tenderly as if they had been their own kin to the waiting hospital ambu-

lances.
"It is a lesson in discipline and patriotism to see these men of Uncle Sam's Army perform their duty under fire as if they were out at Fort Bliss on their parade ground or at Fort Meade, in South Dakota. Not a man shirked his duty, not a man flinched under fire, and the arduous and extremely delicate work of maintaining neutrality and protecting American citizens was carried out like the highly trained, intelligent and efficient force that the U.S. Army is."

COMMENTS ON THE MANEUVER CAMP.

From the report of an officer of state troops giving his experiences at the maneuver camp we are permitted to

make the following interesting extracts:

"All quartermasters with whom I talked agreed th the marching shoe had been a failure, but that it is still being issued and will continue to be until the present stock on hand is exhausted. No shoes of the garrison model are being issued. There was a general complaint about the Army marching shoe, and all seemed to think the garrison shoe the better. In a warm climate shoes

"Many company kitchens were supplied with re-frigerators made of issue boxes about three by four feet and two feet deep. These were sunk into the ground until the top was flush. The top was put on hinges, and with the ice inside made a very serviceable ice chest at a nominal cost.

"The 17th Infantry is now supplied with the new

"The 17th Infantry is now supplied with the new equipment for Infantry. There are no poles for the tent, the rifles being used for the purpose. The tent plus are made from aluminum, as are the canteens and many of the articles in the mess kit.

"On May 28 I took my first shot of typhoid serum, from which I experienced no inconvenience, nor from the subsequent doses which were administered to me.

"I watched the method of cooking bread in clay ovens and the way the ovens were made. Two barrels were used, one with both heads out. These were placed end to end and covered with several inches of clay, wet to a consistency that made it pliable. A fire was then built in the barrels that consumed them and at the same time baked the clay. They were allowed to stand for a day or two after being baked to allow any moisture that remained to dry out. The ovens were then heated by fire, the fires withdrawn and the dough placed inside the oven with smoke hole and end closed. The heat from the clay bakes the bread.

"I noted that company musicians always drilled with their companies.
"With Major Rush while he tested a new horse as

"I noted that company musicians always drilled with their companies.
"With Major Bush while he tested a new horse as to the time it took the animal to walk a mile and also to trot the same distance. This method of timing the animal over a known distance is of much service in esti-mating distances afterward, and with good results. The excellent condition of the animals was noticeable. All droppings, bedding and waste hay are raked up each day and burned.

droppings, bedding and waste hay are raked up each day and burned.

"I talked with several officers of the 28th with regard to the changes in the Drill Regulations, and all were confident that they will be found a great improvement over the old. Major Morrison, who was an attaché with the Japanese army in the Russian-Japanese war, claims that our field work in the present regulations is all wrong, and that it would be positively wicked to put troops into action under the present regulations against an enemy armed with modern repeating rifles.

"In the proposed drill regulations the extended order and platoon drill are done entirely by signal. In close order the old movement that was known as 'right forward, forward.' The full step is cut out after the turn, it being taken without command.

"Advancing by rushes it is customary for the men to

ward, fours used.

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"Advancing by rushes it is customary for the men to bunch, and in regaining their intervals they were instructed to roll over on the ground until they had done so, instead of rising. In starting for the rush the men should also not rise until actually ready to start after the command 'Forward,' and then all should jump forward at once and together, but without any preliminary rising, during which period they would be exposing themselves motionless.

ward at once and together, but without any preliminary rising, during which period they would be exposing themselves motionless.

"In passing through woods or other places difficult for a line there is a new movement in platoon column, in which the line turns in toward its center and goes forward in column of twos, extending as skirmishers when the woods or obstruction is passed. A squad column is similarly executed, except that the column is in single file, instead of column of twos.

"The stack and take arms are done with one command and without the numbers or cadence. On right into line at the proper time each corporal commands, 'Squad, right turn.'

"When deployed as skirmishers and it is desired to cross a fire-swept ground a new command sends across first the number one men of the front rank, then the number two men, and so on until all have crossed. The thin lines offer a poor target for shrapnel, and the crossing can be effected in this way with small loss that would in regular formation be probably fatal. In my opinion, requisition for the new drill regulations should be made at once, and, if possible, the changes should be given a practical illustration at our next encampment.

"Reinforcing the firing line after the enemy has been developed is conducted in a way very similar to that used in crossing a fire-swept ground, by sending forward a thin line of men singly and according to their numbers in the ranks.

"I watched on May 5 a battalion of the 22d Infantry drilling in close order, and also watched company drill. In stacking arms the Regulars made much the same bad mess of the movement that many Militia companies do. The battalion commander had trouble in getting his guides out properly, and I found some satisfaction in the fact that the Militia is not alone in its trouble in this respect. In the manual of arms the drill was excellent.

"The Infantry pack will soon be ready to issue, the delay now being for the Quartermaster's Department to provide the new blankets and ponchos. The weight of the new equipment for each man, including his rife, clothing etc., is forty-seven pounds, against fifty-eight pounds for the present equipment.

"On May 4 I accompanied the division on a hike of sixteen miles. The companies kept closed up beautifully After marching for fifty minutes there would be a halt of ten minutes. The men were not allowed to visit any buildings along the way, but were ordered to remain "When deployed as skirmishers and it is desired to

constantly in the ranks. An infraction of this order would constitute an offense for a summary court to settle. Sketches of the country traveled over are made on the march, instead of from data secured during the march and then worked up into the sketch at leisure in quarters. The present method gives results fully as accurate, and the saving in time in producing the finished sketch is considerable.

"A parade of the 10th Information

considerable.

"A parade of the 10th Infantry was very good, although one battalion had trouble in getting on the line. The company and battalion distances were open to

The company and battalion distances were open to criticism.

"In about fifty per cent. of the cases the shoes issued are one size larger than is required, and the coats are issued in the larger sizes about one-half of the time. Just why there should be plenty of certain sizes and a lack of others was not explained.

"In all of the regiments there seems to be a general lack of a sufficient number of officers.

"After seeing the conditions that prevail here I do not understand how people can oppose the re-establishment of the canteen at Army posts. Within fifty yards of my tent, but just off the military reservation, was a street lined with the lowest imaginable resorts to prey upon the soldier. In a distance of less than one-half mile there were eighteen saloons, which would be better named 'hell holes.' I was told that a majority of them had amusement rooms, in which were many lewd women. The harm done to the soldiers by these resorts is beyond doubt very great.

holes.' I was told that a majority of them had amusement rooms, in which were many lewd women. The harm done to the soldiers by these resorts is beyond doubt very great.

"The new method of issuing supplies from the commissary is a great improvement, and is proving very satisfactory. The variety of food is large, the issue ample and the quality is of the best. The mess I was attached to was conducted by one of the companies, and the cost to each officer was but fifty cents per day for good, wholesome food and sufficient in quantity and quality. I was told that at that price three was a profit of over fifteen cents each day to the company on each officer's mess payment.

"The method of transporting baggage back and forth from the camp and the railroad station was good. The bands at the rezimental headquarters were liberal with their music, and added not a little to the pleasures of idle moments of both officers and men.

"In my opinion the tour has been of inestimable value to the Organized Militia officers of the country. They have been able to come in contact with Army methods, and it is only natural that much has been acquired that will prove of great benefit. Then, too, the coming in contact with the officers from the Guards of other states has resulted in an interchange of ideas that has been of value. The troubles and tribulations of each are much the same, and the various expedients adopted have been found in some instances to be applicable to conditions that exist in their own organizations.

"In bringing this report to a close I wish to emphasize the uniformly courteous and hospitable treatment that was accorded to me by the officers and men of the Regular Army. There was no question too trivial nor any subject so complex but that the officers with whom I came in contact would devote themselves, and with evident releasure, to providing me with the information desired. This uniformly kind treatment not only added materially to the pleasures of my tour of duty, but also made it, I am confident, one that h

THE VOLUNTEERS OF '61.

Gen. Charles King, U.S.V. (Captain, U.S.A., retired), in the American Review of Reviews for June writes of "The Soldiers Who Went to War in '61." The states were uniforming their soldiery as best they could in that summer of 1861. New York, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania usually in blue, the Vermonters in gray, turned up with emerald. The one Western brigade in the newly formed Army of the Potomac came clad in turned up with emerald. The one Western brigade in the newly formed Army of the Potomac came clad in gray. New York led for variety in uniforms. Duryea's Zouaves marched forth magnificent in the scarlet fez and breeches of the favorite troops of France, the color guard being nearly all seven-footers. To cater still further to the love for the spectacular, still more distinctive regiments were authorized—the Garibaldi Guard, mainly Italians, in a dress that aped the Bersaglieri; the D'Epineul Zouaves, mainly French, in the costliest costume yet devised. Then came the Chasseurs, in very natty and attractive dress, worn, like the others, until worn out in one real campaign, when all lost their identity in the universal, most unbecoming, yet eminently serviceable blue flannel blouse and light blue kersey trousers, with the utterly ugly forage cap and stout brogans of the Union Army.

As for arms, the regiments came to the front with every conceivable kind and some with none at all. The Regular Infantry, what there was of it, had but recently given up the old smooth bore musket for the Springfield rifle, caliber 58, with its paper cartridge and conical, countersunk bullet. But in many a regiment flank companies only received the rifle, the other eight using for months the old smooth bore, with its "buck and ball" cartridge, good for something within two hundred yards and for nothing beyond.

Even of these there were enough for only a few regiments. Vast purchases, therefore, were made abroad, England selling us her Enfields, with which the fine Vermont brigade was first armed, and France and Belgium parting with thousands of the huge, brass-bound, ponderous "carabine a tige"—the Belgian guns with a spike at the bottom to expand the soft leaden bullet when "rammed home." With this archaic blunderbus whole regiments were burdened.

NAVAL AND MILITARY ORDER, S.A.W.

The following Companions have been reported to the National Commandery of the Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War as having been admitted to the Order during the year ending May 20, 1911, by the several commanderies:

the several commanderies:

New York—Donald Armstrong, junior member, son of Major Samuel T. Armstrong, U.S.V.; Samuel M. Harrington, junior member, son of Rear Admiral Purnell F. Harrington, U.S.N.; Capt. David A. Hall, U.S.R.C.S., Major William L. Kenly, U.S.A., Capt. Benjamin M. Koehler, U.S.A., Capt. Frank T. Corriston, U.S.V., Lieut, Henry A. Murphy, U.S.V., Edward J. Bermingham, son of the late Lieut. Charles L. Bermingham, U.S.N.; Comdr. William W. Gilmer, U.S.N., Capt. William S. Faulkner, U.S.A., Lieut. Winthrop Cowdin, U.S.V., Asst. Surg. William S. Thomas, late U.S.N.,

Lieut. Thomas E. Boyd, U.S.V., Lieut. George K. Wilson, U.S.A., Lieut. George G. Henry, U.S.V.

Massachusetts Commandery—Lieut. William H. Whitnew, U.S.V. Pennsylvania Commandery—Lieut. Col. William G. Pierce, jr., Major Benjamin C. Tilghman, Lieut. Charles T. Cresswell, Lieut. Charles C. Meyers, Capt. Lucion M. Wiler, Capt. Gibbon G. Cornwell and Lieut. Col. Christopher T. O'Neill, U.S.V., Lieut. William Griscom Coxe, U.S.N., Lieut. Charles P. Hunt, U.S.V.

Lieut. Col. Christopher, iam Griscom Coxe, U.S.N., Lieut. Charles U.S.V.
U.S.V.
Illinois Commandery—Melville Stuart Brown, junior member, son of Capt. Taylor E. Brown, U.S.V.; Capt. James Ronayne, U.S.A., Lieut. Col. Charles E. Johnson, Capt. John William Finehout, Lieut. Earl H. Plummer, Lieut. George W. Gibbs and Lieut. Albert E. Gebert,

Lieut. George W. Gibbs and Lieut. Albert E. Gebert, U.S.V.
Connecticut Commandery—Lieut, Lewis J. Doolittle and Capt. Charles P. Staubach, U.S.V. Ohio Commandery—Lieut. Perry E. Hathaway, U.S.V., Lieut. William G. Meade, U.S.A., Lieut. Walter S. McBroom, U.S.A. California Commandery—Capt. Herbert Gunn, U.S.V. District of Columbia Commandery—Major Robert L. Longstreet and Capt. Sydney R., Jacobs, U.S.V. Michigan Commandery—Capt. Elbridge W. White, U.S.V., Comdr. Charles McCormick, U.S.N., Major Charles W. Harrah, U.S.V., P.A. Surg. Delos L. Parker, U.S.N., Capt. Isaac A. Saxton, U.S.A., Lieut. Harris L. Roberts, U.S.A., Lieut. Col. James B. Jackson, U.S.A., Capt. Otho B. Rosenbaum. U.S.A. Utah Commandery—Capt. Frank T. Hines, U.S.A., Lieut. Robert H. Sillman, U.S.A., Capt. Frank Jennings, U.S.V.

Iowa Commandery—Adjutant Gen. Guy E. Logan (lieutenant, U.S.V.) Col. W. T. Chantland, Col. E. R. Bennett, Col. W. T. Allen, Col. J. C. Loper, Adjutant Gen. John R. Prime (major), Major E. C. Worthington, Capt. J. C. Hall (chaplain), Major Wilbur S. Conklin and Capt. John D. Cady, all U.S.V., and Major Grote Hutcheson, U.S.A.

CANAL SERVICE MEDALS.

The list of American employees entitled to receive a medal, which was published in the Canal Record of April 5 and referred to in our issue of April 20, was far from being the first, as will be seen from this statement pub-

being the first, as will be seen from this statement published in the Canal Record of May 10:

"At the close of the last year over 4,000 canal medals had been earned by employees of the Canal and Panama Railroad. The medal is awarded to American citizens who complete two years of service on the canal or Panama Railroad, and a bar is awarded for each two years' service additional. On January 1 there were ninety-three employees in the canal and railroad service who were employed in 1904, and were therefore entitled to the second two-year service bar; 707 who were entitled to the first two-year bar, and 861 to the medal. The following statement shows the total number of medals and service bars earned up to Jan. 1:

Years,

Medals earned. Bars earned.

535 860 707 4,487 1,388

ROBERT G. INGERSOLL AS A WARRIOR.

In the preface to his "Ingersoll, a Biographical Appreciation," Herman E. Kittredge, of Washington, Appreciation," Herman E. Kittredge, of Washington, thanks the Adjutant General of the Army for having placed at his disposal files of his office supplying data as to Colonel Ingersoll's military service, an acknowledgment which may surprise Lieut. Charles Braden, U.S.A., retired, who, as editor of Vol. V. of Cullum's Register of the Military Academy, has ascribed some of the inaccuracies in it to the difficulty of obtaining access to the records of officers in the A.G.O. The pages of this book bear evidences that the author is not only an admirer, but a worshiper, of that strange combination of pugnacity and sweetness that made up the character

the records of officers in the A.G.O. The pages of this book bear evidences that the author is not only an admirer, but a worshiper, of that strange combination of pugnacity and sweetness that made up the character of Robert G. Ingersoll. Hero worship is a dangerous thing at its best, for it magnifies virtues, dwarfs errors and precludes a rational estimate of the moral and mental qualities going into the makeup of the hero. One does not advance very far into this book without becoming aware of the blind adoration of the author, whose affection for the object of his biography leads him constantly into the use of superlatives that vitiate the value of his judgment, not to say his praise. Indeed, we find the very language of the biographer colored, formed and shaped by an imitation of Ingersoll's prose poetry. We see him speaking of "climbing the Everest of thought," "manacling the brain," etc., with almost the easy grace of Ingersoll himself.

In 1861 Ingersoll was instrumental in raising three regiments of Volunteers. The last of these was a Cavalry regiment (11th Illinois Cavalry), and Ingersoll was commissioned its colonel. His first experience under fire was at Pittsburg Landing, where he displayed soldierly conduct and courage. His regiment was on duty between Shiloh and Corinth until the capture of the latter. During the winter 1862-3 his regiment was stationed at Jackson, Tenn. To check a movement of Gen. N. B. Forrest, of the Confederate Army, Ingersoll was despatched with 200 men of his own command and a part of the 14th Indiana Battery toward Lexington. Near that place he was attacked by Forrest in overwhelming force, and after a stubborn fight was compelled to surrender. His command lost twenty-two officers and men killed or wounded, and 148 were taken prisoners, including Ingersoll. During the fight Colonel Ingersoll dismounted and stood by the guns, encouraging his men and personally directing their fire. During the crisis of his capture his wit was active.

"Stop firing!" he shouted to Major Rambou

and was honorably discharged on June 30, 1863. Three of Ingersoll's greatest oratorical efforts dealt with military subjects. They were the "Vision of War," an address delivered to the veteran soldiers of the Rebellion at Indianapolis, Sept. 21, 1876; the apostrophe to Napoleon in the lecture, "Liberty of Man, Woman and Child," and the oration in honor of Gen. U. S. Grant at the banquet in 1879 in the latter's honor in Chicago on his return from his tour around the world. We should have liked it better if this biography had contained the full text of the tribute to the old soldiers or the Grant oration, rather than the eulogy over Ingersoll's dead brother. One is expected to rhapsodize over a member of one's family, and such tributes are discounted before they are uttered. The book, which is a monument to the painstaking devotion of the author and a credit to the Dresden Publishing Company, New York, is illustrated with portraits of Ingersoll at different periods of his life. One would scarcely recognize in the plain looking mustached man in the Cavalry uniform of 1861 the stout, florid and renowned orator of twenty years later.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

One of the most instructive chapters in the "History of the 21st U.S. Infantry," by Capt. Celwyn E. Hampton, U.S.A., retired, is that on the battle of Chancellors-ville. The enthusiasm of the 11th Corps in that battle ville. The enthusiasm of the 11th Corps in that battle was affected injuriously, the author balieves, by the change of commanders before the conflict. The corps was composed chiefly of Germans under German officers. Its general was Franz Sigel, in whom they felt the pride of race, as well as admiration due to his admitted achievements. In the course of the upheaval that overtook the Army after Fredericksburg, Sigel had been relieved from his command, and Gen. O. O. Howard had been assigned to his place. "Some resentment was felt." took the Army after Fredericksburg, Sigel had been relieved from his command, and Gen. O. O. Howard had been assigned to his place. "Some resentment was felt throughout the corps at this proceeding, and the feeling was none the less because of General Howard's reputation for pronounced religious tendencies, he having been previously educated for the ministry. These circumstances paved the way for laying a great deal of blame upon the German contingent when the disaster came, but it is not believed by those familiar with the case that such aspersions were in any way justified." This history covers the period from 1812 to 1863. Among the thirteen illustrations are portraits of Gens, Thomas M. Anderson, Harry C. Egbert, Evan Miles and Emerson H. Liscum and Col. James Jackson. These photograph reproductions are excellent, that of General Egbert especially. It would add much to the charm of such books if portraits were always as lifelike as these. The frontispiece is the coat of arms of the regiment, bearing the motto, "I'll try, sir." The enlisted men of the regiment were largely responsible for the addition to the symbol of the coat-of-arms. Pvt. Terence McGloin, of Co. B, had a large part in bringing about the change, after making some independent researches into the history of the regiment. The motto is the famous reply of Colonel Miller, of the 21st, at the battle of Niagara (Lundy's Lane) in the War of 1812. General Brown, seeing that a British battery was the key of the British position, and that the fortunes of the day hinged upon its possession, turned to Colonel Miller sprompt reply, Till try, sir,' is one of the few sententious speeches of the battlefield that history has delighted to transmit from generation to generation." The volume is from the press of the Edward T. Miller Co., Columbus, Ohio. It has cost more than intended, but can be had for \$2.25, plus postage of thirteen cents.

A handy little pocket manual of health is the "Gesundheits-Wegweiser für den Soldaton," which tells

generation to generation." The volume is from the press of the Edward T. Miller Co., Columbus, Ohio. It has cost more than intended, but can be had for \$2.25, plus postage of thirteen cents.

A handy little pocket manual of health is the "Gesundheits-Wegweiser für den Soldaten," which tells in simple language the many little things to be considered by the soldier who wishes to keep well in garrison and field. Particularly fatherly is the appeal of the author, Dr. H. U. Janssen, who speaks throughout "per Du," that the recruit walk in the paths of sobriety and social purity. Published at Düsseldorf, Germany, by Schl & Ludwig. Price not given.

On reading the title, "Palestine and Its Transformation," one might think that the author, Prof. Elsworth Huntington, of Yale University, would tell about the modernization of the Holy Land with street cars, automobiles, railways, etc., but the preface gives the information that the book is designed to trace the effect of climatic changes upon the country. The majority of geographers, and still mora of historians, have assumed that any changes of climate which may have taken place during the period covered by recorded history have been of negligible importance. Good authorities, however, have questioned this view, and the present volume discusses the problem in detail; and the conclusion is reached not only that the climate of the past five thousand years has been subject to numerous changes, but that these may have been a potent factor in the guidance of some of the greatest historical movements. Half the volume is devoted to this subject. The Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston and New York, are the publishers.

The "History of the U.S. Military Prison." Brig. Gen. Thomas F. Barr, U.S.A., retired, is pictured in the frontispiece, which bears the words, "father of the U.S. Military Prison." Brig. Gen. Thomas F. Barr, U.S.A., retired, is pictured in the frontispiece, which bears the words, "father of the U.S. Military Prison." Brig. Gen. Thomas F. Barr, U.S.A., retired, is pictur

better paid of the two. * * * I hold that the soldiers of our Army have not one justifiable cause for desertion." General Sackett then puts the blame for desertion upon the misplaced leniency of the Civil War, when the death penalty for desertion was mistakenly abrogated. "This was done, no doubt, with the kindest and most charitable motives, but it was done at the expense of the well-being and discipline of the Army. Had a dozen men been shot at the beginning of the war for the crime of desertion, it would have deterred thousands from deserting. Had the men who deserted remained in the ranks many of our defeats would have been successes, and many valuable lives would have been saved to the country," through the carlier ending of the war. It was while serving as judge advocate of the Department of the East that General Barr recommended to the War Department the construction of a purely military prison.

"Moltke's Kriegslehren," the tactical preparations for

military prison.

"Moltke's Kriegslehren," the tactical preparations for the combat, is the subject of No. IV. of Möltke's military works, the second part of which number is to hand, a volume of 179 pages, accompanied by a pocketed collection of thirty-one fine maneuver maps. The literary work is that of the Great General Staff and the publishers E. S. Mittler and Sohn, Kochstrasse 68-71, Berlin S. W. 68, Germany. The price is mk, 7:25 in paper; mk.

9.75 in cloth.

Two more numbers (34 and 35) of the German military encyclopedia, "Handbuch der Herr und Flotte," by Lieut. Gen. Georg von Alten, of the German army, are at hand. No. 35 carries us to page 880 of the work and to the biography of General Frossard. Each number costs two marks, and the publishers are the Deutsches Verlagshaus Bong and Co., Berlin, who are to be complimented upon the excellent work and its handy and legible form.

From Moffat, Yard and Company we receive "The House in the Hedge," a story by Ralph Henry Barbour, illustrated by Gertrude A. Kay.

MEMORIAL DAY PARADE, NEW YORK.

Veterans of the Civil War bent with age, the younger and active veterans of the Spanish-American War, husky bluejackets of the Navy with tanned faces, National Guard organizations and boys' brigades made a marked contrast as they marched in the Memorial Day parade contrast as they marched in the Memorial Day parade in New York city May 30, 1911, the largest parade in the United States. Quite a number of the Civil War veterans, too infirm to march, were in carriages, while here and there in the ranks of the Grand Army men could be seen marching along with enthusiasm veterans who were lame, and one man in the Manhattan parade walked with crutches.

Beautiful weather added to the success of the ceremonies and brought out large numbers of spectators, who greeted the paraders with well deserved applause. The police arrangements were admirable, and the parade was splendidly managed by those in charge.

MANHATTAN PARADE.

MANHATTAN PARADE.

The parade in Manhattan was reviewed by Major Gen.
Daniel E. Sickles, U.S.A., from the stand on Riverside
Drive at Eighty-sixth street. Attending General Sickles
on the stand were Gen. George B. Loud and Past Depart-Drive at Eighty-sixth street. Attending General Sickles on the stand were Gen. George B. Loud and Past Department Commander Edward J. Atkinson, of the G.A.R. chairman and secretary, respectively, of the Memorial Committee. Others near the General included Mr. Rhinelander Waldo, the new Commissioner of Police, who was received with applause as he joined the reviewing party. Col. A. B. Gardiner, U.S.A., Mr. Henry Clews, Gen. T. H. Hubbard, U.S.V., Major A. T. Weston and Capt. E. G. Schermerhorn, late N.G.N.Y., were also among those at the reviewing point. The Old Guard, Major Brigge, was a special escort to General Sickles to the reviewing stand. and the Veteran Corps of Artillery, under Major Charles Elliot Warren, was the special guard of honor to the General, and made a most favorable impression. All the military organizations made a highly creditable showing, but the 7th took the palm in correct alignment of companies and distances at the point of review. The 71st had the honor of having the largest turnout, parading fifteen commands.

The parade column passed as follows, after the finely mounted platoon of mounted police. The foot troops formed with sixteen files front and the mounted troops with twelve:

U.S. bluejackets from the U.S.S. North Dakota, navy yard, New York, under Lieut. Comdr. T. C. Hart, with Ensign I. C. Kidd, adjutant: 1st Company, Lieut. J. C. Fremont. Midshipman F. W. Scanland, chief of section: 2d Company, Lieut. G. C. Carter and Midshipman W. D. Seed, jr., chief of section: 3d Company, Midshipman W. D. Seed, jr., chief of section: 3d Company, Midshipman W. D. Seed, jr., chief of section: 3d Company, Midshipman W. D. Seed, jr., chief of Section: 3d Company, Midshipman W. D. Seed, jr., chief of Section: 3d Company, Midshipman J. B. Rutter, with Midshipman E. W. Robinson, chief of section. The bluejackets were a good looking body of men and marched well.

Major Gen. C. P. Roe and ten of staff; Squadron A. Major O. B. Bridgman, sixteen platoons; 9th Coast Artillery, Col. W. F. Morris, ten c

lettenant Acayon,

1st Brigade, Gen. George Moore Smith and staff; 1st Comany, Signal Corps, Capt. W. L. Hallahan, five platoons: 7th
egiment. Col.. D. Appleton, twelve companies; 12th Regient, Col. George R. Dyer, twelve companies; 71st Regiment,
fteen companies; 69th Regiment, Col. Louis D. Conley, ten

companies.

Ist Battalion of Naval Militia, Capt. R. Raynor, five companies and two gun detachments.

After the National Guard came the Grand Army of the Republic, with Col. Matthew Jennings, grand marshal, at its head, with Col. Joseph W. Ellis, A.G., and chief of staff.
Some forty-eight posts of the G.A.R. followed with young ladies' cadet corps, Sons of Veterans camps and veteran associations.

sades cause corps, some of veterans camps and veteran associations.

The ranks of the veterans showed thin, with many battletorn flags. The handful of veteran Zouaves, the 2d Duryea
Zouaves, and the Anderson Zouaves in their war-time uniforms, and Cameron Post. with its Scottish pipers and drum
corps, made the most striking appearance. John A. Dix Post
and Lafayette Post made a swell appearance.

The companies of firemen and policecom who are veterans
of the Spanish-American War marched applicance, Various garrieons of Spanish War veterans, Regular Army and
Navy Union cadet companies, American Boy Scouts concluded
the parade.

BROOKLYN PARADE.

The Brooklyn parade was reviewed by Governor Dix, who was attended by his staff. The stand was at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Arch at Eastern Parkway, and those on the reviewing stand included Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A., and Gen. James McLeer, N.G.N.Y. The military made a highly creditable appearance, and the 23d Regiment, in the opinion of experts, took the honors. The parade was made up as follows:

The grand marshal was Gen. James H. McKenna, G.A.R., with Col. George H Jackson, A.G. and chief of staff. The

first division was made up of United States Marines and blue-jackets, commanded by Lieut. Comdr. C. C. Bloch, as follows: 1st Company, Capt. of Marines T. H. Brown, commanding; 2d Lieut. of Marines R. S. Geiger, chief of section. Blue-jackets—2d Company, Lieut. W. A. Smead, commanding; Midshipman P. W. Northeroft, chief of first section; Midshipman R. C. McFall, commanding; Midshipman J. B. Glennon, chief of first section; Midshipman R. C. Lee, second section; 4th Company, Lieut. R. V. Fitch, commanding; Midshipman F. M. Flarris, second section; 5th Company, Lieut. L. P. Davis, commanding; Midshipman B. V. McCandlish, chief of first section; Midshipman A. R. Simpson, second section.

The second division was made up of the National Guard, under command of Brig. Gen. John G. Eddy, consisting of the following bodies: 2d Company, Signal Corps. 14th Regiment, Col. John H. Poote; 47th Infantry, Col. Henry C. Barthman; 23d Infantry, Col. Frank H. Norton; 13th Provisional Regiment, Const Art. Corps. Col. Charles O. Davis; 3d Battery, Field Art., Capt. Chauncey Matlock; Squadron G, Cavalry, Major Charles I. DeBevoise.

After the National Guard came the 2d Battalion of Naval Militia, Comdr. R. F. Forshew, and then the thin lines of Grand Army veterans, parts of various regiments of the wardays. United Spanish War Veterans, Sons of Veterans and cadet organizations, etc.

The 22d Engineers, Col. W. B. Hotekkin; the 9th Infantry, Col. E. F. Austin and the 2d Battalion of Naval BRONX PARADE.

The 22d Engineers, Col. W. B. Hotekkin; the 9th Infantry, Col. E. F. Austin and the 2d Battery, Capt. L. F. Sherry, paraded as escort to the G.A.R. in the Bronx, under command of Colonel Hotekkin.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, EARL OF STIRLING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:
In the May 20 issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL
you quote from the Sun an article on "Military Rank
Held By Our Presidents," which states that Mr. Monroe
served on the staff of the Earl of Stirling. The Earl of Stirling never served in the Revolution, but a man whose name I have forgotten assumed that title and fought bravely, so history tells us, but his claims to the title were never recognized in England, it having been proved that he was not even related to the family who held the title. The family name of the Earls of Stirling was Alexander and the title became extinct in 1739, upon the Alexander and the title became extinct in 1735, upon the death of the last male heir. In view of the above facts it seems strange to the writer that our histories of the Revolution should contain such absurd statements, and it is to be hoped that some day the actual truth will appear in place of this fiction, for accuracy should be the foundation of such works.

The officer we had reference to on whose staff President Monroe served in his youth was William Alexander, "Earl of Stirling," who was appointed colonel, 1st New Jersey, November, 1775; brigadier general, Continental Army, March 1, 1776, and major general Feb. 19, 1777. By the Act of Congress of Sept. 24, 1779, it was "Resolved, That the thanks of Congress be given to Major General Lord Stirling for the judicious measures taken by him to forward the enterprise (attack of work on Paulus Hook) and to secure the retreat of the party." By the Act of Jan. 28, 1783, "it was "Resolved, That the President signify to the Commander-in-Chief, in a manner the most respectful to the memory of the late Major General, the Earl of Stirling, the sense Congress entertain of the early and meritorious exertions of that General in the common cause, and of the bravery, persevenance and military talents he possessed; which, having fixed their esteem for his character, while living, induce a proportionate regret for the loss of an officer who has rendered such constant and important services to his country." Died Jan. 15, 1783. Other records show that William Alexander, of Monstrie, a poet and court favorite, received a charter of Nova Scotia in 1612 with the title of baronet. He also had the charter of the Lordship of Canada, and was created Viscount of Stirling, now Long Island, which he attempted to colonize. His estate passed into the hands of creditors, and in 1739 the title became extinct with the fifth Earl of Stirling and Viscount of Canada. In 1635 Earl of Stirling and Viscount of Honstrie, a poet and court favorite, received a charter of Nova Scotia in 1612 with the title was still asserted. Naturally an American patriot would not have much standing before the House of Lords forbade him to use. This prohibition evidently did not count with the American Congress, and his right to the title was still asserted. Naturally an American Patriot would not have much standing before the House of Lords. The daughter of General "Lord St A. E. ALEXANDER The officer we had reference to on whose staff Presi-

SPECIAL SERGEANT MAJOR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Referring to the various articles from the post non-commissioned staff as to the duties they could perform

and the responsibilities they could assume if created warrant officers, I respectfully submit the following:

The Secretary of War, in his report for 1907, in advancing arguments for the creation of a warrant grade in the Army, said, in part: "Thus Japan has the grade of special sergeant major, to which is attached higher pay than received even by commissioned subalterns." other page of the same report it is stated of the rgeant major and others, "Their full value is not reached in twenty years," and I believe this opinion is concurred in by all experienced officers of the Army.

concurred in by all experienced officers of the Army. If a warrant grade of special sergeant major were created, with such prohibitive restrictions as to length of service, service as a non-commissioned officer, and with not less than five years' experience as a sergeant major, and, furthermore, subject to such competitive examination as might be prescribed by the War Department, it would tend to largely increase the efficiency of the Service. The special sergeant major, if a warrant officer, could be detailed as assistant to the adjutant, and empowered to transact official business and sign most of the papers he now makes out. At regimental or Artillery district headquarters the adjutant is often absent with his colonel on inspections, etc., and during his absence mail is piling up, etc., which could be attended to by the special sergeant major. At small two or three company posts the special sergeant major could very well be detailed as adjutant, as most commanding officers transact official business direct with the sergeant major, as the

adjutant is at drill with his company or on some other duty which takes him away from his desk. It would still further expedite matters if the special sergeant major could sign papers, as much time is lost in obtaining signatures from an overworked subaltern. Besides, it would give a great number of subalterns more time to attend to their company duties.

Quite frequently a detachment of recruits reaches a post tired and hungry after a long journey, and stand dejectedly in front of headquarters waiting for the adjutant, who perchance is sitting on some G.C.M., or at least is not available for some time. This is only a little thing to an officer, but it makes a great impression on enlisted men, particularly recruits, and anything adding to their comfort makes for contentment, especially if the recruit can be treated like a human being, and not like so much live stock. This is only one illustration of where a special sergeant major would be extremely useful, but any post commander could cite a thousand more instances.

where a special sergeant major would be extremely useful, but any post commander could cite a thousand more instances.

While I fully concede the value of the post non-commissioned staff, the statement that the grade would be open to all is not strictly correct, as the hospital sergeant, first class, for example, cannot take the examination for the post non-commissioned staff, as he is not a "sergeant of the line"; nor are the post non-commissioned staff the only—ones that can receive and account for property. A private of the Signal Corps can and does the same, and moreover at garrison posts, where it is never done by the post non-commissioned staff, as there is a commissioned officer at the head of the staff department, whether it be ordnance, quartermaster or commissiony. Your correspondent may have referred to ungarrisoned posts. Lest I be accused of "advanced ideas," with reference to allowing a special sergeant major to sign official papers, permit me to state that non-commissioned officers in the Signal Corps have been doing it for years, and not in ungarrisoned posts, but in places where field officers are in command. I have seen the endorsement of a sergeant in the Signal Corps follow that of some high official in the War Department, and on communications of more than ordinary importance. The measure advocated by the War Department in 1907 is the only square deal, as a man enlisting in any branch would, in the course of time, become eligible for the grade of warrant officer. SPECIAL SERGEANT MAJOR

THE DIARY OF A YOUNG CONFEDERATE.

To Mr. R. C. Cave, of St. Louis, Mo., the orator at the recent Confederate reunion at Little Rock, Ark., who found it in his heart to blame Abraham Lincoln and his advisers for all the bloodshed and misery of the Civil War, and to others who wore the Gray and whose bitterness of memory has defied the softening effect of the years, we would cheerfully commend the words of a former Confederate officer, the Rev. Dr. Randolph H. McKim, in the preface of his recently published book, "A Soldier's Recollections-Leaves from the Diary of a Young Confederate." Nobody will deny the right of Dr. McKim to speak as a former Confederate fighting man, for, although now in the service of the Prince of Peace, he battled in the ranks under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston

McKim to speak as a former Confederate fighting man, for, although now in the service of the Prince of Peace, he battled in the ranks under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston and Gen. Stonewall Jackson; as a staff officer under Brig. Gen. George H. Steuart in the army of Lee, and as a chaplain in the 2d Virginia Cavalry in the brigade of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. This is a record for variety of service that was not often excelled in that war. In his preface Dr. McKim says: "One closing word as to the spirit in which I have undertaken this modest contribution to the literature of the Civil War. I am not in these pages brooding over the ashes of the past. The soldiers of the Southern Cross have long ago bowed to the decree of Almighty God in the issue of the great conflict. We thank God to-day that the sun shines on a truly united country. We love our Southland; we are Southern men: but we are glad that sectionalism is dead and buried, and we claim our full part in working out the great destiny that lies before the American people.

* * We are Americans in every fiber; and nothing that pertains to the honor, to the welfare, to the glory of America is foreign to us." Dr. McKim is a clergyman of distinction, having been for twenty years rector of Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, in New York city, and being now rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, D.C. How hotly his young heart burned for the South in 1861 is shown by the fact that he was one of a band of students at the University of Virginia who one night in April secretly placed the secession flag on the dome in advance of the flag, and no condemation was heard from the public, but it was different with the professors.

So much has been written in extravagant laudation of Gen. Stonewall Jackson that it is instructive to learn of the slow ripening of the military genius of that great commander, as told in this book. Generals who had known him at West Point, and remembered that his scholastic rank was low, and that only by patient plodding could he keep up with his class,

Our Annapolis correspondent in another column gives a full report of the exercises of graduation week at the Naval Academy. In his excellent address to the graduating class, which we reserve for another week, Assistant Secretary Winthrop, of the Navy Department, called attention to the fact that the average period of peace for this country, from the treaty with Great Britain in 1783 to the Spanish-American War, was only a few months over twenty-nine years, and the Secretary omitted from his calculation the war with France at the end of the eighteenth century and the war with Tripoli a few years later, both of which were purely naval wars. The resolutions of Congress approved March 29, 1900, show what the country thought of the conduct of two of our naval heroes, Truxtun and Jarvis, in the French War, and those of Feb. 3, 1902: Nov. 27, 1904, and March 3, 1905, recognize the gallantry of Sterett, Decatur, Preble and their officers and crew, engaged against the Tripolitans. Taking into account these wars, which should certainly have been included in the calculation, the intervals of peace are reduced to an average of less than twenty-four years. In concluding his address Mr. Winthrop said: "Geographically situated as we are, it seems almost certain that any war we may unfortunately have will largely, if not entirely, be decided by a battle or battles on the seas. With our Navy in control of the sea invasion of the United States would be practicully impossible, and any hostile nation would be compelled to submit to our terms of peace. Such being my belief, I am naturally strongly impressed with the necessity of our maintaining a Navy sufficient in power to diminish to a minimum any danger of losing control of the sea. The control of the sea will, in my opinion, be the crucial turning point of any war in which we may be engaged, and it is therefore evident how incumbent it will be upon you so to maintain the material and personnel allowed us by Congress that it may always be at the highest point of efficiency. We h

A Gentile member and chairman of the Utah committee selecting the design for the service of plate to be given to the U.S.S. Utah, D. C. Jockling, of Salt Lake City, announces that the battleship would receive the silver service as presented and as at present designed or not at all; this seemed to be his ultimatum. It is stated that a majority of the members of the committee are not Mormons. Goodwin's Weekly, edited by a bitter opponent of Mormonism, remarks that three different United States Presidents had seen fit to appoint Brigham Young Governor of Utah—that he had founded a commonwealth in a desert, and that in after years people of all denominations had contributed to the erecting of a monument to him, and people of all denominations had gathered about this monument at its dedication, and had, in fact, joined in dedicating it. It was this monument, he said, which was reproduced on the silver service—on a single piece, the soup dish or something like that—which was causing such a furore among certain people. A correspondent of the New York Evening Post, "I. R.," says: "The first troops that ever crossed the continent upon a warlike errand, save only their own commander and a small bodyguard of Dragoons, was a force of soldiery raised by Brigham Young, comprising the main body of Gen. Phil Kerny's 'Army of the West,' in his expedition of 1846 from Fort Leavenworth via Pueblo, Tucson, the Cajon Pass and Los Angeles to the then Mexican stronghold at San Diego. During the Civil War, again. President Lincoln addressed to Brigham Young, room to 'Mr.' Brigham Young, since he was then a private citizen—an urgent telegram asking him to raise a Cavalry force 'to protect the property of the Overland Mail and Telegraph Company in and about Independence Rock, where depredations have been committed, and continue in service until U.S. troops can reach the point where they are so much needed.' 'Independence Rock, was many, many miles from Utah; the period was one of stress when President Lincoln could not spare his Federal

The six Cavalry officers of the U.S. Army who are to represent the American Army at the International Horse Show disembarked at Tilbury Docks, London, England, May 30, from the Atlantic Transport liner Minnetonka, with twelve horses. "It is not true," said Major Frederick S. Foltz, "as has been suggested, that America has been ransacked for the very best horses that unlimited funds could procure. All that was done was this: As the Government has no funds available for the purchase of special horses, and as ordinary Army horses are not suitable for a competition of this kind, several gentlemen found money to buy a number of horses, which they presented to the War Department for our use. Of these we have brought over five." The officers were met by Major S. L'H. Slocum, U.S.A., the American Military Attaché at London, and the officials of the horse show. The American horses stood the sea voyage splendidly, and arrived in good condition after being for a fortnight on trains and stemmer. It will be necessary, however, to give them gentle exercise for a few days before they are ridden in the ring. The American officers hav received many invitations to social entertainments.

Mrs. T. E. Cathro, wife of Lieut. T. E. Cathro, 2d

Some thirty of the intimate friends of Hon, Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War, are to join in a dinner to be given in his honor on June 9 at the University Club, New York. President Taft has been invited, but has been obliged to decline because of other engagements.

Capt. Stewart McC. Decker, Porto Rico Regiment of Infantry, U.S.A., is on trial by G.C.M. at Fort Leavenworth, Kas. There are six specifications under the charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman on which Captain Decker is being tried, and it is alleged that he obtained unauthorized assistance in the solving of a problem. Capt. Le Roy Eltinge, instructor at the Army Service Schools, who formulated the problems, said that between the time that he was instructed to formulate the problems by the senior instructor, Major Morrison, until their completion and for a short time after these problems were kept in his desk in the school building. Student officers had access to this building at any time during the night. Captain Eltinge also testified that the door of his room was not locked. Capt. T. O. Murphy, also an instructor, testified that he had marked certain of the papers, one of which attracted his attention particularly because of its similarity to the approved solution. An especial similarity was an error in the approved solution, he said, which was also made in the solution of the accused. Capt. Roger S. Fitch, an instructor, testified that, as instructor, he was given the first of the series of six problems to grade. Number 21, Captain Decker's paper, gave him the "general impression of the similarity" between it and the approved solution, he said. It was about twelve days later, he said, before he made any report whatever relative to it to other instructors.

Distinct wireless telegraphing from the station at Fort Omaha to a free balloon was accomplished on May 23, when a gas bag of 35,000 cubic feet capacity made an ascension with Capt. Charles de F. Chandler, U.S. Signal Corps, as the pilot. The four officers who went with him were Lieut. Ira F. Fravel, 24th U.S. Inf., in charge of the wireless apparatus; Lieut. Leonard J. Mygatt, who took photographs, and Lieut. William N. Michel, 4th F.A., and Capt. Joseph F. Janda, 1st U.S. Inf., who assisted in handling the balloon. The bag traveled thirty-five miles and landed near Woodbine, Iowa. The ascent was made at 6:30 p.m., when the wind had fallen to about five miles an hour. The wireless outfit on the balloon was very simple, consisting of common chicken wire wound around the basket, with a long wooden pole across the top, upon the end of which was an insulator. A telegraph wire 100 feet long hung from the pole. Lieut. Joseph O. Mauborgne, 1st U.S. Inf., flashed the message from the fort to Lieutenant Fravel in the basket. A local paper said that the officers were so interested in the flight that they drew lots to decide who were to go up first. A large number of farmers followed the flight on horseback, and someone fired a shot, it is said, at the balloon.

Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, U.S.N., who retires for age on Aug. 17 next, hauled down his flag on the U.S.S. Connecticut at Newport, R.I., June 1, and relinquished command of the Atlantic Fleet with the customary ceremony. His successor in command, Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, read his orders appointing him to the command of the fleet and his flag was run up. Rear Admiral Schroeder bade cordial farewell to the officers of the ship and left amid the cheers of the crew. When Rear Admiral Schroeder started for the gangway to go ashore he found his senior officers lined up as side boys. Then as he reached the side of the ship he saw that his barge was manued by the junior officers, who rowed him ashore. All the ship's company at a signal joined in cheers. The band played "Auld Lang Syne," and a full admiral's flag was spread for him to sit upon while being rowed ashore. The crew of the Michigan assembled and they, too, gave the Admiral a cheer as he passed their ship. This was followed by the band playing the "Governor Schroeder March," a piece of music which was written and dedicated to the Admiral when he was Governor of Guam.

The Senate Naval Committee does not agree with the utilitarian view of Secretary Meyer, that the best disposition of the historic wooden warship Portsmouth is a conversion to hospital uses at an expenditure of \$1,100. The committee favored the bill (S. 817), which the Senate has since passed, appropriating \$25,000 for the repair of the Portsmouth, and "believes that a vessel of the historic interest of the Portsmouth should be devoted to other uses than that suggested, and that the money it is proposed to spend for repairs will enable the nation to preserve and maintain this noble vessel of the old Navy as a reminder of the predominating influence we once held upon the sea, and as a visible incentive to all who fight under the flag to do their duty. We do not think that this honorable service of a noted fighting ship of the American Navy can be given by turning her into a hospital hulk for the use of a department of the Government for which she was not built and under whose direction she has never sailed." It is proposed that the Portsmouth be sent to San Francisco, there to remain as long as she could be kept affoat.

The "United Service" trophy, given by Col. Robert M. Thompson, is this year to be competed for the first time between one team each of twenty men from the U.S. Army, U.S. Navy, U.S. Marine Corps and the National Guard, the conditions of the match being as follows: Ten shots at 200 yards, rapid fire; ten shots 600 yards, slow fire; ten shots 1,000 yards, slow fire, and one skirmish run. Membership on one of these teams will be considered the honor roll in rifle shooting for that branch of the Service for the year. The teams will be selected on their records made in the National Rifle Association of America and National Matches at Camp Perry. The match itself will be shot the day following the close of the National Matches.

Two squadrons of the 10th U.S. Cavalry, under command of Lieut. Col. C. H. Grierson, and stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., took part in the Memorial Day exercises at Burlington, forming the escort. While all the U.S. troops which have been stationed at Fort Ethan Allen have made an excellent appearance during the various parades in which they have participated in

the city of Burlington, it is only fair to state that none have ever done better than did the 10th Cavalry. "The men, who were in full dress uniform," writes a correspondent, "showed exceptional training in horsemanship and rode their mounts magnificently, while the horses were in splendid condition. The command passed through the principal business streets of the city, and, all in all, it is deserving of especial credit. This is the general opinion of the veterans of the Civil War, who have marched behind many U.S. troops, all of which have done well, but none finer than the 10th Cavalry."

The three-day meeting of the Maryland United Hunts began at Pimlico on the afternoon of May 30 with an excellent card of seven races, which was thoroughly enjoyed by the large crowd. The first three events were run over a fast track, but then came a heavy shower, which made the going sloppy. The feature was the Officers' Army Service Gold Cup Race, which was won in easy fashion by the favorite, Metaphor, who went to the front on the far turn and breezed home with several lengths to spare. The winner was ridden by Lieut. R. G. Alexander. Second place went to Matabon. The race was the seventh run, distance one mile. Sumary: Metaphor, 164 (Lieut. R. G. Alexander), 6 to 5, won; Matabon. 161 (Lieut. C. K. Rockwell), 5 to 2, second; Colored Lady, 159 (Lieut. J. S. Greene), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:50. Kid Roos, Ned, May Lee and Athea also ran.

The Nautical Gazette reports that a cautionary signal has been adopted by the Engineering Department, U.S.A., for the use of all steamers, cutters, launches, etc., employed on hydrographic work by United States River and Harbor District No. 1 in the waters of the Hudson, East and Harlem Rivers, of Long Island Sound and of the waters adjacent thereto. The signal consists of a staff surmounted by a black canvas drum, directly underneath which is placed a red flag securely fastened to the staff. The signals are of three sizes, according to the size of the craft, and are to be displayed only by boats actually engaged upon work, the successful accomplishment of which makes it necessary that all passing craft shall slow down in passing and shall also give the signaling boat as wide a berth as may be necessary and practicable.

Lieut. Col. D. L. Brainard, chief commissary of the Philippines Division, has issued orders that the Subsistence Department potato farm at Camp Vickers, Department of Mindanao, will be abandoned. This action has been taken after careful experiment and a full trial under favorable conditions. The cause of the failure of the farm to produce good crops of potatoes is, in the opinion of those in charge, due to blight, which attacked the vines of the first planting after they had attained a good and vigorous growth. After this the blight spread from field to field, and in spite of the most determined efforts on the part of the superintendent of the farm and his assistants could not be controlled.

The Navy Department on June 1 approved the recommendation of the Academic Board that one member of the third class and four members of the fourth class in the Naval Academy be dropped on account of failure in studies. One member of the fourth class will be turned back into the next lower class. The Department on June 1 accepted the resignation of Midshipman G. F. Howell, first class, Naval Academy, to take effect July 5, 1911, instead of June 3, 1911. The resignation of Midshipman A. A. Rutter, first class, Naval Academy, was on June 1 accepted by the Department, to take effect June 5, 1911. It is understood that the two latter resignations are due to physical condition.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff, U.S.A., was on May 27 designated by Secretary of War Stimson to represent the War Department at the graduation exercises at West Point on July 12. General Wood left Washington May 27 for a trip of several days to Boston, where he will make an inspection of the Coast Artillery posts; to the Watervliet Arsenal, where he will inspect ordnance material, and a few of the field posts in New York state. General Wood has accepted an invitation to deliver the commencement address before the graduates of the Virginia Military Institute on June 26.

One hundred and twenty soldiers were killed by the explosion in the government arsenal at Managua, Nicaragua, on the night of May 31, according to a despatch to the State Department from Elliott Northcott, U.S. Minister to Nicaragua. It is officially announced that the explosion was the outcome of a plot by the Liberals to destroy President Diaz and other government officials. It was asserted that a conspiracy was on foot to start another revolution in the interest of ex-President Estrada.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press of May 23 says: "The first definite information regarding the proposed reorganization of the U.S. Army, as announced in recent despatches from Washington, was received at the head-quarters of the Department of Dakota yesterday as an article printed in the latest issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, a semi-official government organ. Officers at the St. Paul Army headquarters agreed the order would affect favorably the entire American Army and largely contribute to its preparedness for war."

The German army maneuvers this autumn will take place from Sept. 9 to 16 in Mecklenburg, Schleswig-Holstein and Pommerania. The Guards and the II. and IX. Army Corps will take part. H.M. the Emperor's headquarters will be at Mecklenburg-Strelitz. Everybody is allowed to see the maneuvers as well as the reviews. A special invitation to them can only be obtained through the American Embassy in Berlin.

In a report urging passage of S. 116, to maintain at the Military Academy an Engineers' detachment, Chairman du Pont says: "Under present conditions the Engineers' detachment in event of war would be broken up and returned to their companies, to the great detriment of the Academy."

PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

The retirement of Med. Dir. John C. Boyd, U.S.N., on June 1, 1911, promotes Medical Inspr. James E. Gardener. Medical Director Boyd has been on leave for some weeks pending his retirement, and a brief record of his services was previously given. Medical Director Gardener is a native of Virginia, and entered the Service Gardener is a native of Virginia, and entered the Service July 3, 1876, as an assistant surgeon. After serving on the receivingships Wabash and Colorado and at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va., he made a cruise in the Lancaster to the European Station. Other duties included duty with the Fish Commission steamer Albatross, monitor Amphitrite, Dolphin, New York, at the Naval Hospital at Cavite and other shore stations. His last assignment to duty was at Boston. Surg. George B. Wilson and P.A. Surg. Howard F. Strine will be promoted by the advancement of Gardener.

advancement of Gardener.

Lieut. Col. Joseph H. Pendleton, U.S.M.C., who becomes a colonel by the retirement of Colonel Wood on May 24, 1911, entered the Navy as a cadet engineer Oct. 1, 1878, and was appointed a second lieutenant in the Marine Corps on July 1, 1884. He was promoted first lieutenant in 1891, captain in 1899, major in 1903 and lieutenant colonel in 1908. His last assignment to duty was in command of the 1st Brigade of Marines in the Philippines.

Cont. Honey, C. Lyon, 26th U.S. Inf., who has been

the Philippines.

Capt. Henry G. Lyon, 26th U.S. Inf., who has been retired to date from May 23, 1911, with rank of major, after being found physically disqualified for duties of major of Infantry by reason of disability incident to the Service, was born in New York April 17, 1865. He was graduated from the U.S.M.A. in 1890 and assigned as a second lieutenant to the 17th Infantry. He was promoted first lieutenant, 24th Infantry, in 1897; captain, 22d Infantry, in 1899, and was transferred to the 17th Infantry in 1902. After completing a four years' detail in the Pay Department in 1910 he was assigned to the 26th Infantry. Major Lyon served in the field in South Dakota in the campaign against Sioux Indians during the winter of 1890-91. He was wounded in the assault on San Juan Hill on July 1, 1898, and has also served in the Philippines. Major Lyon is well known to New York National Guardsmen, who highly appreciated the instruction of the Major while he was assigned to duty with the state force.

Lieut. Col. John Biddle, Corps of Engrs., promoted

instruction of the Major while he was assigned to duty with the state force.

Licut. Col. John Biddle, Corps of Engrs., promoted colonel to date from Feb. 27, 1911, was born in Michigan Feb. 2, 1859, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A. June 11, 1881, No. 2 in the class, and was promoted in the Army to second lieutenant, Corps of Engineers. Among his various duties he served with the battalion of Engineers at Willets Point, N.Y., to June 15, 1884, and as Engineer officer, Department of Dakota, June 25, 1884, bo Dec. 15, 1887. He was assistant instructor of practical military engineering at the U.S.M.A. He was subsequently in charge of various river and harbor works. He was appointed lieutenant colonel and Chief Engineer, U.S. Volunteers, May 9, 1898, and was Chief Engineer, 1898, to Oct. 1, 1899. He served in the Philippines and was Chief Engineer, 6th U.S. Army Corps; Acting Chief Engineer, 1st Division, 1st U.S. Army Corps, and Chief Engineer, 1st U.S. Army Corps, up to the disbanding of the corps. He was Chief Engineer Officer, Philippines Division, to April, 1901, and was a member of the board to survey and improve a harbor at the island of Guam. He was aid to Brig. Gen. James H. Wilson, U.S.A., retired, in connection with the coronation services of King Edward VII., June 3, 1902, to July 26, 1902, and was subsequently, among other duties, Chief Engineer, Department of California. He is at present Division Engineer of the Pacific Division, with headquarters at San Francisco, Cal.

Lieut. Col. Frederick S. Strong, Coast Art., U.S.A., promoted colonel March 9, 1911, by the retirement of

Department of California. He is at present Division Engineer of the Pacific Division, with headquarters at San Francisco, Cal.

Lieut. Col. Frederick S. Strong, Coast Art., U.S.A., promoted colonel March 9, 1911, by the retirement of Hamilton, was born in Michigan Nov. 12, 1855. He was graduated from the U.S.M.A., class of June. 1890, and was assigned as a second lieutenant to the 4th Artillery. He served in that organization until promoted major, Artillery Corps, Nov. 28, 1904. He was promoted lieutenant colonel May 27, 1907, and was detailed to the Adjutant General's Department June 30, 1907. He is a graduate of the Artillery School, class of 1884. During his service Colonel Strong served after graduation leave at West Point as assistant instructor of tactics, and then served at posts in California, Washington and Oregon and Eastern posts. As professor of military science and tactics at the Michigan Military Academy, Orchard Lake, he brought the cadets there up to an unusually high order of drill. He took part in the Indian campaign, 1800-91, commanding the mounted battery operating with the 1st Cavalry. During the war with Spain he served as major and A.A.G. of Volunteers. Other services included duties at Fort Monroe, Va.; Superintendent of the Michigan Military Academy, Acting Inspector General and in the Philippines.

Lieut. Col. William C. Rafferty, Coast Art., promoted colonel March 3, 1911, was born in Indiana April 11, 1859, and is a graduate of the U.S.M.A., class of 1880. After graduation he was assigned as a second lieutenant to the 1st Artillery, and was in that organization until promoted major, Artillery Corps, April 14, 1905. He reached the grade of lieutenant colonel Jan. 20, 1908. His first post of duty after graduation was at Fort Columbus, N.Y., where he served until Nov. 10, 1881. He was subsequently on duty on the Pacific coast and Fort Monroe, and other services included frontier duty at Fort Canby, Wash., in 1887. He was commanding the defenses at Galveston, Texas, June 15 to Sept. 8, 1

response to the invitation of Stannard Post, No. 2, In response to the invitation of Stannard Post, No. 2, G.A.R., Col. T. W. Jones, of the 10th U.S. Cav., commanding at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., ordered two squadrons of his regiment on May 30, commanded by Lieut. Col. Charles H. Grierson, Lieut, Joseph C. King adjutant, to serve as escort to the Grand Army during the Memorial Day parade. First Squadron—Major William H. Hay commanding, Lieut. Duncan G. Richart adjutant; Troop I, Lieut. N. M. Cartmell commanding; Troop B, Lieut. William R. Pope commanding; Troop C, Lieut. James P. Castleman commanding; Trop D, Capt. John J. Ryan commanding. Third Squadron—Major Robert G. Paxton commanding, Lieut. Carl H. Muller adjutant. Troop I,

Lieut. N. M. Cartmell commanding; Troop K, Lieut. William A. Cornell commanding; Troop L, Lieut. William F. H. Godson commanding; Troop M, Capt. Henry W. Parker commanding. Aid to the chief marshal representing the 10th U.S. Cavalry, Lieut. A. T. Colley.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

"An engagement of interest," says the Spectator, of Vancouver, Wash., "is that of Miss Marguerite Hume, of Portland, and Lieut. Robert Sears, U.S.A., of Vancouver Barracks. The announcement was made at a luncheon in honor of Miss Louise Carey, given by Miss Hume at the home of her mother, Mrs. Emily Hamilton Hume. Later in the day Miss Elizabeth Sears entertained at the post with a buffet supper in honor of Miss Hume. About thirty-five young people of the post and a few intimate friends from Portland were present. The guests intimate friends from Portiand were present. The guests enjoyed afterward the informal hop at the gymnasium. Miss Hume is a graduate of Smith College, in the class of 1909, the same year Mr. Sears was graduated from West Point. While there he was prominent in athletics, being captain of the fencing team for two years, during which time he held the intercollegiate foils championship of the United States. Lieutenant Sears is the son of the late Judge Alfred F. Sears, jr., of Portland."

Announcement of the engagement of Miss Estelle Fay and Lieut. Kirby B. Crittenden, U.S.N., was made on May 26. Miss Fay is a sister of Miss Maud Fay, a prima donna, now singing abroad. Lieutenant Crittenden is inspector of the construction of submarines at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, Cal.

May 26. Miss Fay is a sister of Miss Maud Fay, a prima donna, now singing abroad. Lieutenant Crittenden is inspector of the construction of submarines at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, Cal.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Mrs. Bessie Draper McKeldin, of Atlanta, Ga., to Lieut. Coundr. Leigh C. Palmer, U.S.N., naval aid to the President, is Director of Target Practice and Director of Engineering Competition of the Navy.

One of the beautiful weddings of the year in Omsha, Neb., was that celebrated at Trinity Cathedral May 25, 1911. when Miss Ruth Lord, daughter of Major Herbert M. Lord, Pay Dept. U.S.A., became the bride of Mr. Franklin Van Rensselaer. The maid of honor was Miss Mary Richardson. The bridesmaids were Miss Middred Rogers, Miss Nannie Page and Miss Helen Forbes. Mr. Charles Vosburgh was best man. The ushers were Mr. Selden Armat, Mr. Taylor Belcher, Mr. Jeremiah Van Rensselaer, ir., Mr. John Guild and Mr. Joseph Barton. Dean Tancock performed the ceremony. The party entered the cathedral to the march from "Lohengrin." Miss Lord wore an imported crêpe gown of old ivory tint, heavily embroidered in roses and leaves. Some very old land-run Spanish lace formed the draped tunic and the V-shaped bodice. A tulle veil was held in place by orange blossoms. The bride carried orange blossoms sent to her from California. Miss Mary Richardson, the maid of honor, wore yellow marquisette over white and carried disises. The bridesmaids were gowned in the same shade of yellow. They wore butterfly bows of tulle, with daisies, in their hair, and carried bouquets of daisies and irris. The church carried out the scheme of yellow They wore butterfly bows of tulle, with daisies, in their hair, and carried bouquets of daisies and irris. The church carried on the scheme of yellow They wore butterfly bows of tulle, with daisies, in their hair, and carried bouquets of daisies and irris. The church carried on the scheme of yellow They wore butterfly bows of tulle, with daisies, in their hair, and carrie

Pa., announce the engagement of their daughter, Nellie Holmes, to Lieut. Smith A. Harris, 14th U.S. Inf., the wedding to occur June 21, 1911.

Mrs. Cora V. Allen announces the engagement of her daughter, Louise Hack, to Capt. Ernest Van Dyke Murphy. 27th U.S. Inf. Miss Allen is the sister of Lieut. C. M. Allen, 5th Field Art., U.S.A.

Miss Lucy Lees Garrard, daughter of Col. Joseph Garrard, 15th U.S. Cav., was married to Lieut. Victor Foster, U.S.A., in the administration building at Fort Myer, Va., May 31, 1911, the arrangements for the ceremony being unique. There was a real theatrical stage setting as a background for the ecremony, and the band of the 15th Cavalry made the arrangements for a transformation of the administration building. Going to Washington, they found in the Playhouse, society's private theater. a setting of Exptian scenery which had been painted for Mr. James F. J. Archibald's play, "The Outpost," when it was produced several months ago by Mr. Robert Edeson. They decided that that was what they wanted, and they had the scenery taken to the fort and set up. The scene was embellished with quantities of roses and other flowers. Miss Valerie Garrard, sister of the bride, was her chief attendant. The others were Misses Eleanor Grant, Linnor Booth, Mary White, Laura White, Clare Swift and Miss Hirshinger. Capt. Howard H. Bailey, Med. Corps, U.S.A., was best man, and the ushers were Capt. George W. Kirkpatrick, Capt. Warren Dean, Capt. Julian R. Lindsey, Lieut. William L. Moose, Lieut. William R. Loverton and Lieut. George M. Russell, all of the 15th Cav. The Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim, of the Church of the Epiphany, read the marriage service, assisted by Chaplain Brander. The bride wore white Chantilly lace over white satin, with a court train of point de Venise lace. Her tulle veil was trimmed with lace which was worn by her grandmother. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and gardenias.

A coming wedding that will attract not only Boston society, but that of the North Shore of Ma

a grandson of former Governor Newell, of New Jersey. He is now attached to the U.S.S. Celtic. The Terhunes make their winter residence at the Hotel Lenox, Boston, but are now at their summer home, Clifton, Mass., a part of Marblehead. The ceremony will take place there on Thursday, June 22. Over 1,000 invitations have been issued for the reception.

Miss Louise Chalmers daughter of Dr. Thomas C.

part of Marblehead. The ceremony will take place there on Thursday, June 22. Over 1,000 invitations have been issued for the reception.

Miss Louise Chalmers, daughter of Dr. Thomas C. Chalmers, was married to Mr. Reginald Ducat, son of the late Bvt. Brig. Gen. Arthur C. Ducat, U.S.A., in Grace Church, New York city, June 1, 1911, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery officiating. The bride entered the church with her father, who gave her away. She wore a gown of white satin, trimmed with old point lace, which was worn by her grandmother at her wedding. The tulle veil was fastened with a spray of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of illies of the valley and white roses. The bride was attended by Miss Elizabeth Ducat, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Catharine Rice, of New Haven: Miss Mildred Fearn, of Washington; Miss Mildred Gillet and Miss Mary Bayne, of New York. Dr. Davis Baker was best man, and the ushers were Dr. E. T. Rulison and Messrs. Frederick C. Tanner, Langdon Gillet and Artemas Ward, ir. There was a small reception at the home of Dr. Chalmers, No. 29 West Ninth street. Mr. and Mrs. Ducat will spend four months in Europe and then reside in New York.

The engagement of Miss Artie Katharine Peyton, sister of Major E. G. Peyton, Phil. Scouts (captain, U.S.A.), and Mr. William M. Connor, jr., has been announced, the wedding to take place upon the arrival of the S.S. Darvel at Zamboanga. Mindanao, P.I., in October, when the young people will go to Singapore for a brief honeymoon. Miss Peyton comes from one of the oldest Mississippi families. Her grandfather, Ephraim G. Peyton, was one of this state's most able jurists. Miss Peyton was educated at the Industrial Institute and College, of Columbus. She completed both the B.S. and B.A. courses. Mr. Connor, who is Attorney for the Moro Province and a member of the Legislative Council, is also one of the state's most able jurists. Miss Peyton and was educated at the Industrial Institute and College, of Columbus. She completed both the B.S. and B.A. courses.

RECENT DEATHS.

In sending us a regimental order from the 11th U.S. Cavalry, dated San Antonio, Texas, May 11, 1911, referring to the death of Major John T. Haines, 7th Cav. at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, May 11, 1911, which appeared in our issue of May 27, page 1170, and the obituary, which appeared May 13, page 1107, a correspondent says: "This is only the same idea that has been held of this distinguished officer by all who have ever met him throughout his career. His death was especially met him throughout his career. His death was especially felt in his regiment, as he was more closely identified with this new regiment than any officer who has ever felt in his regiment, as he was more closely identified with this new regiment than any officer who has ever been in it. He was the first captain to take command of a troop when the organization of the regiment started. Many officers still remain with the regiment that were with it at its birth, and they will always miss the able advice that could be secured from Major Haines. There are few men that have been blessed with the ability, brains and common sense of Jack Haines. The Army never lost an abler officer, and his regiment suffers a blow that comes to but few. At the simple funeral services at the resident of the adjutant general of the Department of Texas, where the body lay waiting for the train to carry it to Arlington Cemetery, hardly a dry eye was seen. Tall, stalwart men of his troop broke down during the ceremony, and here was manifested an appreciation of the wonderful possession of those military virtues in a commander that appeal to soldiers. In handling men and leading them none possessed a higher degree of courage and a finer sense of justice than Major Haines. And should his brother officers and the enlisted men of his regiment have spoken to him as he lay quietly resting in his last sleep they would have said, 'You, sir, were a great soldier.' His remains were escorted to the train by his troop and accompanied on their last journey by his loving and devoted wife. To-day he sleeps in Arlington beside his soldier father and soldier friends, but the beauties of his character, the example he set of all military virtues, remain as an incentive to his comrades, and a goal that highest emulation should try to reach."

The Navy Department has been advised of the death of Civil Engr. Alfred C. Lewerenz, U.S.N., retired, at Detroit, Mich., May 27, 1911. He was born in Michigan on Sept. 24, 1870, and entered the Navy as a civil engineer Feb. 23, 1899, serving at the navy yard, New York, N.Y., until May, 1899. He served at the naval station, New London, Conn., May, 1899, to January, 1903; at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., February, 1903, to January, 1906. On duty at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., as head of the department of yards and docks, January, 1907, to July, 1909. Attained the rank of lieutenant commander Oct. 18, 1909. Served on duty at the naval station. Hawaii, H.T., July, 1909, to March, 1911, this being his last active duty. He was transferred to the retired list of officers of the Navy on May 4, 1911, on account of physical disability incurred in the line of duty.

Mr. James Wallace Kerrick, a pioneer of San Joaquin

in the line of duty.

Mr. James Wallace Kerrick, a pioneer of San Joaquin county, Cal., father of Lieut. Charles I. Kerrick, U.S.N., died at his home in the Woodland Colony, near Modesto, Cal., May 24, 1911, after an illness of several weeks. He was a native of Kentucky and seventy-eight vears of age. Mr. Kerrick went to California in 1853, and settled in San Joaquin county, where he acquired large land interests. He engaged in farming with the exception of twelve years, when he served as treasurer and tax collector of San Joaquin county. He took a leading part in all affairs pertaining to the progress of San Joaquin county, and was highly esteemed by all. He leaves a wife, Katherine Kerrick, and seven children.

In an order dated Albany, N.Y., May 22, 1911, an-

In an order dated Albany, N.Y., May 22, 1911, announcing the death of Brig. Gen. James Horace Lloyd, Brevet Major General, at his home in Troy, N.Y., May 21, 1911, Governor Dix says: "The death of General Lloyd removes from the ranks of the National Guard of this state one who for more than twenty-eight years has labored with conspicuous ability and success to increase

its efficiency and maintain its prestige, and one who at all times retained the confidence and esteem of his superiors and the respect, support and affection of his subordinates."

all times retained the confidence and esteem of his superiors and the respect, support and affection of his superiors and the respect, support and affection of his subordinates."

Brig. Gen. John L. Bullis, Civil War veteran and Indian fighter, died at San Antonio, Texas, May 26, 1911, from apoplexy. He was born in New York April 17, 1841, and was educated at Macedon Centre and Lima, N.Y. He joined Company H, 126th New York Volunteer Infantry, on Aug. 8, 1862, being discharged Aug. 17, 1864, in order that he might accept the commission of captain in the 118th U.S. Colored Volunteer Infantry the next day. He was on Sept. 3, 1867, appointed a second lieutenant in the 41st Infantry in the Regular Army, and was transferred to the 24th Infantry in 1869. He became a first lieutenant in 1873, captain in 1886 and was appointed major and paymaster in 1897. He was brevetted captain Feb. 27, 1890, for gallant services in action against Indians at Remoulina, Mexico, May 18, 1873, and on the Pecos River, Texas, April 26, 1875, and major at the same time for gallant services in action against Indians arear Saragossa. Mexico, July 30, 1876, and in action against Indians in the Burro Mountains, Mexico, May 3, 1881. A detachment of the 10th Cavalry, consisting of twenty picked men, and twenty Seminole scouts, under the command of Lieutenant Bullis, in 1876, made a march of 110 miles in twenty-five hours, and thereby succeeded in surprising a camp of twenty-three lodges of hostile Lipaus and Kickapoos near Saragossa. Mexico. He was appointed a brigadier general on April 13, 1905, and was placed on the retired list of the Army the following day on his own request, after a service of forty years. General Bullis leaves a widow, Mrs. Josephine Withers Bullis; three daughters, Lydia, Anita and Octavia; a sister, Mrs. Theodore J. Wint, wife of the late General Wint; an uncle, Stephen Lapham, of Macedon, N.Y.; a cousin, Mrs. William Hoyt, of Buffalo, N.Y. and a nephew, O. Bullis, of Benson, Minn. He was a Mason. His clubs were the Scie

placed one upon it.

Mrs. Alida Gardner Almy, who died in Washington.
D.C., May 27, 1911, of heart disease, was the widow of
Rear Admiral John J. Almy. U.S.N. They were married
in New York. Mrs. Almy had lived for many years in
Washington, and was seventy-eight years old. Mrs.
Almy's father was Col. C. K. Gardner, U.S.A., and her
mother was Eliza McLain, who came from the New York
family of that name. She leaves one son, Comdr.
Augustus C. Almy, U.S.N., retired, who lives at Coronado
Beach, Cal., and two daughters, Mrs. Annie Haines, of
Washington, widow of Major John T. Haines, U.S.A.,
who died at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, May 11, 1911,
and Mrs. Sadie Price, of New York city, wife of H.
Brooks Price, an architect.

Adjutant General Pearson, of Massachusetts, in pro-

Brooks Price, an architect.

Adjutant General Pearson, of Massachusetts, in promulgating an order from the Governor, under date of May 22, announcing the death at Boston, Mass., of Major Gen, William H. Brigham, retired, after giving the record of the deceased, says: "During an active service of approximately sixteen years in commission he displayed great firmness and energy, as well as kindness and courtesy, in the discharge of the various duties of his different positions, culminating in the praise of the authorities of the War Department for the efficient manner in which the relations of the Federal Government with the Commonwealth were maintained. The Militia loses one of its strongest, most reliable and loyal personalities."

Brig, Gen. Daniel W. Burke, U.S.A., retired, holder

loses one of its strongest, most reliable and loyal personalities."

Brig. Gen. Daniel W. Burke, U.S.A., retired, holder of a medal of honor, and who was awarded two brevets for gallant conduct in the Civil War, died in Portland, Ore., May 30, 1911. He was born in Connecticut April 23, 1841, and joined the 2d U.S. Infantry as a private June 10, 1858, rising in the ranks to corporal and first sergeant. He was appointed a second lieutenant in the 2d U.S. Infantry July 18, 1862, and served in that organization until promoted captain in the 45th Infantry, Jan. 22, 1867. In July, 1869, he was transferred to the 14th Infantry. He was promoted major, 23d Infantry, Aug. 13, 1894; lieutenant colonel, 11th Infantry, Dec. 2, 1897; colonel, 17th Infantry, Sept. 8, 1899, and brigadier general, Oct. 20, 1899. He was retired Oct. 21, 1899, at his own request after forty years' service. When he first joined the Army General Burke took part in a period of Indian fighting in the West, and was then sent to Missouri at the outbreak of the Civil War. In the battle of Wilson's Creek he was severely wounded and made a prisoner. When liberated he rejoined the Army of the Potomac. General Burke was again wounded at the battle of Gaines's Mills. During an engagement at Sheperdstown Ford in September, 1862, he voluntarily undertook to spike a gun in the face of the enemy. For this action he received a medal of honor from Congress. He was brevetted captain and major for gallant and meritorious services at Gettysburg.

PERSONALS.

PERSONALS.

Lieut. Comdr. Henry V. Butler, U.S.N.. entertained a party of young people at dinner at the Chevy Chase Club, Washington, D.C., May 30.

Lieut. Alexander Sharp, U.S.N., and Mrs. Sharp, whose marriage took place recently, have returned to Washington, and are at the navy yard.

Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, U.S.N., retired, and Mrs. Schley will leave Washington, D.C., for Atlantic City on June 10 for several weeks.

Lieut. George W. Danforth, U.S.N., and Mrs. Danforth have as their guest at their home in Annapolis Mrs. Danforth's mother, Mrs. Hennick, of Brooklyn, N.Y. Countess de Buisseret left Washington, D.C., June 1.

Countess de Buisseret left Washington, D.C., June 1, for Whitehall, the country home of her parents, Major Gen. John P. Story, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Story, near Annapolis, to spend June.

near Annapolis, to spend June.

Capt. Warren Dean, U.S.A., entertained at supper following a kitchen shower in Washington, D.C., May 25, complimentary to Miss Lucy Garrard and Lieut. Victor Foster, whose marriage took place May 31.

An informal dinner was given at the Hotel Sheldon, at El Paso, Texas, May 30, 1911, by the Mayor and a committee of citizens of El Paso in honor of the officers of the 4th U.S. Cavalry and the 23d U.S. Infantry and prominent visitors,

Lieut. Comdr. Arthur MacArthur, jr., U.S.N., and Mrs MacArthur will spend the summer at Provincetown, Mass

Miss Emily Beatty, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Beatty, and Miss Marguerite Caperton are at Annapolis, to spend June week, and are the guests of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Hinds, U.S.N.

Col. David DuB, Gaillard, U.S.A., and Mrs. Gailla and Col. O. L. Hein, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Hein and New York city for a few days, and are staying the Hotel Wolcott.

Major Gen. George L. Gillespie, U.S.A., and M. Gillespie, of Washington, D.C., are at the Hotel Buingham, New York city, for a week, before going their summer home in Saratoga Springs.

Mrs. Schroeder, wife of Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, U.S.N., who arrived at Newport, R.I., May 27, on board the flagship Connecticut, gave a dinner for the Admiral at their summer home at Jamestown, R.I., the same evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Gould have returned from their honeymoon in Europe, and are visiting Pay Dir. and Mrs. I. Goodwin Hobbs, parents of Mrs. Gould, at Newport. R.I. Later they will go to their home in Washington, D.C.

Brig. Gen. William W. Wotherspoon, U.S.A., and Mrs. Wotherspoon invited a number of guests to luncheon at Washington, D.C., May 30, to meet Col. William C. Gorgas, U.S.A., and Mrs. Gorgas, who arrived in Washington several days ago from Ancon, Panama.

Comdr. Nathan C. Twining, U.S.N., was on May 25 confirmed by the Senate to be Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the Navy Department for four years, with the rank of rear admiral. He succeeds Rear Admiral Mason, who resigned the office on account of failing health.

health.

Miss Sally Ovenshine, daughter of Gen, and Mrs. Ovenshine, left Washington, D.C., May 25, for West Point, where she will spend a short time before going to Nova Scotia for the summer. Gen, and Mrs. Ovenshine will stop in Atlantic City before going to Nova Scotia, where they have a summer home.

Mrs. J. C. Fairfax (née Pollock), entertained the Army and Navy Girls' Club of California at her home at Fort McDowell, Angel Island, Saturday, May 20. A buffet luncheon was served, after which, for the diversion of the afternoon, a musical guessing game was enjoyed, the prize being won by Miss Alice Stewart, of Berkeley. The guests returned to San Francisco on the 4:20 tug. Military field mass for the Snanish War dead was

The guests returned to San Francisco on the 4:20 tug.

Military field mass for the Spanish War dead was celebrated in Washington, D.C., May 28, about the Washington monument, before an audience of fully 25,000 people. President Taft. members of the Cabinet, the diplomatic corps and of Congress were in the audience. The mass was preceded by a parade of the local veterans' association, the National Guard companies of Washington and members of Catholic organizations. About 9,000 men marched in the parade, 2,000 of whomever Spanish War veterans and local Militiamen. Monsignor Russell conducted the mass and a chorus of 125 voices sang the service.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected

Monsignor Russell conducted the mass and a chorus of 125 voices sang the service.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected in the Maryland Commandery, M.O.L.L.U.S., at the annual meeting in Baltimore, Md., May 5: Commander, Major Eric Bergland, U.S.A.; senior vice commander, Lieut. Thomas Goodwillie, U.S.V.; junior. vice commander, Lieut. Thomas M. Dukchart, U.S.N.; recorder, Lieut. Joseph J. Janney, U.S.V.; registrar, Ensign Henry F. Dorton, U.S.N.; treasurer, Capt. Francis M. Smith, U.S.V.; chancellor, Mr. William Kennedy Boone; chaplain, Lieut. Benjamin B. Owens, U.S.V.; council, Col. John A. Tompkins, U.S.V., Capt. John R. King, U.S.V., Gen. Charles F. Macklin, Mr. Clinton Warner Stork and Mr. Adam S. Tarr.

Under direction of Chaplains Rice and Murphy, with Chief Musician Savoca in charge of the music, the enlisted men of Fort Sheridan enjoyed a moving picture entertainment in Fort Sheridan Theater Monday evening, May 29, in which the program included a concert by the 27th Infantry band; showing of 3,000 feet of comfeal and educational moving pictures, and a performance of amateur vaudeville. Other entertainments announced by the Chaplains follow: June 3, soldiers' dance in the gymnasium: June 4, illustrated lecture in the guardhouse for the prisoners; June 6, moving pictures in the hospital for the sick men: June 8, professional vaudeville, Fort Sheridan Theater; June 10, soldiers' hop; June 13, concert and pictures, Fort Sheridan Theater; post school three nights a week in winter. No admission is charged to any of the entertainments except the professional vaudeville.

The tenth annual meeting of the National Commandery of the Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-Amer-

school three nights a week in winter. No admission is charged to any of the entertainments except the professional vaudeville.

The tenth annual meeting of the National Commandery of the Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War, which opened in Detroit, Mich., May 26, was concluded May 27 with the banquet at the Hotel Pontchartrain. Following the invocation by Rev. Henry A. F. Hoyt, chaplain-in-chief, Judge James O. Murfin, who acted as toastmaster, opened the program of speeches, and introduced Governor Chase Osborn, who welcomed the members of the Commandery to Michigan. Rear Admiral Purnell F. Harrington, U.S.N., thanked the city and state, for the Order, for the hospitality extended to it, and then recalled the historic significance of Detroit. He continued by paying a tribute to the Volunteers in the Army and Navy and to Secretary Newberry. Other speakers included Abner E. Larned and Major George F. Shiels. Col. Edward E. Hardin, U.S.A., as the commander-in-chief elect, made a graceful speech of acknowledgment. The tables were tastefully decorated with Spanish and with American flags, and the hotel orchestra played patriotic airs during the elaborate banquet. The ladies of the party were entertained at a theater party during the evening. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Commander-in-chief. Col. Edward E. Hardin, U.S.A., New York; senior vice commander, Gen. George W. Lauman, Chicago; junior vice commander, Gen. George W. Lauman, Chicago; junior vice commander, Col. George V. Lauman, Chicago; junior vice commander, Col. George V. Lauman, Chicago; junior vice commander, Col. George C. Lauman, C

A daughter, Maude Ellen McGrann, was born to the wife of Comdr. William H. McGrann, U.S.N., at New York city, May 29, 1911.

Major General Merriam, U.S.A., with Mrs. Merriam and Miss Merriam, will occupy their cottage at Prout's Neck, Me., from June 1.

Capt. A. B. Owens, U.S.M.C., who was detached from duty at Annapolis, Md., June 1, will sail from San Francisco for Guam about July 5 to assume command of the Marine Barracks at Guam.

Comdr. Thomas Washington, U.S.N. essistent to Resp.

Marine Barracks at Guam.

Comdr. Thomas Washington, U.S.N., assistant to Rear Admiral W. P. Potter, Aid for Personnel at the Navy Department, has been detailed for duty as secretary to the so-called "plucking board," of which Rear Admiral Richard Wainwright is president, to select officers for compulsory retirement.

Mrs. Edwin Gunner, wife of Lieut. Edwin Gunner, 17th U.S. Inf., formerly Miss Spurgin, won on May 22 the championship in women's single from Miss Wimer, the title holder, in the Middle Atlantic States Tennis Tournament, held in Washington. D.C. Mrs. Edwin Gunner won the title from Miss Marie Wimer by splendid playing, 4—6, 6—4 and 8—6.

Cant. and Mrs. Davis B. Wills, U.S.M.C., have arrived.

Capt. and Mrs. Davis B. Wills, U.S.M.C., have arrived in Washington and taken an apartment. Captain Wills has been on duty in charge of the office of the Assistant Paymaster, U.S. Marine Corps, New York, for two years. Mrs. Wills will be remembered as the youngest of the daughters of the late Rear Admiral Joseph S. Skerrett, U.S.N.

daughters of the late Rear Admiral Joseph S. Skerrett, U.S.N.

Secretary Meyer on May 26 accepted the resignation of Midshipman H. A. Bagg, to take effect June 1. Bagg, who was assigned to the battleship Georgia July 5 last, shortly after graduating from the Naval Academy, will be detached from his ship on June 1. Bagg is a native of New York, from which state he was appointed to the Naval Academy May 1, 1905.

Col. and Mrs. Louis Breehemin arrived in New York last week after a most delightful trip around the world. They have been traveling ever since they left Manila on Jan. 11. They will remain in New York, the guests of their daughter. Mrs. David Gillespie (who, as Miss Lillian Breehemin, was one of the most popular girls in the Army), at 228 West Eighty-second street, until the Colonel is ordered to his new station.

Gen. D. S. Gordon. U.S.A.. retired, residing at the Hotel Victoria, San Francisco, Cal., was the recipient of many congratulations and flowers at a dinner given to him by his son, P. K. Gordon, of the Southern Pacific Railroad, at his residence, 3956 Washington street, in honor of the seventv-ninth anniversary of his father's birth, on May 23. The General, as to health, strength and looks, is a marvel for his years, and, judging from his appearance, he is good for many more anniversaries.

Midshipman Peter Powell Rodes, of Kentucky, of the class of '13 it is genoried was seriously injused in a

his appearance, he is good for many more anniverseries.

Midshipman Peter Powell Rodes, of Kentucky, of the class of '13. it is reported, was seriously injured in a football game between the Naval Academy and Lehigh University and he has not yet recovered. Midshipman Rodes was injured about the head during the game, and he was immediately placed under the care of physicians. He later got leave to return to his home in Kentucky, and he remained there until quite recently, when he returned to the Academy, but his health, it is reported, is still impaired.

is still impaired.

Companions of the California Commandery, M.O.L.

L.U.S., at their annual meeting in San Francisco, May

24, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:
Commander, Bvt. Briz. Gen. Edward S. Salomon, U.S.V.;
senior vice commander, Acting Master Washington C.

Coulson, U.S.N.; junior vice commander, Major William

R. Maize, U.S.A.; recorder, Bvt. Lieut. Col. William C.

Alberger, U.S.V.; treasurer, Cant. C. Mason Kinne,
U.S.V.; chancellor, Mr. Leonard E. Chenery, hereditary;
chaplain, Chablain William F. Hubbard, U.S.A.; council,
Byt. Lieut. Col. Jesse B. Fuller, U.S.V. Rear Admiral

O. W. Farenholt, U.S.N., Brig. Gen. Frank M. Coxe,
U.S.A., Capt. George W. Merrill, U.S.V., Lieut. John

R. Wilbur, U.S.V. The election as a member of the
Commandery of Comdr. G. K. Haswell, U.S.N., is announced.

The pennant of the Military Order of the Carabao

R. Wilbur, U.S.V. The election as a member of the Commandery of Comdr. G. K. Haswell, U.S.N., is announced.

The pennant of the Military Order of the Carabao waved in triumph over the historic Marshall Hall on May 27. The occasion was the annual shad bake of the Order, when about 250 Carabaos and their guests indulged in a characteristic wallow. There was just enough serious talk at the dinner to form an excellent background for the gaiety of the event. Interlarded with serious discussions of the past and future of the Army by Gen. John C. Black and Gen. George H. Harries were stories and jokes of the Carabaos and music by the "Song Birds" of the Order. Capt. J. J. Knapp, U.S.N., as toastmaster, conducted the affair in a manner which added much to the fame of the Carabaos as entertainers. He met with so much trouble in suppressing the enthusiasm of the Bombinero of the occasion, Capt. J. R. R. Hannay, U.S.A., that "court-martial proceedings" were instituted against this important functionary, and his case was submitted to a vote of the diners. Everybody voted on both sides of the question, but as the nays were shouted with more enthusiasm Captain Knapp decided the case in favor of Captain Hannay, and he was continued to serve as Bombinero, much to the enjoyment of the occasion were Briz. Gen. George B. Davis. U.S.A., retired, Brig. Gen. Winfield S. Edgerly, U.S.A., retired, Comdr. Marbury Johnson, U.S.N., and Hon. Frank Crosthwait, Washington. D.C. Among the invited guests were Major Gens. C. F. Humphrey, George B. Davis. W. P. Biddle, Robert M. O'Reilly: Brig. Gens. Edwin A. Godwin, Robert K. Evans, George H. Torney, Enoch H. Crowder; Cols. Guy Edie, Carl Reichmann, John B. Porter, Joseph Garrard. George M. Dunn, Charles A. Williams, J. R. Kean, Frank R. McCoy; Majors M. W. Ireland, Francis A. Wilter, Carl R. Darnall, R. F. Cheatham, H. M. Morrow, H. L. Pettus. F. F. Russell; Capts. E. T. Hartmann, C. R. Howland, C. F. Humphrey, jr., H. D. Thomason, Julian M. Cabell, R. J. Burt, Warren Dean, Harry N. Cootes, A

A daughter, Alice Virginia Torrey, was born to the wife of Lieut. Daniel H. Torrey, U.S.A., at Zamboanga, Mindanso, P.I., April 8, 1911.

Mindanso, P.I., April 8, 1911.

Gen. and Mrs. T. M. Anderson, U.S.A., have gone to their summer home on the Columbia River. Their post-office address is Vancouver, R. D. 1, Wash.

A son, Frederick W. Coleman, 3d, was born to the wife of Capt. F. W. Coleman, 10th U.S. Inf., at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., May 25, 1911.

The friends of Mrs. Walter McLean, wife of Capt. Walter McLean, U.S.N., will be glad to know that she is slowly improving from her recent severe illness.

Miss Sally Ovenshine, daughter of General Ovenshine, U.S.A., is visiting at West Point, N.Y. She will later join her parents at Nova Scotia for the summer.

Mrs. Bassett, wife of Lieut. Prentiss P. Bassett,

on her parents at Nova Scotia for the summer.

Mrs. Bassett, wife of Lieut. Prentiss P. Bassett,
U.S.N., expects to leave Annapolis, Md., early in June,
for California, where she will spend several months.

Lieut. and Mrs. Robert Henderson, U.S.N., and Rear
Admiral and Mrs. Newton E. Mason, U.S.N., were
among the dinner hosts at the Chevy Chase Club, Md.,
on May 27.

The friends of Capt. B. T. Simmons, U.S.A., and Mrs. Simmons will be glad to know that their son, Benjamin Taylor, jr., has entirely recovered from a severe spell of typhoid fever.

Capt. John H. A. Day, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Day have one to Jamestown, R.I., to spend the summer with her arents, Rear Admiral Leavitt C. Logan, U.S.N., retired, and Mrs. Logan. parents, and Mrs.

Mrs. Logan.

Mrs. Fremont, widow of Rear Admiral John C.

Fremont, U.S.N., and Miss Jessie Fremont have left
Washington, D.C., for their summer home, Henry Coxe
Farm, Pemberton, N.J.

Farm, Pemberton, N.J.

Mrs. Henry W. Fitch, widow of Chief Engineer Fitch,
U.S.N., and the Misses Fitch, who are now at Lake
Como, Italy, expect to return to the United States in
the late fall, after a year spent in European travel.

Col. John D. Hall, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hall
are spending the summer with their son. Lieut. Dean
Hall, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A., at Fort Hamilton, New
York, where their son has recently been ordered for

Mrs. Southerland, wife of Rear Admiral William H. H. Southerland, U.S.N., and the Misses Southerland will leave Washington, D.C., early in June for the Pacific coast, to be near Admiral Southerland, who is with the Pacific Fleet.

Mrs. Charles Sperry, widow of Rear Admiral Sperry. U.S.N., who has spent the past few weeks in Washington, D.C., with Mrs. Worthington at her residence on H street, left June 2 for Colorado, where she will be with ther son, Mr. Charles Sperry, jr.

her son, Mr. Charles Sperry, Jr.

A son, John Kay Strickland, was born to the wife of Mr. Edwin L. Strickland at Brooklyn, N.Y.. May 28.
Mrs. Strickland is the sister of Lieut. Joseph C. Kay, 2d U.S. Inf., and daughter of Major Joseph Kay, late major, U.S.V., Spanish-American Wat.

Rear Admiral R. B. Bradford, U.S.N., left Washington, D.C., on June 1, and has gone to his country place in Maine for the summer. Mrs. Bradford and Miss Rose Mary Bradford will close their Washington residence and join him there on June 15.

Capt. Charles G. Hill, surgeon attached to Troop A, Maryland National Guard, left Baltimore, Md., May 24, for the maneuver camp at San Antonio, Texas. Dr. Hill is physician-in-chief of Mount Hope Retreat and one of the most prominent alienists of the country.

Miss Annie D. Ward, daughter of Brig. Gen. Henry

Miss Annie D. Ward, daughter of Brig. Gen. Henry Ward, U.S.A., retired, sailed or London and a tour f Europe on the Minnehaha, Atlantic Transport Line, aturday, May 27, with Mrs. Gray and Mrs. Curtis, ister of President Underwood, of the Eric Railway.

Mayor Gaynor, of New York, has appointed a committee of thirty for the celebration of Columbus Day, Oct. 12. Among those on the committee are Robert W. de Forest, Jacob H. Schiff, Isador Straus, John D. Crimmins, Gens Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A., and Charles F. Roe, N.G.N.Y.

de Forest, Jacob H. Schiff, Isador Straus, John D. Crimmins, Gens Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A., and Charles F. Roe, N.G.N.Y.

A picture of Capt. C. McR. Winslow, U.S.N., at present on duty as Supervisor of New York Harbor, is published by Shipping Illustrated of May 20, together with an article complimentary to the Captain, which says, in part: "Born in the District of Columbia, Captain Winslow is the son of that famous naval officer, Rear Admiral John A. Winslow, who commanded the old Kearsarge in the memorable fight with the Alabama. As his name distinctly denotes, Captain Winslow is of Scottish descent. He was appointed to the Naval Academy Sept. 20, 1870, by President Grant, and graduated June 21, 1875. Captain Winslow commanded the cruiser Charleston on the occasion of Secretary Elihu Root's cruise around the coast of South America. Before being assigned to the Charleston he was on duty in the Bureau of Navigation and served as naval aid to President Roosevelt. He commanded the renowned Mayflower, used by the ex-President as official yacht, for nearly five years. In the war with Spain he was attached to the gunboat Nashville. He distinguished himself at Cienfuegos in the cable cutting expedition of which he had charge, and was slightly wounded. This expedition was one of the most daring exploits of the war, and earned Captain Winslow an advance of several numbers in grade. He was the first officer to command the torpedobat Cushing, the first vessel of its type commissioned in the U.S. Navy. One of the ablest and most popular officers in the Service, he is an expert tactician, a man of deep study, wide observation and great intelligence, and the War Department has proved singularly fortunate in its choice of a guardian for the important channels of the harbor of New York. Captain Winslow has a small fleet under his orders, consisting of six steam tugs and one launch. Four of the tugs, viz., the Lamont, the Scout, the Cerberus and the Nimrod, are employed in maintaining a permanent patrol, night and day, of th

Brig. Gen. William Ennis, U.S.A., retired, is at the osmos, Newport, R.I.

A son was born on May 29, 1911, to Lieut. Julian S. Hatcher, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hatcher.

A daughter, Mary Hyland, was born to the wife of Lieut. John J. Hyland, U.S.N., at Springfield, Mass., May 24, 1911.

Capt. Harold Wellington Jones, U.S.A., and Mrs. Jones have removed to 3327 Twentieth street, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Lieut. R. H. Fletcher, jr., 8th U.S. Inf., is the guest Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Leon A. Matile at the Cairo, ashington, D.C.

Mrs. Howze, wife of Lieut. Gerald Howze, U.S.N left Annapolis, Md., this week, for Detroit, Mich., the gone for some time.

be gone for some time.

Lieut. S. W. Winfree, 9th Cav., who has been abroad on four months' leave, has returned to join his regiment at the maneuvers at San Antonio, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Westcott and Mrs. Roscoe C. Bulmer left Washington, D.C., May 30, with a party of young people for a motor trip through Virginia for several days.

Mrs. Stanley Koch is the guest of her parents, Major and Mrs. N. F. McClure, at Schofield Barracks, Honolu, during the absence of Lieutenant Koch on the exican border.

U.S. Cav., has, after a long and serious illness of over fourteen months, sufficiently recovered to join her hus-band at Moscow, Idaho, where Lieutenant Cathro is on duty as professor of military science and tactics at the University of Idaho.

university of Idaho.

Miss Lulie Williamson, daughter of Chief Engr. Thom Williamson, U.S.N., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Herbert Wilson, at Sewickly, Pittsburg, Pa. Chief Engr. and Mrs. Williamson will close their R street home, in Washington, June 15, and go to Chevy Chase, Md., for the summer months.

Capt. Albert N. Wood, U.S.N., has signified his readiness to serve as an officer of the New Jersey Men's League for Woman Suffrage. Col. George Harvey, president of the publishing house of Harper and Brothers, in New York, has also put his name down as ready to serve the cause as an officer.

Brig, Gen. and Mrs. William W. Wotherspoon, U.S.A., had lunching with them at the Chevy Chase Club, Md., on Sunday, May 28, the Military Attaché of the British Embassy, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. McLachlan; the Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Robert Shaw Oliver, Mrs. William Barrett Ridgely and Mr. Alexander Wotherspoon.

Mrs. Louis Neilson, of New York, is visiting her other and sister-in-law. Rear Admiral and Mrs. Ray-ond Perry Rodgers, U.S.N., who entertained with a nner May 25 at their Newport (R.I.) place in honor Captain Prouhet, commanding the French cruiser Estrees, and his officers, and Lieut. De Vaisseau enoist d'Azy, Naval Attaché at the French Embassy Washington.

in Washington.

"Major C. H. Grierson, 10th Cav.," says the Burlington (Vt.) Free Press and Times, "is to be congratulated upon receiving his commission as lieutenant colonel. Captains Hay and Paxton, also of the 10th, are also on the list of promotions, and will receive theirs in a few days. All have served with honor in the Army for many years, and a large number of townspeople will rejoice over their well earned promotion."

over their well earned promotion."

Mrs. Van Deusen, wife of Lieut. Col. G. W. Van Deusen, 2d U.S. Field Art., entertained with three tables at bridge at Vancouver Barracks, Wash., May 17, Mrs. G. S. Binzham winning the ladies' prize and Capt. C. Game, O.M. Dept., the gentlemen's. Among those present were Col. and Mrs. G. S. Bingham, Colonel Dravo, Miss McGunnegle, Miss Sears, Mrs. Fales, Mrs. Lynch, Colonel Dunning, Captain Guignard, Mr. Ripley and Capt. and Mrs. Game.

Munning, Captain Guignard, Mr. Ripley and Capt. and Mrs. Game.

Major Johnson Hagood left May 31 on a leave of absence, which he will spend in the Catskill Mountains and at West Point. "Until Major Hagood read the Supreme Court decisions on the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trusts," writes a correspondent, "he had intended to catch all the fish in the mountain streams. But the law laid down by the Supreme Court on monopolies is so stringent that Major Hagood will content himself with supplying the General Staff with fresh fish during his stay in the mountains."

Army and Navy Union Garrisons of Greater New York made a parade in Brooklyn on Sunday, May 28. preceding the memorial ceremonies held in the National Cemetery there. The reviewing officer was Gen. J. Edwin Browne, National Commander. A. and N. U. A detachment from the 2d Battalion, Naval Militia, N.Y., fired the national salute at the cemetery, and volleys were fired by Company A, 47th Regiment, N.G.N.Y. The organizations in the parade were headed by a company of U.S. Marines, under command of Lieut. J. A. Rossell, U.S.M.C.

Mr George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy are

Mr George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy, arrived at Newport, R.I., June 1, to deliver the address at the opening of the Naval War College Conference June 2. He was met at the Wickford boat landing by Lieut. J. P. Jackson, naval aid of Rear Admiral Raymond Perry Rodgers, and Lieut. John Downes, commanding the Sylph, on board which the Secretary will stay during his visit. Comdr. Philip Andrews, naval aid of the Secretary, met him at Newport. Mr. Meyer was entertained in the evening at a dinner which Rear Admiral Rodgers gave for him.

Rodgers gave for him.

Douglass I. McKay, who succeeds Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner Booraem, of New York city, was born in Canada June 5, 1882, and was graduated from the U.S. Military Academy June 15, 1904, being assigned as a second lieutenant in the Artillery Corps. He resigned from the Army May 23, 1907, while holding the rank of first lieutenant. In 1908 he was appointed inspector of the Catskill Aqueduct police, from which office he resigned to accept the place offered to him by Commissioner Waldo. As inspector of the Catskill police he covered a territory of 350 square miles, and in speaking of him Mr. Waldo said: "He is experienced in police work, and knows how to handle men and how to enforce discipline without harshness."

Forty members of the classes of the early eighties, Naval Academy, holding a three days' reunion in Washington, D.C., were received by President Taft May 31 in the East Room of the White House. Representative Weeks, one of the members of the class, made the presentations. Representative Weeks's home, 1526 New Hampshire avenue, was headquarters. He was the host of the class at a buffet supper at his home May 30,

following an automobile trip through the Speedway and Rock Creek Park. From four to six o'clock on the afternoon of May 31 the class was entertained by Mrs. Gilbert Wilkes at an informal tea at her home, 1724 Connecticut avenue, At eight o'clock the women comprising the party attended a theater party at the National, while the members of the class attended a banquet at the Arlington. Those present at the reunion included Representative Weeks, of Massachusetts; Comdr. M. A. Anderson and Mrs. Anderson, Naval Constr. Lloyd Bankson, George P. Blow, of Illinois; Paymr. Samuel Bryan, Capt. E. E. Capehart and Mrs. Capehart, Macdonough Craven, of New York; Lleut. Houston Eldredge and Mrs. Eldredge, W. L. R. Emmet, of Schenectady, N.Y.; William G. Ford, of Brooklyn; R. P. Forshew, of New York; Capt. Gustav Kaemmerling, Naval Constr. J. H. Linnard, Capt. Kenneth McAlpine and Mrs. McAlpine, Ire McJunkin, a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature; Col. J. E. Mahoney, U.S.M.C., Comdr. A. Moritz, Lieut. Col. C. M. Perkins, U.S.M.C., Comdr. D. W. C. Redgrave, W. H. Stayton, of New York; Asst. Engr. Robert Stewart, Major Z. B. Vance, U.S.A., Col. H. K. White, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. White, Comdr. W. W. White, U.S.N., and Mrs. White, U.S.N., and Mrs. Wilson.

SUCCESSFUL U.S.M.A. CANDIDATES.

In accordance with instructions received at the U.S. Military Academy from the War Department, an exami-Academy From the War Department, an examination of candidates for admission to the U.S. Military Academy will take place on July 5, 1911, having in view the filling of the fifty-two existing vacancies. The successful candidates will enter on Aug. 1, 1911. Following is an alphabetical list of candidates to be admitted to the U.S. Military Academy June 14, 1911, as a result of the May. 1911, examination (exempts which).

as a result of the May, 1911, examination (seventy-eight):
A, "Alternate"; P, "Principal"; C, "Candidate";
numbers are those of Congressional districts; state names are abbreviated.

A, "Alternate"; P, "Principal"; C, "Candidate"; numbers are those of Congressional districts; state names are abbreviated.

Aurand, Henry Spiese; Pa.; A., 16th.

Bass, Thomas Edward, jr.; Va.; P., 5th. 'Batista, Melchor; Cuba. Beeman, Thurman; Ind.; P., 13th. Bethel, Edwin Alexander; Ill.; A., 14th. Blankenship, George Hollenbeck; Ga.; C., 4th. Boots, Norman Jay; Pa.; P., 24th. Brady, Thomas Joseph; Pa.; A., 5th. Butler, Glen Raymond; Ohio; P., 2d.

Carr, Warner William; Ind.; P., 10th. Chapin. Charles Hosmer; Mass.; P., Sen. Crane. Cherrington, William Putlam; Ohio; C., 10th. Clark. Harry Knowlton; Mich.; P., 3d. 'Yonloy, George Harold, N.Y.; P., 26th. 'Cousins, Ralph Pitting, S., 10th. Fuller; Texas; P., 6th. 'Davis, Michael Frank, Ohio; P., 6th. Doughty, Leonard, jr.; Texas; A., 8th. Draves, Albert William; Wis.; A. et al., Ducksiad, John Benjamin; Minn.; P., 9th. Dunigan, France, G., 10th. Cl.; A., 2d. George, P., 2d. George, C., 2d. George, G., 2d. George

MONTREAL HORSE SHOW.

An official report from Capt. R. G. Paxton, 10th U.S. Cav., has been received at the War Department of the results at the Montreal Horse Show. In one class Lieut. H. R. Adair, riding a horse from Troop A, won the first prize, blue ribbon and cup. In several of the other classes the American officers received honorable mention.

classes the American officers received honorable mention. Following is the report:

The Adjutant, 10th Cavalry.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the exhibition of horses of the regiment at the Montreal Horse Slow, May 1-13, 1911.

Three public horses selected one each from Troops A. F. and G. and those from Troops A. F. and G. and those from Troops F. and G. in class 94.

The dasses were all shown over four jumps, all four feet high (type and so, and those from Troops F. and G. in class 94.

They were open to officers of all nations, classes 98 and 94 to Regular or Militian forces, whereas of all nations, classes 98 and 94 to Regular or Militian forces, whereas of all nations, classes 98 and 94 to Regular or Militian forces, of all nations, classes 98 and 94 to Regular or Militian forces, of all nations, classes 98 and 94 to Regular on Militian forces, of all nations, classes 98 and 94 to Regular on Militian forces, and the force of their government, and used for military purposer.

In class 93 the horses made a creditable performance, but were not placed. In class 94 the pair secured honorable mention, fourth place. In class 95 Lieutenant Adair, riding the horse from Troop A, won first prize, blue ribbon and cup. Lieutenant Bruce Palmer took a leading part in the selection and schooling of these horses, but owing to a fall in schooling, resulting in a broken wrist, was unable to attend the show. Two polo ponies were also shown by Lieutenant Muler and one by Lieutenant Adair; they made a creditable performance, but were not placed. Very respectfully,

THE ARMY.

Secretary of War—Henry L. Stimson. ssistant Secretary of War—Robert Shaw Oliver. nief of Staff—Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A.

S.O., JUNE 1, 1911, WAR DEPARTMENT.
Leave for not to exceed three months to 1st Lieut. Henry M.
Nelly, 20th Inf.
First Lieut. William B. Wallace, 20th Inf., and Capt.
William F. Nesbitt, Inf., unassigned, upon their relief from
duty at the Military Academy; each granted leave for a
period not to exceed three months.
The leave granted Capt. Philip R. Ward, C.A.C., is extended
twenty-five days.

William F. Nusson, daty at the Military Academy; each superiod not to exceed three months.

The leave granted Capt. Philip R. Ward, C.A.C., is extended tweaty-five days.

Leave for two months, about July 1, is granted Major Henry A. Barber, retired, military attaché.

Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans, executive officer, National Matches of 1911, will proceed to Columbus and Camp Perry, O., for the purpose of consulting with the military authorities of the State of Ohio in regard to the conduct of the National Matches of 1911. Cet, is relieved from duty as chief engineer officer, Dept. of the Columbia, and is assigned to duty with Co. F. 25 Battalion of Engrs., July 1, and will report at Vancouver Barracks, Wash, for duty.

Each of the following officers, Corps of Engineers, is relieved from duty as chief engineer officer of the department specified after his name, to take effect July 1, 1911; Col. William M. Black, Depts. of the East and the Gulf; Col. John Biddle, Dept. of California; Lieut. Col. George A. Zinn, Dept. of the Lakes; Major Francis R. Spunk, Dept. of Dakota; Capt. Thomas H. Jackson, Dept. of Texas.

Nominations sent to the Senate May 24, 1911.

The following Army Nominations of May 24, briefly reported last week, are now before the Senate for confirmation:

Promotions in the Army. CAVALRY ARM. Capt. Thomas Q. Donaldson, ir., 8th Cav., to be major from March 21, 1911, vice Major Charles H. Grierson, 10th Cav., promoted.

First Lieut. Varien D. Dixon, Cav., detailed in the Signal Corps, to be captain from March 11, 1911, subject to examination, vice Capt. Edmund S. Wright, 1st Cav., promoted.

tion, vice Capt. Edmund S. Wright, 1st Cav., promoted.

First Lieutenants to be Captains from March 11, 1911:

Vorne La S. Rockwell, 11th Cav., vice W. H. Hay, 10th Cav., promoted.

John W. Wilen, 13th Cav., subject to examination, vice Stephen H. Elliott, 11th Cav., promoted.

George B. Comly, 13th Cav., vice John M. Jenkins, 5th Cav., promoted.

Charles G. Harvey, 2d Cav., vice P. D. Lochridge, 13th Cav., promoted.

Richard M. Thomas, 15th Cav., vice N. F. McClure, 5th Cav., promoted.

Fred W. Hershler, 4th Cav., vice W. C. Rivers, 1st Cav., promoted. Fred W. Hershier, an Cav., vice Robert G. Paxton, 10th George B. Rodney, 5th Cav., vice Robert G. Paxton, 10th Cav., promoted.

Alexander H. Davidson, 13th Cav., vice Robert L. Howze, 6th Cav., detached.

Duncan Eliot, 8th Cav., vice C. D. Rhodes, 6th Cav., de-Duncan Eliot, 8th Cav., vice U. D. Abroca, tached.
Christian A. Bach, 7th Cav., vice James G. Harbord, 11th Cav., detached.
David H. Biddle, 6th Cav., vice E. L. Phillips, 13th Cav., detached.

William F. H. Godson, 10th Cav., vice Walter G. Short, 13th
Cav., detached. Winterburn, 9th Cav., vice J. H. Reeves, 14th George W. Williams Cav., detached.
Lewis Foerster, 5th Cav., vice Frank Parker, 11th Cav., detached.
Lewis W. Cass, 12th Cav., vice N. K. Averill, 7th Cav., detached.
Dennis P. Quinlan, 5th Cav., vice A. Van P. Anderson, 6th Cav., detached.
W. Robinson, 13th Cav., vice E. R. Heiberg, 6th orge W. Winterburn, 9th Cav., vice J. H. Reeves, 14th detached.
wis Foerster, 5th Cav., vice Frank Parker, 11th Cav., Dennis P. Quinian,
Cav., detached.
Edward W. Robinson, 13th Cav., vice E. R. Heiberg,
Cav., detached.
Gilbert C. Smith, 2d Cav., vice M. E. Hanna, 2d Cav.,
detached.
William P. Moffet, 13th Cav., vice F. R. McCoy, 3d Cav.,
detached.

Commiskey, 7th Cav., vice M. Craig, 1st Cav.,

Archivate F. Commission, A. Cornell, 10th Cav., vice G. V. Henry, 12th Cav., detached.
George J. Oden, 10th Cav., vice J. D. Long, 12th Cav., detached.

James E. Shelley, 11th Cav., vice W. H. Winters, 3d Cav., detached.

William I. Force 101 detached. William L. Lowe, 13th Cav., vice D. Van Voorhis, 10th Cav., detached. Edward Calvert, 9th Cav., vice C. H. Boice, 8th Cav., detached. cned. (Note.—The officers noted as ''detached'' are detached om their proper command under the Act of March 3, 1911.)

Bruce Palmer, 10th Cav., from March 21, 1911, vice T. Q. Donaldson, ir., 8th Cav., promoted.

James E. Fechét, 9th Cav., from March 30, 1911, vice S. B. Arnold, 1st Cav., detailed in the Signal Corps that date. Philip W. Corbusier, 7th Cav., from April 2, 1911, vice S. F. Dallam, 12th Cav., detailed paymaster that date. Frederick M. Jones, 12th Cav., from April 13, 1911, vice L. J. Fleming, 14th Cav., detailed as Q.M. that date. L. Tristian Briand, Cav., unassigned, from April 13, 1911, vice F. S. Armstrong, 9th Cav., detailed Q.M. on that date. John A. Wagner, 3d Cav., from April 13, 1911, vice W. D. Archie Miller, 6th Cav., from April 13, 1911, vice P. W. Guiney, 3d Cav., detailed Q.M. on that date. William S. Wells, 7th Cav., from May 12, 1911, vice John T. Haines, 11th Cav., who died May 11, 1911.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants from March 11,

Andrew W. Smith, 3d Cav., vice Verne La S. Rockwell, 11th Cav., promoted.
Troup Miller, 7th Cav., vice J. W. Wilen, 13th Cav., promoted. promoted.
William W. Edwards, 10th Cav., vice G. B. Comly, 3d Cav., promoted.
John A. Barry, 2d Cav., vice C. G. Harvey, 2d Cav., promoted.
William W. Gordon, 2d Cav., vice R. M. Thomas, 15th Cav., promoted.
Harold B. Johnson, 3d Cav., vice F. W. Hershler, 4th Cav., promoted. promoted.

James P. Castleman, 10th Cav., vice G. B. Rodney, 5th Cav., promoted. ed. rt H. Mueller, 8th Cav., vice A. H. Davidson, 18th Cav., promoted. Allan F. McLean, 7th Cav., vice D. Elliot, 8th Cav., prooted. Herman S. Dilworth, 10th Cav., vice C. A. Bach, 7th Cav., promoted.

John V. Spring, jr., 7th Cav., vice D. H. Biddle, 6th Cav., promoted. d. an H. Davis, 14th Cav., vice W. F. H. Godson, 10th Charles Telford, 12th Cav., vice G. W. Winterburn, 9th Cav., Lev moted Ola oted. vi G. Brown, 13th Cav., vice L. Foerster, 5th Cav., pro-C. Aleshire, 12th Cav., vice L. F. Cass, 12th Cav., emil P. Laurson, 11th Cav., vice D. P. Quinlan, 5th Cav., omoted.
Frederick E. Shnyder, 2d Cav., vice E. W. Robinson, 13th
v., promoted.
Thomas F. Van Natta, jr., 8th Cav., vice Gilbert C. Smith,
Cav., promoted.
James A. Mars, 2d Cav., vice W. P. Moffet, 13th Cav.,
compared of the companion of the cav.,

orge L. Morrison, 5th Cav. vice A. F. Commiskey, 7th

Orville N. Tyler, 4th Cav., vice W. A. Cornell, 10th Cav., promoted.

James A. Shannon, 7th Cav., vice G. J. Oden, 10th Cav., promoted.

Allan M. Pope, 10th Cav., vice J. E. Shelley, 11th Cav., Promoted.

Reynolds J. Powers, 8th Cav., vice W. L. Lowe, promoted.

John C. Montgomery, 7th Cav., vice E. Calvert, 9th Cav., John C. Montgomery, 7th Cav., vice C. Briand, 15th Cav., deched.
Edward M. Zell, 7th Cav., vice H. Gibbins, 9th Cav., stached.
Dorsay B. Belger, 7th Cav. orsey R. Rodney, 5th Cav., vice G. N. Kimball, 12th Cav., der M. Milton, 4th Cav., vice T. M. Knox, 1st Cav.,

Allexander at. Anteron, detached.
High S. Johnston, 1st Cav., vice G. Johnston, 7th Cav., detached.
Carl Boyd, 3d Cav., vice W. A. Austin, 4th Cav., detached.
Stephen W. Winfree, 9th Cav., subject to examination, vice
G. M. Lee, 7th Cav., detached.
Ephraim F. Graham, 10th Cav., vice R. B. Ellis, 14th Cav., detached.
George E. Nelson, 3d Cav., vice S. D. Smith, 5th Cav., detached.

George E. Nelson, 3d Cav., vice S. D. Smith, 5th Cav., detached.

Thomas I. Sharkway 2012 ched. L. Sherburne, 8th Cav., vice B. O. Davis, 10th Cav., detac... Cha es W. Stewart, 5th Cav., vice C. F. Cox, 11th Cav.,

Charles W. Stewart, vice K. T. Riggs, 14th Cav., detached. Emil Engel, 9th Cav., vice K. T. Riggs, 14th Cav., detached. Emmett Addis, 10th Cav., vice A. C. Keyes, 10th Cav., Emmett Addis, 10th Cav., vice A. T. Riggs, 14th Cav., detached. detached.

Harry L. King, 1st Cav., vice J. Symington, 1st Cav., detached.

Arthur G. Hixson, 14th Cav., vice W. G. Meade, 11th Cav., detached.

Vaughn W. Copper, 12th Cav. detached.

Vaughn W. Cooper, 12th Cav., vice I. L. Hunsacker, 8th Cav., detached.

Robert C. Richardson, jr., 14th Cav., vice R. E. Fisher, 14th Cav., detached.

Robert M. Campbell, 12th Cav., vice P. J. Hennessey, 15th Cav., detached.

George V. Strong, 6th Cav., subject to examination, vice I. S. Martin, 15th Cav., detached.

George B. Hunter, 12th Cav., vice F. A. Ruggles, 3d Cav., detached.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, from dates designated:

Stanley Koch, 6th Cav., from March 12, 1911, vice W. C. cemaine, 15th Cav., retired from active service March 11, Tremaine, 15th Cav., retired from active service March 11, 1911.

Stephen C. Reynolds, 11th Cav., from March 16, 1911, vice F. E. Sidman, 12th Cav., resigned March 15, 1911.

William V. Carter, 6th Cav., from March 21, 1911, vice B. Palmer, 10th Cav., promoted.

Henry C. Pratt, 4th Cav., from March 30, 1911, vice F. M. Jones, 12th Cav., promoted.

Charles B. Amory, jr., 9th Cav., from April 13, 1911, vice F. M. Jones, 12th Cav., promoted.

Kinzie B. Edmunds, 8th Cav., from April 13, 1911, vice J. A. Wazner, 3d Cav., promoted.

Charles S. Hoyt, 5th Cav., from April 13, 1911, vice A. Miller, 6th Cav., promoted.

Henry J. Reilly, 13th Cav., from April 17, 1911, subject to examination, vice W. H. Rodney, 2d Cav., died April 16, 1911.

James J. O'Hara, 4th Cav., from May 12, 1911, vice W. S. Wells, 7th Cav., promoted.

OFFICERS RENOMINATED FOR CORRECTIONS.

OFFICERS RENOMINATED FOR CORRECTIONS. The following nominations were published in our issue of May 6, page 1076, and that of May 18, page 1118, and these nominations were confirmed May 15, 1911. They were submitted to the Senate again May 24 for correction in the designation of vacancies for promotion to which the officers were nominated and for correction of the date of rank of some of the nominees, owing to the death, on May 11, 1911, of Capt. John T. Haines, 11th Cav., who was nominated to the Senate on May 4, 1911, for promotion to the grade of major from March 3, 1911, and whose nomination was confirmed on May 5, 1911. May 5, 1911.

Captains to be Majors:

Captains to be Majors:

John T. Nance, 2d Cav., to be major from March 3, 1911, vice E. P. Brewer, 7th Cav., advanced to lieutenant colonel. Charles C. Walcutt, ir., 5th Cav., from March 3, 1911, vice H. J. Goldman, 12th Cav., advanced to lieutenant colonel. Peter E. Traub, 12th Cav., advanced to lieutenant colonel. Peter E. Traub, 12th Cav., from March 5, 1911, vice D. H. Boughton, 5th Cav., promoted.

Jesse Mcl. Carter, 14th Cav., from March 9, 1911, vice George W. Read, 8th Cav., detailed as inspector general. Malvern-Hill Barnum, 8th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice W. C. Brown, 8d Cav., advanced to lieutenant colonel. Letcher Hardeman, 10th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice L. M. Brett, 1st Cav., promoted.

Edmund S. Wright, 1st Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice A. C. Macomb, 9th Cav., promoted.

William H. Hay, 10th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice T. J. Lewis, 13th Cav., promoted.

John M. Jenkins, 5th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice T. B. Dagan, 12th Cav., detached.

Stephen H. Elliott, 11th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice G. Carleton, 4th Cav., detached.

P. D. Lochridge, 13th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice H. T. Allen, 8th Cav., detached.

Nathaniel F. McClure, 5th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice W. Forsyth, 6th Cav., detached.

Ellwood W. Evans, Cav., detached.

Rischem, Cav., From March 11, 1911, vice W. Forsyth, 6th Cav., detached.

First Lieutenants to be Captain:

Sayre, 9th Cav., detached.

First Lieutenants to be Captain:

Frank P. Amos, 11th Cav., from March 3, 1911, vice J. T. Nance, 2d Cav., promoted.

Julian A. Benjamin, 3d Cav., from March 3, 1911, vice C. C. Walcutt, ir., 5th Cav., promoted.

John Watson, 8th Cav., from March 5, 1911, vice P. E. Traub, 12th Cav., promoted.

Samuel R. Gleaves, 1st Cav., from March 9, 1911, vice J. McI. Carter, 14th Cav., promoted.

Lewis S. Morey, 12th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice M.H. Barnum, 8th Cav., promoted.

James Goethe, 13th Cav., from March 11, 1911, vice L. Hardeman, 10th Cav., promoted.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

The names of the lieutenants of the Corps of Engineers promoted were published last week, page 1178. We give them here with their dates.

em here with their dates.

First Lieutenants to be Captains from Feb. 27, 1911:
Charles T. Leeds, vice H. B. Ferguson, promoted.
Harold C. Fiske, vice F. C. Boggs, promoted.
Max C. Tyler, vice C. S. Smith, promoted.
Ulysses S. Grant, 3d, vice W. P. Wooten, promoted.
Julian L. Schley to fill original vacancy.
William H. Rose to fill original vacancy.
Richard C. Moore to fill original vacancy.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants from Feb. 27, 1911: cond Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants from Fel.
Brichard Park, vice C. T. Leeds, promoted.
Daniel I. Sultan, vice H. C. Fiske, promoted.
Glen E. Edgerton, vice M. C. Tyler, promoted.
Charles L. Hall, vice U. S. Grant, 3d, promoted.
Virgil L. Peterson, vice J. L. Schley, promoted.
George R. Goethals, vice W. H. Rose, promoted.
John W. N. Schultz, vice R. C. Moore, promoted.
Clarence L. Sturdevant to fill original vacancy.
Earl J. Atkisson to fill original vacancy.

Appointments in the Army.

Medical Reserve Corps.

To be First Lieutenants with Rank from May 20, 1911: W. Burnett N.Y.; Luther R. Poust, Pa.; John W.

Mechan, Neb.; Carroll R. Baker, Del.; Leo B. Allen, Pa.; Morris H. Goerner, Texas.

Army Nominations, June 1, 1911. Cavalry Arm

First lieutenants to be captains: William S. Wells, 7th Cav.; William H. Clopten, jr., 13th Cav. Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants: Henry J. Reilly, 13th Cav.; James J. O'Hara, 4th Cav.; Albert C. Wimberly, 14th Cav.

Major to be lieutenant colonel: Charles T. Menoher, 1st Field Art.
Captain to be major: Adrian S. Flemins 4th Field Art.
First lieutenant to be captain: Charles C. Mortimer, 3d Field Art.
Second lieutenant to be first lieutenant: Harold E. Marr, 2d Field Art.

Captains to be majors: Paul A. Wolf, 4th Inf.; George D. Moore, 20th Inf.; Willis Uline, 15th Inf.
To be second lieutenant of Cavalry: 2d Lieut. Cushman Hartwell, 22d Inf.

Medical Reserve Corps.

To be first lieutenants: Ira Ayer, N.Y.; Henry D. Brown, Wash.; William J. Condon, N.J.; Timothy F. Goulding, Mass.; George E. Maurer, N.Y.; James E. Mead, Mich.; Louis A. Molony, O.; Sylvester F. O'Day, N.Y.; David M. Roberts, O.; Stanley S. Warren, Tenn.; Robert B. Williams, Cal.; Ernest B. Dunlap, Okla.; Daniel B. Edwards, Ga.; James V. Falisi, Ark.; James G. Flynn, Texas; John T. Halsell, Texas; Irving McNeil, Texas; Lee W. Paul, Wash.; Fred A. Pittenger, Io.; Walter L. Teaby, Cal.; James L. Whitney, Cal.; John W. Geltar, T. Teaby, Cal.; James L. Whitney, Cal.; John W. Geltar, Mash.; Theodore B. Beatty, Utah; William T. Belfield, Ill.; Forest A. Black, Wash.; John W. Colbert, N.M.; William C. Heussy, Wash.; Andrew J. Manes F. Corbett, Minn.; James B. Eagleson, Wash; Herman W. Goelitz, N.M.; William C. Heussy, Wash.; Andrew J. Hosmer, Utah; Simeon E. Josephi, Ore.; Walter Kelton, Wash.; Albert E. Mackay, Ore.; Kenneth A. J. Mackenzie, Ore.; Ray W. Matson, Ore.; William P. Mills, N.M.; Henry John O. Rush, Ala.; Austin U. Simpson, Wash.; Alan W. Smith, Ore.; George F. Wilson, Ore. Medical Reserve Corps

Smith, Ore.; George F. Wilson, Ore.

G.O. 26, MAY 17, 1911, PROVISIONAL BRIGADE.
CAMP LAKESIDE, OAL.
Capt. James N. Pickering, ist Inf., having reported at these headquarters, is appointed ordnance officer and engineer officer of this brigade, relieving Capt. James Longstreet, Q.M., of those duties.
Capt. James Longstreet, Q.M., having reported at these headquarters, is appointed camp quartermaster, Camp Lakeside, Cal., relieving Capt. George M. Grimes, commissary, 30th Inf., of that duty. Captain Grimes, upon being relieved, will report to his regimental commander for duty.

First Lieut. Sebring C. Megill, S.C., having reported at these headquarters, is, in addition to his other duties, announced as Chief Signal Officer of the brigade.

G.O. 67, MAY 16, 1911, DEPT. OF THE COLUMBIA, nder the provisions of Par. 195, Army Regulations, the orsigned assumes command of the department.

SYDNEY W. TAYLOR, Colonel, 2d Field Art.

G.O. 52, MAY 23, 1911, DEPT. OF THE MISSOURI. So much of Par. 13, G.O. 46, c.s., these headquarters, as directs Battery E, 5th Field Art., to proceed by rail to Cedar Rapids, lowa, thence by marching to the maneuver tract at Sparta, Wis., is, in compliance with instructions from the War Department, dated May 20, 1911, amended so as to direct the battery to proceed at the proper time by rail to Newton, Iowa, thence by marching to Prairie du Chien, Wis., to reach that point not later than June 27, 1911. Upon arrival at Prairie du Chien, the battery will be reported for duty to the senior officer of the 5th Field Artillery at that point and will proceed under his orders to the maneuver tract at Sparta, Wis.

is. By order of Colonel Hatfield: D. B. DEVORE, Major, Gen. Staff, C. of S.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Brig. Gen. J. W. Duncan, commanding base and line of communications, accompanied by Capt. Harris Pendleton, ir., Q.M.D., and 1st Lieut. Martin Novak, 22d Inf., will proceed to Leon Springs Target and Maneuver Reservation, Texas, inspect water supply and make preparations for encampment of Maneuver Division thereat. Upon completion this duty General Duncan and Lieutenant Novak will return to these headquarters. Captain Pendleton will remain on reservation until further orders, carrying out nstructions of General Duncan. (May 10, D.T.)

The department commander, Brig. Gen. Daniel H. Brush, U.S.A., accompanied by 2d Lieut. Walter S. Fulton, 24th Inf., aide-de-camp, will proceed from Denver, via El Paso, Texas, to Douglas, Ariz., and such other points along the international boundary line in this department as may be found necessary in connection with existing disturbances along the international boundary line, and upon completion thereof the officers indicated will return to these headquarters in this city. (May 22, D. Colo.)

city. (May 22, D. Colo.)

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. LEONARD WOOD, CHIEF OF STAFF.

Capt. John R. Procter, G.S., will proceed to New York city
and Bridgeport, Conn., on official business connected with the
installation of dummy armament equipment in armories of the
Coast Artillery Reserves. (May 29, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. J. B. ALESHIRE, Q.M.G.

BRIG. GEN. J. B. ALESHIRE, Q.M.G.
Capt. Frank C. Bolles, Q.M., in addition to his other duties will assume charge of the office of chief commissary, Department of the Missouri, and of the office of purchasing commissary at Omaha, Neb., during the absence on leave of Lieut. Col. Frank F. Eastman, deputy commissary general. (May 27, W.D.)

sary at Omaha, Neb., during the absence on leave of Lieur. Col. Frank F. Eastman, deputy commissary general. (May 27, W.D.)
Capt. Harold P. Howard, Q.M., will proceed to Stevensville, Mont., business pertaining to the inspection and purchase of horses. (May 27, W.D.)
Capt. Edward T. Hartmann, Q.M., is detailed as a member of the board of officers appointed for the purpose of considering the advisability of the adoption by the War Department of plants for purifying water by the so-called coone process, vice Major Bertram T. Clayton, Q.M., relieved. (May 26, W.D.)
Post Q.M. Sergt. Henry N. Clarke, upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list, (May 26, W.D.).
Capt. John R. R. Hannay, Q.M.D., relieved from detail in Q.M.D., to take effect July 14, 1911, and is assigned to 4th Infantry. (May 27, W.D.)
Capt. E. P. Nones, Q.M., is relieved from detail in Q.M.D., to take effect July 14, 1911, and is assigned to 4th Infantry. (May 27, W.D.)
Post Q.M. Sergt. Charles B. Wickens, U.S.A., Q.M.D., proceed to Leon Springs Target and Maneuver Reservation, Texas, for temporary duty. (May 11, D.T.)
Capt. Percy M. Cochran, Q.M., will transfer all property for which he is accountable as Q.M. and constructing Q.M., Fort McPherson, Ga., to Captian Cochran, will transfer all funds in his possession as post Q.M., bept. of the Gulf. Capt. Roderick L. Carmichael, Q.M., acting chief Q.M., Dept. of the Gulf. Capt. Roderick L. Carmichael, Q.M., upon departure of Captain Cochran, will take over all repair work at Fort McPherson, Ga. (May 4, D.G.)

BUBSISTENCE DEFARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. H. G. SHARPE, C.G.

Capt. Frank H. Lawton, C.S., acting Q.M., will proceed to the Alexandria National Cemetery, Pineville, La., on business pertaining to the reinterment in that cemetery of remains to be shipped to that place from Fort Ringgold and Fort Brown, Texas, and to other matters relating to the Quartermaster's Department. (May 27, W.D.)

Major Hugh J. Gallagher, C.S., purchasing commissary, Seattle, Wash. in addition to his present duties will relieve Col. Edward E. Dravo, asst. comsy. general, on May 31, 1911, of his present duties as purchasing commissary, Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Major Gallagher will also report to the C.O., Dept. of the Columbia, on that date for temporary duty as chief commissary, relieving Colonel Dravo upon being thus relieved will proceed to Chicago, Ill., and report about July 1, 1911, for duty as chief commissary, Central Division. (May 29, W.D.)

Par. 1, S.O. 120, W.D., May 23, 1911, relating to Post

Comsy. Sergt. George Thompson, is revoked. (May 31, W.D.)
Post Comsy. Sergt. George Thompson, now at 619 Van Ness
avenue, San Francisco, upon expiration of furleugh, report to
C.O., Fresidio of San Francisco, who will send him to San
Antonio, Texas, for duty. (May 31, W.D.)
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MEDICAL CORPS. BRIG. GEN. G. H. TORNEY, S.G.

BRIG. GEN. G. H. TORNEY, S.G.

Under exceptional circumstances, the leave granted Capt.
John A. Clark, M.C., is extended twenty days. (May 26, D.E.)
Leave for ten days, upon the completion of his examination
for promotion, is granted 1st Lieut. Hiram A. Phillips, M.C.
(May 25, W.D.)
Capt. Louis H. Hanson, M.C., will repair to Washington
and report in person to Brig. Gen. Ernest A. Garlington, I.G.,
president of an Army retiring board, as witness. (May 25,
W.D.)

W.D.,
Capt. Re...
port in person to
dent of an Army retirm.
(May 25, W.D.)

First Lieut. Howard McC. Snya...
Wyo., will proceed to Fort Leavenworth.
June 5, 1911, for temporary duty with Batt.
Art., and upon return to Fort Leavenworth of the banks, will return to his proper station. (May 1...
Mo.)

Leave for two months, with permission to apply for an extension of one month, to take effect upon his arrival in the
d States, is granted 1st Lieut. Mahlon Ashford, M.C.

W.D.)

W.D.)

W.D.

W.D.

W.D.

Wales, M.C., will report to Cel. William H.

at of the examining board in Washings
and 26, 1911, as he may be sum
ation for promotion. (May
return to the examining board in Washings
and 26, 1911, as he may be sum
ation for promotion. (May apt. Reuben B. Miller, M.C., now in Washington, will rein person to Brig. Gen. Ernest A. Garlington, I.G., presiof an Army retiring board, as a witness before the board.
y 25, W.D.,
irst Lieut. Howard McC. Snyder, M.C., Fort D. A. Russell,
y, will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, so as to report on
5, 1911, for temporary duty with Battery E, 5th Field
and upon return to Fort Leavenworth of the battery from
ta, Wis., will return to his proper station. (May 19, D.

29. W.D.)

The following changes in stations and duties of officers of Medical Corps are ordered: 1st Lieut. Leonard S. Hughes from duty Maneuver Division, San Antonio; to Fort Clark, Texas, for duty, relieving Capt. Perry L. Boyer. Captain Boyer to Chicago for duty as attending surgeon at Chicago, relieving Capt. James F. Hall. Captain Hall to Fort Strong, Mass., for duty. (May 31, W.D.)

MEDICAL RESERVE CORPS.

First Lieut Kerwin W. Kingrd, M.R.C., recently appointed.

MEDICAL RESERVE CORPS.

First Lieut. Kerwin W. Kinard, M.R.C., recently appointed, proceed July 17, 1911, to Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., for duty. (May 29, W.D.)

First Lieut. Thomas S. Lowe, M.R.C., is relieved further temporary duty, Fort Apache, and will proceed at once to Douglas, Ariz., for duty in the field at that station until further orders. (May 20, D. Colon.)

First Lieut. Marion S. Lombard, M.R.C., is ordered to active duty with troops on target range at Ashland, Neb., and upon completion of duty assigned him will stand relieved from active duty in the M.R.C. (May 31, W.D.)

HOSPITAL CORPS.

Sergt. 1st Class Samuel H. Lamb, H.C., Vancouver Barracks, Wash., will be sent at once to San Francisco, with orders to report upon arrival to the C.O., Army transport Logan, for duty aboard that transport. (May 27, W.D.)

Sergt. Herman Wall, H.C., upon the receipt of this order, will be pinced upon the retired list. (May 27, W.D.)

Sergt. 1st Class Afred E. Silverthorne, H.C., upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 25, W.D.)

Sergt. 1st Class Thomas E. Brower, H.C., Fort Wingate,

25, W.D.) Sergt. 1st Class Thomas E. Brower, H.C., Fort Wingate, N.M., when his services are no longer needed at that post will be sent to Watervliet Arsenal, N.Y., for duty. (May 29.

W.D.)
Sergt. 1st Class Samuel W. Pennington, H.C., Fort Logan H. Roots, Ark., te Fort Howard, Md., for duty. (May 31, W.D.)
Sergt. 1st Class Thomas J. Walker, H.C., now at Marion, Mass., on or before expiration of furlough report to C.O., Fort Banks, Mass., who will send him to Fort Logan H. Roots, Ark., for duty. (May 31, W.D.)

DENTAL SURGEONS.

DENTAL SURGEONS.

Dental Surg. George I. Gunckel, Fort McPherson, Ga., w proceed with his dental outfit to Fort Caswell, N.C., Fort Moultrie, S.C., Fort Screven, Ga., Fort Barrancas, Fla., For Dade, Fla., and Key West Barracks, Fla., for the purpose performing the necessary dental work at those posts. (May D.G.)

PAY DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. C. H. WHIPPLE, P.G.

Major Earl C. Carnahaa, paymaster, having reported this
y, is assigned to station at San Antonio, Texas. (May 15, T.)

day, is assigned to station at San Antonio, Texas. (May 15, D.T.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

BRIG. GEN. W. H. BIXBY, C.E.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Corps of Engineers are ordered: Major James B. Cavanaugh from duty in the office of the Chief of Engineers at such time as his services can be spared, and will then proceed to Seattle, Wash., take station and relieve Major Charles W. Kutz of the duties in his charge. Major Kutz will proceed to San Francisco, and take the transport about Aug. 5, 1911, for the Philippine Islands, for duty in charge of fortification construction and as chief engineer officer of the division, relieving Major Charles H. McKinstry of those duties. Major McKinstry will proceed to Cleveland, Ohio, and take station (May 25, W.D.)

Leave for ten days is granted Major Francis R. Shunk, C.E. (May 17, D.D.)

Major E. Eveleth Winslow, C.E., will proceed from Culebra, Canal Zone, Panama, to Washington, D.C., take station, and report in person to the Chief of Engineers for duty under his orders. (May 27, W.D.)

The following officers of the Corps of Engineers will report in person to Col. William T. Rossell, C.E., president of the examining board at the Army Building, New York city, for examination for promotion: Capt. Lytle Brown, 1st Lieut. Lewis M. Adams, 2d Lieut. Richard T. Coiner. Before proceeding to New York city, the officers named will report to the C.O., Fort Myer, V.A., for the prescribed test in horsemanship. (May 25, W.D.)

Ayer, Va., for the prescribed test in horsemanship. (May 25, W.D.)
Leave for one month and fifteen days is granted 2d Lieut.
Earl J. Atkinson, C.E. (May 29, W.D.)
The board of officers of the Corps of Engineers consisting of Cel. Spencer Cosby in charge of public buildings and grounds, Col. John Biddle, Lieut. Col. Harry Taylor, appointed to attend a hearing before the Secretary of the Interior upon the question of the vacation of a permit to the city and county of San Francisco, Cal., to use the Hetch Hetchy Valley, Cal., for the purpose of maintaining a water supply, will reconvene at San Francisco about July 1, 1911. (May 29, W.D.)

W.D.) Maj

ley, Cal., for the purpose of maintaining a water supply, will reconvene at San Francisco about July 1, 1911. (May 29, W.D.)

Major William W. Harts, C.E., is detailed to enter next class at Army War College, and will report about Aug. 15, 1911, fer duty. (May 31, W.D.)

ORDNANGE DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. W. CROZIER, C.O.

First Lieut. William E. Dunn, O.D., at his own request is relieved from detail in that department. Lieutenant Dunn is assigned to the 3d Feid Artillery and will join that regiment. (May 26, W.D.)

The resignation by Lieut. Col. Beverly W. Dunn, O.D., of his commission as an officer of the Army has been accepted by the President, to take effect Oct. 1, 1911. (Leave from June 1 to and including Oct. 1, 1911, is granted Colonel Dunn. (May 25, W.D.)

Major Thales L. Ames, O.D., is detailed for duty as ord-nance officer of the national matches for 1911. (May 27, W.D.). A board of officers of the Ordnance Department, to consist of Col. Stanhope E. Blunt, Lieut. Col. Charles B. Wheeler and Major John H. Rice, is appointed to meet at the New York Arsenal, Governors Island, N.Y., May 29, 1911, for the purpose of making recommendation for the detail of one officer to the grade of major and one officer to the grade of captain in the Ordnance Department. Captains with service in the Ordnance Department who have been commissioned as captains in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned prior to June 20, 1911, will be eligible for who will be so commissioned as first lieutenants in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned as first lieutenants in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned by first lieutenants in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned as first lieutenants in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned as first lieutenants in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned as first lieutenants in other branches of the Service, or who will be so commissioned as first lieutenants in

detail as captains in the Ordnance Department. (May 26, W.D.)

The following officers of the Ordnance Department will proceed to Philadelphia, Pa., on business pertaining to the work of the Ordnance School of Application at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, and upon the completion of this duty will return to their proper station: Major 187 the Hoffer, Capt. Joseph H. Pelot, 1st Lieuts Harry K. Ratherford, Rolland W. Case, Charles S. Donavin, James H. Burns, Richard E. Cummins, James H. Burns, Richard E. Cummins, James H. Burns, Richard E. Cummins, James I. Walsh, Creedy C. Sheppard. (May 26, W.D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

BRIG. GEN. J. ALLEN, O.S.O.

First Lieut. George E. Kumpe, Signal Corps, is relieved from detail in that corps. Lieutenant Kumpe will remain on his present duties until further orders. (May 26, W.D.)

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Signal Corps are ordered: Capt. Alfred T. Clifton is relieved from duty at Fort Omaha, Neb., and will proceed at the proper time to San Francisco, take station at that place, and relieve Ist Lieut. George E. Kumpe as officer in charge of the Signal Corps General Supply Depot at Fort Mason, Cal., on July 1, 1911. First Lieut. Henry A. Bell is relieved from duty at Fort Wood, N.Y., to take effect June 1, 1911, and will proceed to Fort Omaha, Neb., for duty as officer in charge of the Signal Corps General Supply Depot at that place, relieving Capt. Walter L. Clark of that duty on July 1, 1911. Lieutenant Bell will also report to the C.O. of Fort Omaha for such post duties as he can perform without interfering with his duties as officer in charge of the Signal Corps General Supply Depot. How May 27, W.D.)

First Lieut. George E. Kumpe, S.C. (Infantry), on duty at Signal Corps General Supply Depot, Fort Mason, Cal., will report to Major Frank Greene, S.C., president of examining board, Presidio of San Francisco, for promotion. (May 15, D. Cal.)

Orders, April 15, 1911, relating to Master Signal Electrician Henry J. Dornbush, as amended by Orders,

D. Cal.)
Orders, April 15, 1911, relating to Master Signal Electrician
Henry J. Dornbush, as amended by Orders, W.D., April 26,
1911, revoked. (May 31, W.D.)
First Class Sergt. Harry W. McDonald, S.C., Army transport
Summer, now at Galveston, Texas, will be sent to the Walter
Reed General Hospital, D.C., for treatment. (May 25, W.D.)

CAVALRY.

1ST CAVALRY.—COL. E. J. McCLERNAND.

Leave from June 10 to Sept. 30, 1911, inclusive, with permission to go beyond the sea, is granted Capt. Conrad S. Babcock, 1st Cav. (May 27, W.D.)

Major James B. Hughes, 1st Cav., is relieved further duty with provisional brigade near Mexican border and will proceed to Sequoia National Park for duty with Cavalry now en route for station in the park. (May 17, D. Cal.)

The leave granted Capt. Robert C. Foy, 1st Cav., is extended ten days. (May 31, W.D.)

4TH CAVALRY.—COL. E. Z. STEEVER.

Under exceptional circumstances, leave for twenty days, about May 17, 1911, is granted Capt. Robert C. May 17, D.T.)

Second Lieut. Orville N. Tyler, 4th Cav., having completed his tour of duty as squadron Q.M. and commissary, is relieved and assigned to Troop F, of the regiment. (May 27, 4th Cav.)

8TH CAVALRY.—COL. H. P. KINGSBURY

Leave for one month is granted Major Willard A. Holbrook, 8th Cav., now at Schofield Barracks, H.T., to report at Army War College by Aug. 15, 1911. (May 18, D. Cal.)

10TH CAVALRY.—COL. T. W. JONES.

Leave for ten days is granted 2d Lieut. Louis A. O'Donnell, 10th Cav. (May 25, W.D.)

Leave for ten days is granted 2d Lieut. Louis A. O'Donnell, 10th Cav. (May 25, W.D.)

11TH CAVALRY.—COL. J. PARKER.
Sick leave for two months is granted Capt. Powell Clayton, jr., 11th Cav. (May 26, W.D.)

12TH CAVALRY.—COL. G. A. DODD.

Chaplain Alexander P. Landry, 12th Cav., is relieved from further duty with the 11th Cavalry and will join his regiment. (May 27, W.D.)

Second Lieut. Augustine W. Robins, 12th Cav., is relieved from duty at Fort Robinson, Neb., to take effect at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed to San Francisco, and sail on the transport leaving that place about June 5, 1911, for Manila, for duty with the Military Information Division of the General Staff in connection with the making of maps. (May 26, W.D.)

13TH CAVALRY.—COL. C. A. P. HATFIELD.

Leave for three months, about June 25, 1911, is granted 2d Liout. William W. West, jr., 13th Cav., Fort Riley. (May 17, D. Mo.)

Leave for ten days is granted 1st Lieut. Leonard L. Deitrick.

D. Mo.)
Leave for ten days is granted 1st Lieut. Leonard L. Deitrick, 13th Cav., Fort Riley. (May 19, D. Mo.)
14TH CAVALRY.—COL. F. W. SIBLEY.

Leave for twenty days is granted Col. Frederick W. Sibley, 14th Cav., these headquarters. (May 10, D. Colo.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

1ST FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL.

ARTHLLERY,—COL.

Leave for one month, about June 5, is granted Capt. Albert
U. Faulkner, 1st Field Art., Schofield Barracks, H.T. (May
20, D. Cal.)
First Lieut. Carroll W. Neal. 1st Field Art., on duty preparation of Progressive Military Map of the United States, is relieved temporary station at Liberty, Texas, and will proceed
to these headquarters for purpose of completing his work.
(May 13, D.T.)

May 13, D.T.)

2D FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. S. W. TAYLOR.

Capt. Edward A. Stuart 2d Field Art., is assigned temrary duty at these headquarters with station this city, to the from 13th instant. (May 17, D. Cal.)

3D FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL.

Second Lieut, William H. Shepherd, 3d Field Art., now at Fort Myer, Va., will report to C.O., that post, for duty. (May 29, W.D.)

29, W.D.)

4TH FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. A. B. DYER.

The name of Capt. Manus McCloskey, 4th Field Art., is placed on the list of detached officers, to take effect May 26, 1911, and the name of Major Dwight E. Aultman, Field Art., is removed therefrom, to take effect May 25, 1911. (May 25,

5TH FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. G. ADAMS.

First Lieut. Dawson Olmstead, 5th Field Art., upon the completion of the duties assigned to him at Fort Riley, will proceed to Fort Sill, for temporary duty, and upon the completion thereof will return to his proper station in Washington, D.C. (May 27, W.D.)

First Lieut. Dawson Olmstead, 5th Field Art., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Signal Corps, to take effect June 13, 1911, vice 1st Lieut. Rsmith, Signal Corps, who is relieved from detail in that corps, to take effect June 12, 1911. (May 27, W.D.)

The name of 1st Lieut. Edmund L. Gruber, 5th Field Art., is placed on the list of detached officers, and the name of 1st Lieut. Pelham D. Glassford, Field Art., is removed therefrom, to take effect May 25, 1911. (May 25, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

BRIG. GEN. E. M. WEAVER, CHIEF OF COAST ART.

The following officers of the Coast Artillery Corps will re-5TH FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. G. ADAMS.

BRIG. GEN. E. M. WEAVER, CHIEF OF COAST ART.
The following officers of the Coast Artillery Corps will report in person on Aug. 28, 1911, to the commandant of the Coast Artillery School at Fort Monroe, Va., for the purpose of taking the regular course at that school: Capts. Archibald H. Sunderland, Carroll Power, Theodore H. Koch, Alfred M. Mason. Alfred A. Maybach, Guy B. G. Hanna, Richard P. Winslow, Frank Geere, William Paterson and Owen G. Collins. First Lieuts. Frederic H. Smith. Lewis Turtle, Louis C. Brinton, jr., Quinn Gray, Mark L. Ireland, Henning F. Colley, Albert H. Barkley, William T. Carpenter, Thomas Duncan, James F. Walker, Clifford L. Corbin, Pierre V. Kieffer, George A. Wildrick, Maxwell Murray, Robert Arthur, Clarence E. Seybt, John E. Towens, jr., Rodney H. Smith, Ray L. Avery and William W. Hicks. (May 25, W.D.)
Capt. Robert H. C. Kelton, C.A.C., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Q.M. Department, to take effect Aug. 30, 1911, vice Capt. Edward P. Nones, Q.M., relieved from detail in that department, to take effect Aug. 29, 1911. (May 27, W.D.)

st Lieut. Chauncey L. Fenton, C.A.C., is detailed as pro-

dechanical College of Texas, College Station, Texas, to take effect Aug. 1, 1911. Lieutenant Fenton will report July 15, 1911, to the president of the college for duty, (May 25, W.D.) Major William P. Pence, C.A.C., upon his relief from duty at the Army War College will proceed to Fort Monroe, Va., for duty. (May 25, W.D.) Capt. Hugh S. Brown, C.A.C., is detailed for general recruiting service. He will proceed at the proper time to Columbus Barracks, Ohio, and report on July 1, 1911, for duty, relieving Capt. Clifford C. Carson, C.A.C., from duty at that depot and from further duty on recruiting service. The name of Captain Brown is placed on the list of detached officers, to take effect July 1, 1911, and the name of Captain Carson is removed therefrom, to take effect July 1, 1911, and the name of Captain Carson is removed therefrom, to take effect July 1, 1911, and the name of Captain Carson is removed therefrom, to take effect June 30, 1911. (May 26, W.D.)

Captain Brown is placed on the list of detached officers, to take effect July 1, 1911, and the name of Captain Carson is removed therefrom, to take effect June 30, 1911. (May 26, W.D.)

Leave for three months, with permission to apply for an extension of one month and to go beyond the sea, is granted Capt. Francis H. Lomax, C.A.C., to take effect about June 15, 1911. (May 27, W.D.)

The following changes in the assignment of officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are ordered: Capt. Frank J. Miller is relieved from assignment to the 18th Company and placed on the unassigned list. First Lieut. Joseph B. Davis is relieved from duty with the 13th Company and placed on the unassigned list. Each of the officers mamed will report in person to the C.O., Artillery District of Manila Bay, for assignment to duty on his staff. (May 26, W.D.)

Major T. B. Lamoreux, C.A.C., detailed to fill vacancy in Q.M. Department. (May 27, W.D.)

Leave for one month, about June 1, 1911, with permission to apply for an extension of two months, is granted Capt. Thomas Q. Ashburn, C.A.C. (May 16, D. Cal.)

The leave for one month granted List Lieut. John R. Ellis, C.A.C., is extended ten days. (May 20, D. Cal.)

First Sergt. Patrick Minihane, 55th Co., C.A.C., upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 27, W.D.)

1ST INFANTRY.—COL. G. K. McGUNNEGLE.

First Lieut. William M. Goodale, 1st Inf., Vancouver Barracks, Wash., will report to Col. James S. Rogers, Inf., unassigned, at such time as that officer may direct, for examination for promotion. (May 15, D. Columbia.)

So much of Par. 31, S.O. 106, May 6, 1911, W.D., as directs Capt. Francis E. Lacey, ir., 1st Inf., to report at Hartford, Conn., on June 1, 1911, is amended so as to direct him to report at Hartford on June 4, 1911. (May 26, W.D.)

4TH INFANTRY.—COL. W. LASSITER.

Capt. Campbell E. Babcock, 4th Inf., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Quartermaster's Department, to take effect July 17, 1911, vice Capt. John R. R. Hannay, Q.M., relieved from detail in that department, to take effect July 17, 1911, vice Capt. John R. R. Hannay, Q.M., relieved from detail in that department, to take effect July 17, 1911, vice that in the department, to take effect July 17, 1911, vice Capt. John R. R. Hannay, Q.M., relieved from the think of the proper time to join the station to which he may be assigned. (May 27, W.D.)

Second Lieut. W. F. L. Hartigan, 4th Inf., to report at Fort Crook, Neb., for examination for promotion. (May 19, D. Mo.)

Second Lieut. Walter F. L. Hartigan, 4th Inf., will proceed from Fort Crook to Ashland, Neb., for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for camp grounds and supplies for the march of troops from Fort Crook to Ashland. (May 19, D. Mo.)

5TH INFANTRY .- COL. C. D. COWLES.

5TH INFANTRY.—COL. C. D. COWLES.

Cook John Dalton, Co. L. 5th Inf., upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 25, W.D.) Second Lieut, Walter H. Frank, 5th Inf., will proceed to New York city, for instruction relative to work on the Progressive Military Map of the United States, and upon receipt of same will proceed to Greenport, N.Y., for station and work on the map. (May 27, D.E.)

Capt. A. F. Prescott, 5th Inf., detailed for service and to fill vacancy in Q.M. Department. (May 27, W.D.)

cept of same will proceed to Greenport, N.Y., for station and work on the map. (May 27, D.E.)

Capt. A. F. Prescott, 5th Inf., detailed for service and to fill vacancy in Q.M. Department. (May 27, W.D.)

TTH INFANTRY.—COL. D. CORNMAN.

Second Lieut. John C. Moore, 7th Inf., now on leave at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., will report to the C.O. of that post. for duty. (May 25, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. William A. Burnside, 14th Inf., on account of sickness, is extended one month. (May 25, W.D.)

Second Lieut. Oscar Westover, 14th Inf., Fort Lincoln, N.D., will proceed to Fort William Henry Harrison, Mont., and report to Major Olyde S. Ford, M.C., president of the examining board, for examination for promotion. (May 13, D.D.)

Par. 1, S.O. 65, c.s., these headquarters, detailing 1st Lieut. Arthur M. Ferguson, 14th Inf., as assistant to Major Alfred Hasbrouck, 14th Inf., instructor of officers and non-commissioned officers of the Militia of North Dakota, during the encampment commencing June 2, 1911, at Fort Lincoln, N.D., is revoked. (May 12, D.D.)

The following officers are detailed as assistants to Major Alfred Hasbrouck, 14th Inf., instructor of officers of the Militia of North Dakota, during the encampment at Fort Lincoln, N.D., to commence June 2, 1911; 1st Lieut. Frank B. Kobes and 2d Lieut. Calvin P. Titus, 14th Inf. (May 12, D.D.)

STH INFANTRY.—COL. C. W. MASON.

Orders, May 24, 1911, W.D., as directing Capt. Merch B. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without delay to San Juan, P.R. Stewart, 8th Inf., to proceed without de

17TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. T. VAN ORSDALE.

First Lieut Charles S. Frank, 17th Inf., is detailed for general recruiting service. He will proceed to Scranton, Pa, and enter upon recruiting duty at that place, relieving Capt. Edgar Ridenour, 16th Inf., on or about July 1, 1911. Captain Ridenour after being thus relieved will join his regiment. (May 27, W.D.)

(May 21, W.D.)

18TH INFANTRY.—COL. T. F. DAVIS.

So much of Par. 22, S.O., 70, March 25, 1911, W.D., as directed 1st Lieut. Charles A. Dravo, 18th Inf., to join the company to which he may be assigned at San Antonio, Texas, is amended so as to direct Lieutenant Dravo to remain oduty with the 8th Infantry until further orders. (May 26,

is amended so as to direct interest of the state of the work with the 8th Infantry until further orders. (May 20, W.D.)

First Lieut, Charles A. Dravo, 18th Inf., is transferred at his own request to the 8th Infantry. He will be assigned to a company by his regimental commander and will join that company. (May 29, W.D.)

Capt. James G. Hannah, 18th Inf., proceed at proper time to Fort Mackensie, Wyo., for temporary duty, and upon completion proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kas., in compliance with Orders, April 13, W.D. (May 31, W.D.)

19TH INFANTRY.—COL. W. T. WOOD.

Batln. Sergt. Major Albert Racine, 19th Inf., upon receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 29, W.D.D.)

20TH INFANTRY.-COL.

Capt. J. L. De Witt. 20th Inf., detailed for service and to till a vacancy in Q.M.D. (May 27, W.D.).
Sick leave for two months is granted Capt. Robert W. Mearns, 20th Inf., now in general hospital at the Presidio of San Francisco. (May 20, D. Cal.)
Leave for three months and seven days, upon completion

duty at Columbus Barracks, Ohio, is granted Capt. Harry J. Hirsch, 20th Inf. (May 29, W.D.)
Second Lieut. Alexander W. Chilton, 20th Inf., upon expiration of present leave, proceed to Fort Snelling for duty until time to proceed to West Point, U.S.M.A., for duty. (May 31, W.D.)

31, W.D.)

23D INFANTRY.—COL. A. C. SHARPE.

Major Charles H. Muir, 23d Inf., is detailed for duty with
the Militia of Illinois, and will proceed to Springfield, and
report not later than June 10, 1911, for duty, (May 27, W.D.)
So nuch of Par. 17, S.O. 98, April 27, 1911, W.D., as relates to Capt. Charles B. Hagadorn, 23d Inf., is revoked. (May
Major, Charles B. Hagadorn, 23d Inf., is revoked. (May

So much of Par. 17, S.O. 98, April 27, 1911, W.D., as relates to Capt. Charles B. Hagadorn, 23d Inf., is revoked. (May 26, W.D.)
Major Clarence E. Dentler, 23d Inf., to report at Portland, Ore., on June 10, 1911. (May 25, W.D.)
First Lieut. Kelton L. Pepper, 23d Inf., will report to Brig. Gen. Frederick A. Smith, U.S.A., president of an Army retiring board at San Antonio, Texas, for examination by the board. (May 29, W.D.)

24TH INFANTRY.—COL. W. PAULDING.

Second Lieut. Loren C. Grieves, 24th Inf., will proceed to New York city for station, for temporary duty in connection with work on the Progressive Military Map of the United States. (May 27, D.E.)

25TH INFANTRY.—COL. R. C. VAN VLIET.
Leave for two months, about June 1, 1911, is granted Capt. Charles F. Bates, 25th Inf., Fort George Wright, Wash, will report in person to Major Amos B. Shattuck, 25th Inf., for examination for promotion. (May 15, D. Columbia.)

Major Amos B. Shattuck, 25th Inf., is detailed for service and to fill vacancy in the Q.M.D. (May 27, W.D.)

26TH INFANTRY.—COL. C. A. BOOTH.

Capt. Henry G. Lyon, 26th Inf., having been examined for promotion and found physically disqualified for the duties of a major of Infantry, by reason of disability incident to the Service, his retirement as a major is announced, to date from May 23, 1911, the date upon which he would have been promoted to that grade by reason of seniority if found qualified. (May 26, W.D.)

27TH INFANTRY.—COL. W. L. PITCHER.

The name of Cant. Paul B. Malone, 27th Inf. (G.S.), is

(May 26, W.D.)

27TH INFANTRY.—COL. W. L. PITCHER.

The name of Capt. Paul B. Malone, 27th Inf. (G.S.), is placed on the list of detached officers published in G.O. 34, March 11, 1911, W.D., to take effect June 1, 1911, and name of Capt. Girard Sturtevant, Inf., unassigned is semoved to the 3th Infantry, to take effect May 31, 1911. Captain Sturtevant is assigned to the 5th Infantry, to take effect June 1, 1911. (May 31, W.D.)

TRANSFERS.

First Lieut. Frederick B. Terrell, 15th Inf., is transferred to the 22d Infantry, and will join that regiment. (May 27, W.D.)

CAVALRY-UNASSIGNED.

CAVALRY—UNASSIGNED.

Col. Frank A. Edwards, Cav., will repair to Washington and report in person to the president of the Army War College for duty for not more than three months in connection with the compilation of a military lexicon. (May 25, W.D.)

Leave for three months, upon his relief from duty at Cornell University, is granted Capt. Ervin L. Phillips, Cav., unassigned. (May 31, W.D.)

TELID ARTILLERY—UNASSIGNED.

The name of Capt. Edward H. Dearmond, Field Art., is placed on the list of detached officers, to take effect May 26, 1911, and the name of Capt. Morris E. Locke, Field Art., is removed therefrom, to take effect May 25, 1911. (May 25, W.D.)

.) he name of Lieut. Col. John E. McMahon, Field Art., is ed on the list of detached officers, to take effect May 26, t, and the name of Col. Charles G. Treat, Field Art., oved therefrom, to take effect May 25, 1911. (May 25,

removed therefrom, to take effect May 25, 1911. (May 25, W.D.)

So much of Par. 15, S.O. 98, April 27, 1911, W.D., as relates to 1st Lieut. Pelham D. Glassford, Field Art., is revoked. (May 26, W.D.)

First Lieut. Roger S. Parrott, Field Art., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the grade of first lieutenant in the Ordnance Department, to take effect June 20, 1911. (May 27, W.D.)

First Lieut. Pelham D. Glassford, Field Art., is detailed for duty with Light Battery A, Field Art., Rhode Island National Guard, during the annual encampment from July 23 to 30, 1911. (May 27, W.D.)

INPANTRY—UNASSIGNED.

First Lieut. Gad Morgan, Inf., whose relief from duty at

First Lieut. Gad Morgan, Inf., whose relief from duty at Gordon Institute Barnesville, Ga., has been ordered, is assigned to the 7th Infantry, to take effect Aug. 1, 1911, and his name is removed from the list of detached officers, to take effect July 31, 1911. (May 25, W.D.)

Leave for one month, upon the completion of his duty in Washington, is granted Col. Alexis R. Paxton, Inf. (May 25, W.D.)

Leave for two months, upon his relief from duty at the Columbia Military Academy, Columbia, Tenn., is granted Capt. William Newman, Inf., unassigned. (May 27, W.D.)

Major James E. Normoyle, Inf., unassigned, is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Q.M.D. (May 27, W.D.)

BOARDS OF OFFICERS.

BOARDS OF OFFICERS.

service and to fill a vacancy in the Q.M.D. (May 27, W.D.)

BOARDS OF OFFIGERS.

A board of officers is appointed to meet at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., for the examination of officers of Infantry, for promotion. Detail for the board: Major Leigh A. Fuller, M.Q.; Major Michael J. Lenihan, 7th Inf.; Capt. James R. Lindsay, 13th Inf.; Capt. John J. Toffey, ir., 7th Inf.; 1st Lieut. Ernest R. Gentry, M.C. (May 19, D. Mo.)

A board of officers, to consist of Col. William A. Arthur, M.C.; Lieut. Col. Gny L. Edie, M.C.; Lieut. Col. Merritte W. Ireland, M.C., is appointed to meet in Washington, D.C., at the call of the senior member thereof, for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps, for promotion. (May 25, W.D.)

A board for examination of officers for promotion is ordered to convene at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, May 17, 1911. Detail: Col. William C. Buttler, Inf. unassigned; Capts. Frank Halstead and William E. Hunt, 22d Inf.; 1st Lieuts. John T. Aboard is appointed to meet at the Presidio of San Frankofor for the examination of officers for promotion. Detail: Major Frank Greene, S.C.; Capt. Jacob C. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jacob C. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jewin W. Rich, M.C.; Capt. Augustus B. Warfield, 5th Field Art.; 1st Lieut. Edward D. Kremers, M.C. (May 15, D. Cal.)

A board is appointed to meet at the Presidio of San Frankofor frank Greene, S.C.; Capt. Jacob C. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jacob C. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jacob C. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jacob T. San Diego, Cal., for the examination of officers for promotion. Detail: Capt. Isaac Erwin, 30th Inf.; Capt. George H. Momaster, Sth Inf.; Capt. Houston V. Evans, 8th Inf.; Capt. Hoston V. Evans, 8th Inf.; Capt. Houston V. Evans, 8th Inf.; Capt. Houston V. Evans, 8th Inf.; Capt. Jacob V. Johnson, Cal.C.; Capt. Jacob V. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jacob V. Johnson, C.A.C.; Capt. Jacob V. Evans, 8th Inf.; Capt. Houston V. Evans,

RETIRED OFFICERS.

Capt. John Q. Adams, retired, is relieved from duty at Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind., to take effect June 15, 1911. (May 26, W.D.)
Capt. John Q. Adams, retired, upon his own application is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind., to take effect June 16, 1911. (May 26, W.D.)

Military Academy, Culver, Ind., to take effect June 16, 1911. (May 26, W.D.)

MILITIA INSTRUCTION.

Each of the following officers is detailed for duty with the Militia of the state designated after his name, and upon his arrival in the United States will proceed to the place specified, for duty: Major Julius A. Penn, 12th Inf., Lincoln, Neb.; Major Arthur Johnson, 19th Inf., St. Paul, Minn.; Major Otharles S. Farnsworth, 16th Inf., Harrisburg, Pa. (May 27, W.D.)

Each of the following officers is detailed for duty with the Militia of the state designated after his name, and upon the completion of his duties at the Army Staff College will proceed to the place specified, for duty: Capts. Hugh D. Wise, 9th Inf., Albany, N.Y.; Edgar T. Collins, 6th Inf., Madison, Wis.; Robert McCleave, 2d Inf., Des Moines, Iowa; James Justice, 22d Inf., Austin, Texas. (May 27, W.D.)

Each of the following officers is detailed for duty with the Militia of the state designated after his name, and upon the

completion of his duties at the Army War College will proceed to the place specified, for duty: Major Evan M. Johnson, jr., 6th Inf., Columbus, Ohio; Major James H. McRae, 13th Inf., Jefferson City, Mo.; Capt., Andrew J. Dougherty, 30th Inf., Esleigh, N.C. (May 27, W.D.)

The following officers are detailed as instructors at the camp of instruction to be held June 6-10, 1911, at Plattsburg Barracks, N.Y., for the Infantry officers of the Militia of Vermont: Capt. Exekiel J. Williams, 5th Inf.; Capt. Clement A. Trott, 5th Inf.; 1st Lieuts, Vincent M. Elmore, 5th Inf., William R. Standiford, 5th Inf., Collin H. Ball, 5th Inf., Francis C. Endicott, 5th Inf. (May 24, D.E.)

Following officers will proceed at proper time from Fort Leavenworth to the Wisconsin Military Reservation for duty as instructors and inspectors of Organized Militia of Wisconsin, in camp from July 8 to 29, 1911, and upon completion of this duty join proper stations; Capt. Oliver Edwards, 5th Inf.; Capt. Laurance Angel, Porto Ricc Regt. of Inf. (May 31, W.D.)

Int.: Capt. Laurance Angel, Porto Rico Regt. of Inf. (May 31, W.D.)

ARMY OAVALRY TEAM.

The following enlisted men will be sent so as to arrive at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., not later than June 2, 1911, to report to 1st Lieut. William H. Clopton, jr., 13th Cav., captain Army Cavalry team, for duty in connection with the tryout of the Army Cavalry team: Sergt. Major Thomas F. Norris, Q.M. Sergt. Stephen Franckowaik, Troop O, Sergt. Charles A. McCormick, Troop B, and Pvt. Herbert S. Neetleton, Troop A, 15th Cav. (May 24, D.E.)

GENERAL RECRUITING SERVICE.

The officers hereinafter named as detailed for general recruiting service. Each officers named will proceed at the proper time to the recruit depot specified and report in person on July 1, 1911 to the C.O. thereof for duty:

Fort Slocum, N.Y.—Capt. Henry M. Dichmann, 26th Inf. Columbus Barracks, Ohio.—1st Lieuts, Franklin S. Leisenring, 4th Inf., Robert G. Caldwell, 10th Inf., and Daniel M. Jefferson Barracks, Mo.—Capt. Thomas F. Ryan, 13th Cav. Fort Logan, Colo.—Capt. Thomas F. Schley, 23d Inf.; 1st Lieut. Value and Call. The Colour S. Chandler 25th Inf.; 1st Lieut. William F. Fort McDowell, Cal.—1st Lieut. Pat M. Stevens, 23d Inf.; 1st Lieut. Taylor M. Reagan, 15th Cav. (May 27, W.D.)

Each of the following officers is relieved from duty at the recruit depot specified, and from further duty on recruiting service, to take effect July 1, 1911, and will then proceed to join his proper station:

Fort Slocum, N.Y.—1st Lieut, Daniel A. Nolan, Inf., unas-

recruit depot specified, and from further duty on recruiting service, to take effect July 1, 1911, and will then proceed to join his proper station: Fort Slocum, N.Y.—1st Lieut, Daniel A. Nolan, Inf., unas-signed. Columbus Barracks, Ohio.—1st Lieut, Verne LaS. Rockwell,

signed.
Columbus Barracks, Ohio.—1st Lieut. Verne LaS. Rockwell,
11th Cav.; 1st Lieut. Gouverneur V. Packer, Inf. unassigned;
1st Lieut. Alfred J. Booth, Inf., unassigned.
Jefferson Barracks, Mo.—Capt. Charles J. Symmonds, 12th

v. Fort Logan, Colo.—Major James Baylies, 9th Inf.; Major Ison Chase, Inf., unassigned; Capt. Harry La T. Cavenaugh,

Wilson Chase, Inf., unassigned; Capt. Harry La T. Cavenaugh, 10th Cav.
Fort McDowell, Cal.—Capt. George W. Helms, 19th Inf.; Capt. Austin Allen Parker, Inf., unassigned. (May 27, W.D.)

EXAMINATIONS FOR PROMOTION.

The following officers will report in person to Major Leigh A. Fuller, M.C., president of the examining board at Fort Leavenworth, for examination for promotion: 1st Lieuts. Walter H. Johnson, 8th Inf., Charles H. Danforth, 17th Inf., and Gideon H. Williams, 28th Inf. (May 19, D. Mc.)
First Lieut. Leonard T. Baker and 2d Lieut. Ralph A. Jones, 8th Inf., will report to Capt. Isaac Erwin, 30th Inf., president of the examining board at the maneuver camp near San Diego, Cal., for examination for promotion. (May 15, D. Cal.)

GENERAL COURTS-MARTIAL

GENERAL COURTS-MARTIAL.

A G.C.M. is appointed to meet at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, May 18, 1911. Detail: Brig. Gen. Waiter S. Schuyler, U.S.A.; Col. Joseph H. Dorst, 3d Cav.; Col. John L. Clem, Q.M.D.; Col. James Parker, 11th Cav.; Col. John L. Clem, Q.M.D.; Col. Johnes Parker, 11th Cav.; Col. William C. Buttler, Inf., unassigned: Lieut. Col. George H. Morgan, 11th Cav.; Lieut. Col. William C. Brown, Cav., unassigned; Majors Robert D. Walsh and DeRosey O. Cabell, 11th Cav.; Major Robert E. L. Michie, 9th Cav.; Capt. Herbert A. White, 11th Cav., J.A. (May 16, D.T.)

A G.C.M. is appointed to meet at the Presidio of San Francisco May 22, 1911. Detail: Col. John P. Wisser, C.A.C.; Ol. Frederick Von Schrader, Q.M.D.; Col. Rudolph G. Ebert, M.C.; Col., John Biddle, C.E.; Lieut. Col. Webster Vinson, P.D.; Major Frank Greene, S.C.; Major Percy M. Ashburn, M.C.; Major Thomas B. Lamoreux, C.A.C.; Majors John C. Waterman and Erneste V. Smith, P.D.; Majors Arthur W. Chase and James A. Shipton, C.A.C.; Major Robert M. Thornburgh, M.C.; Capt. John B. Murphy, C.A.C., J.A. (May 16, D. Cal.)

PROPOSED TRANSPORT SAILINGS. From San Francisco, Cal.:

Due at Due at Due at Lay days

	Transport.	S.F.	about	about	about	Manila.	
	Sheridan	May 5	May 13	May 27	Jun. 2	18	
	Buford		Jun. 13	Jun. 27	Jul. 3	12	
	Sherman		Jul. 13	Jul. 27	Aug. 2	13	
	From Man	ila. P.T.:		4.00			
	L'IOLE MEN	,	Due at	Due at	Due at 1	lay days	
		Leave	Nagasaki	Honolulu	S.F.	at	
	Transport.	Manila.	about	about	about	S.F.	
*	Sherman	May 15	May 20	Jun. 5	Jun. 13	22	
	Chamidan	Tun 15	Inn 20	Jul 6	Inl 14	22	

Sheridan ...Jun. 15 Jun. 20 Jul. 6 Jul. 14 22 BufordJul. 15 Jul. 20 Aug. 6 Aug. 14 22

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ARMY TRANSPORTS.

ARMY TRANSPORTS.

BUFORD—Will sail from San Francisco for Manila June 5.
CROOK—At San Francisco, Cal.
DIX—At Seattle, Wash.
KILPATRICK—At Galveston, Texas.
LISCUM—In Philippine waters.
LOGAN—At San Francisco, Cal. (out of commission).
McCLELLAN—At Galveston, Texas.
MEADE—At Newport News, Va.
SEWARD—At Manila.
BEERIDAN—Capt. H. L. Kinnison, Q.M. Left San Francisco Manila May 5. Left Guam May 28.
SIERMAN—Major H. B. Chamberlain, Q.M. Left Manila for San Francisco May 15. Left Nagasaki May 20.
SUMMER—At Galveston, Texas.
THOMAS—At San Francisco, Cal.
WARREN—At Manila.
WRIGHT—At Manila.

CABLE SHIPS.

OABLE SHIPS.

BURNSIDE—1st Lieut, F. R. Curtis, Signal Corps, commanding. At Seattle, Wash.

OYRUS W. FIELD—Lieut. J. A. Brockman, Signal Corps. New

York

York

JOSEPH HENRY—Lieut. J. Alfred Moss, Signal Corps. Address New York city.

MINE PLANTEES.

COLONEL GEORGE ARMISTEAD—1st Lieut. Henry T. Burgin, C.A.C., commanding. Detachment of 60th Co., C.A.C. At San Francisco.

MAJOR SAMUEL RINGGOLD—1st Lieut. Ellery W. Niles, C.A.C., commanding. Detachment 150th Co., C.A.C. At Fart Stevens, Orc.

C.A.C. commanding. Detachment 150th Co., C.A.C. At Fart Stevens, Ore.

GNNERAL HENRY J. HUNT—Lieut. E. T. Weisel, C.A.C., commanding. At Fort Mills, P.I.

GENERAL HENRY KNOX—Lieut. John O'Neil, C.A.C., commanding. At Fort Wint, P.I.

GENERAL ROYAL T. FRANK—1st Lieut. Richard H. Jordan, C.A.C., commanding. Detachment of 136th Co., C.A.C. At New York city.

GENERAL SAMUEL M. MILLS—1st Lieut. Guy A. Mix, C.A.C., commanding. Detachment of 58th and 169th Cos., C.A.C. Fort Monroe, Va.

GENERAL EDWARD O. C. ORD—Capt. John M. Dunn, C.A.C., commanding. Detachment of 135th Co., C.A.C. At New York city.

O., commanding. Detachment of 120th Co., C.A.C. At

FORT MONROE.

FORT MONROE.

Fort Monroe, Va., May 20, 1911.

This being a holiday many of the younger officers went off on short leaves. The advanced class, composed of Captains Forse, Fuller, Hines, Hasbrouck, Lull, Wilson, Steger, Carpenter, Lieutenant Gardner, with instructors, Captains Gulick and Patten, left on Saturday to visit Yorktown and the battle-fields in that vicinity. They will be gone a week.

Lieut. and Mrs. Mix have Mr. and Mrs. Beard and Mr. Reid Beard, of Baltimore, as their guests. On Monday Mrs. Gulick gave a supper for Mrs. Clarence Townsley, Mrs. J. L. Hayden, Mrs. Rorebeck, Mrs. Hasbrouck. On Thursday Mrs. William Cole was hostess at a charming luncheon for Mesdames Davis, Chamberlaine, Coe, Coward, Howell, Gulick, Phipps.

Hayden, Mrs. Rorebeck, Mrs. Hasbrouck. On Thursday Mrs. William Cole was hostess at a charming luncheon for Mesdames Davis, Chamberlaine, Coe, Coward, Howell, Gulick, Phipps.

Friday the 'Ben Greet Players' gaye 'A Comedy of Errors' in the afternoon and 'She Stoops to Conquer' at night to large audiences. A more ideal stage setting than the live oaks in the fort cannot be fancied.

Miss Marguerite Knox has returned from a visit to Annapolis, Mrs. C. A. Rue and Miss Wilson, both of Trenton, N.J., have been visiting Capt. and Mrs. Coward, but returned to their home on Sunday. Mrs. Albert G. Harman, of Goshen, day. Mrs. Colady, Mrs. Kimberly, returned to her rome on Sturday. Mrs. William Hase entertained at dinner on Thursday for Mesdames Townsley, Howell, Fuller, Crawford, Turtle, Crawford, and Newman.

Majors McNeil and Bottoms spent a few days in Washington this week. Mrs. Kimberly entertained at bridge Thursday evening for Capt. and Mrs. Hopkins and Mrs. Harman. Friday afternoon Mrs. Howell gave a most enjoyable musicale. Vocal solos were rendered by Mrs. Frederick Reynolds and Mrs. Russell, and several piano solos by Mrs. Winston, in her usual artistic style. Mrs. Gulick delighted the small audience with several of her clever monologues. Mrs. Waiter K. Wilson has her sister, Mrs. Johnson, of Minneapolis, visiting her. On Thursday afternoon Mrs. Gearhart gave a bridge party. Her guests were Mesdames Hopkins, Pierce, Mix, Forse, Taylor, Monroe and Misses Pulluma and Weber. Prizes were won by Mrs. Forse and Mrs. Taylor. Among those who came in for refreshments were Mesdames Habrouck, Arnold, Bottoms, Terrell, McCleary, Sutton.

Mrs. Thomas Knox had a bad fall, injuring her knee, and was confined to her bed for a week.

On Wednesday evening Major and Mrs. Thomas Winston gave quite a large musicale. The artists of the evening were Mrs. Fromas Knox had a bad fall, injuring her knee, and was confined to her bed for a week.

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FORT SHERIDAN.

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Capt. F. C. Marshall, 15th Cav., left for a three months' course at Fort Leavenworth this week before entering upon a detail with the Militis of Illinois. Col. William L. Pitcher, 27th Inf., now in temporary command of the Department of the Lakes, will ride in the Memorial Day parade to-day in Chicago, but the Regular troops from this post have not this year been required.

Daily band concerts have been inaugurated, and by changing the location each day everyone is enabled to enjoy them. Captain Saville has had his mother with him for a few weeks. Mrs. Gerichton, of California, is visiting her daughted, Mrs. Gerichton, of California, is visiting her daughted, Mrs. E. D. Scott. On Thursday last Capt. and Mrs. Saville invited a number in to play bridge and listen to several operatic selections. Those present were Col. and Mrs. Will-cox, Mrs. McDonald, Capt. and Mrs. Sneed, Capt. and Mrs. Crain, Lieut. and Mrs. Shaw, Prizes went to Mrs. Moore, Lieut. and Mrs. Sneed, Capt. and Mrs. Crain, Lieut. and Mrs. Shaw, Prizes went to Mrs. McDonald and Licutenant Sneed. Lieut. M. B. Bowdish, recently returned from the Philippines, has reported for duty with the 15th Cayalry and will be quartered in the former house of Licutenant Mofet and family. Mrs. Bowdish is now in New York, but will come here in June.

Capt. H. F. Reed has been on sick report with some injury to his knee. Capt. W. C. Rogers has gone on a horttrip with his mother, who stopped here for a few days. Chaplain Brophy left yesterday for his station at Fort Riley. Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Jones, of Chicago, spent the week-end with Capt. and Mrs. McNamee.

The Ladies Thursday Bridge Club met with Mrs. Moore last week. Capt. J. T. Moore spent a few days at Madison, Wis., as one of the Judges at the inspection and drill of the National Guard of Wisconsin. Lieut. A. J. Ahern, 5th Art., has gone away on a month's leave before joining his new station at Watertown Araenal.

FORT MYER.

FORT MYER.

Fort Myer, Va., May 31, 1911.

Last Wednesday Miss Grant and Miss Gooch arrived at the post to be the guests of the Misses Garrard. That night a concert was given in their honor. Captain Andrews left last week for Vermont, on detail with the Militia.

Capt, Warren Dean was host at a "kitchen shower" for Miss Lucy Garrard last Thursday evening. All the officers and ladies of the post and a good many guests from Washington were present. Miss Clara Swift, of Washington, entertained at a tea Friday to meet Miss Lucy Garrard. Captain Baily was host at a dinner at the New Willard Friday for the bridal party. The Misses Write, of Barneaville, Md., Miss Hirshinger and Miss Swift have been house guests of the Misses Garrard the last few days. Miss Lucy Garrard and her maids were entertained at luncheon on Saturday by Mrs. Herbert Carter, of Green Valley, Va. About 300 guests are expected at the post this evening at the marriage of Miss Lucy Garrard and Lieut. V. S. Foster. Capt. and Mrs. Tremaine are to be present at the wedding. Last evening Capt. and Mrs. Barnhardt entertained at supper for the wedding party after the rehearsal.

Miss Bernice Smither is confined to the house with measles. Gen. and Mrs. Wood left Friday for Boston, but are expected back to-day. Yesterday several of the officers went to the Pimilico races; among them were Captains Barnhardt, Kirkpatrick, Lieutenants Moose and Rumbough. Mrs. White-side came back to the post Sunday after spending a week in a Washington hospital. Mrs. F. S. Foltz, who went to New York with Major Folts, returned to the Dast Sunday. Mrs. A. B. Sharpe is the guest of Col. and Mrs. Garrard. Sunday several bus loads of young people went to the Barcroft Mill on a picnic.

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PROPOSALS will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., until 10 o clock a.m., June 13, 1911, and publicly opened immediately thereafter, to turnish at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y., etc., a quantity of naval supplies, as follows: Sch. 3596: White beans, tinned peaches.—Sch. 3603: Steam pumps.—Sch. 3604: Furnishing and superintending the installation of tabe boilers.
—Sch. 3639: Portland cement.—Sch. 3643: White oak.—Sch. 3644: Hospital supplies, etc.—Sch. 3645: Bunting, flax and cotton canvas.—Sch. 3646: Steel hull rivets, plate washers, brass voice tubing.—Sch. 3647: Bar iron, bar steel, galvanized and corrugated sheet steel.—Sch. 3648: Brass and iron pipe fittings, unions.—Sch. 3649: Valves.—Sch. 3650: Boiler rivets, steel bolts and nuts.—Sch. 3651: Brass, copper, ron or steel pipe.—Sch. 3652: Rod and sheet brass, copper rod.—Sch. 3654: Shoe polishing sets, sewing silk, rubber combs, cotton thread. Applications for proposals should designate the schedules desired by number. Blank proposals will be furnished upon application to the navy pay office, New York, N.Y., or to the Bureau. T. J. COWIE, Paymaster-General, U.S.N. 5-29-11.

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Target experiments with the San Marcos will be resumed June 6 at the place where the work of firing at an actual war vessel was started under the Hobson amendment to the last Naval Appropriation bill. The

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firing was suspended in order to give the Navy Department an opportunity to remove the 6-inch guns from the San Marcos. The shots of the New Hampshire had such a fearful effect on the San Marcos that it was feared that the vessel would be broken up and everything of value on her destroyed. To save as much as possible or value on her destroyed. To save as much as possible the Department decided to remove not only the San Marcos's 6-inch guns, but everything else of any value. It is understood the principal idea in view when the Tallahassee takes up the work of completing the experiment will be to determine the effect of oblique impact of shots on armor plate. Most of the firing will be done from 12-inch guns.

Secretary of War Stimson is anxious to visit the Canal Sone, in response to an invitation from Colonel Goethals, but is not at present able to fix a date for the visit. Colonel Goethals, who has been in Washington discussing canal questions with President Taft and Secretary Stimson, will remain in this country about a month. He will attend the commencement at Vassar College, where his daughter will be graduated.

The examination papers of the candidates for commissions in the Marine Corps May 31 were sent by the commandant of the corps to the Navy Department. The papers were not even opened at the Marine headquarters, and nothing will be known of the result of the examination until an announcement is made by the Navy

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

WEEKLY-ROTABLISHED 1864.

Office, No. 20 Vesey Street, New York.

ARMY AND NAVY GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED 1879 REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Cable address Armynavy, Newyork, Entered at the New York P.O. as Second Class Matter.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1911.

DIVISION AND DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS.

It has been decided to place Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant in command of the Eastern Division of the Army under the new organization plan going into effect July 1. and Major Gen. Arthur Murray in command of the Western Division. The commander of the Central Division has not yet been selected. It is recognized that either General Carter or General Murray should remain at the War Department as Assistant Chief of Staff. On at the War Department as Assistant Chief of Staff. On account of General Murray's experience with coast defenses it is thought best to station him at San Francisco. Sooner or later Congress will take up the question of larger fortifications for the Pacific coast, and no one is better fitted to carry out such work than General Murray. General Murray will not assume his duties as commander of the Western Division for some time. He commander of the Western Division for some time. He will remain in the East until he has served as commander of the Maneuver Division. Before General Murray goes to San Antonio General Grant is to have a tour of duty as commander of the Maneuver Division, being relieved by General Murray, under whose command the Maneuver Division will probably be broken up and sent to its stations. This will not be, according to the present arrangement, until late in August, or possibly the middle of September, and possibly not until the first of October. President Taft is said to have expressed of October. President Tait is said to have expressed the opinion that it would not be wise to remove the troops from the Mexican border until some time this fall. The matter is entirely in the President's hands, and nothing will be done with the Maneuver Division until he has issued instructions to the War Department. After General Murray concludes his service in Texas it will be necessary for him to return to Washington before going to San Francisco. It is understood that the Chief of Staff has a number of important matters which will be ready for action this fall upon which he wishes advice

be ready for action this fall upon which he wishes advice from General Murray.

The following officers will be assigned to command the new departments: Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, Depart-ment of the East; Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, Department of the Gulf; Brig. Gen. Ralph W. Hoyt, Department of the Lakes; Brig. Gen. Frederick A. Smith, Department of Missouri; Brig. Gen. Joseph W. Duncan, Department of Texas; Brig. Gen. Ramsay D. Potts, in addition to or Texas; Frig. Gen. Ramsay D. Potts, in addition to temporary command of the Central Division, to perma-nent command of Fort Leavenworth; Brig. Gen. Walter S. Schuyler, Fort Riley; Brig. Gen. Daniel H. Brush, Department of California, and Brig. Gen. Marion P. Maus, Department of Columbia. The following assignments have been made to the staff of the Eastern Divi-sion: Chief of Staff, Col. S. C. Mills, General Staff; Ston: Chief of Star, Col. S. C. Mins, General Star; assistants, Major D. B. Devore, adjutant general; Col. George F. Chase, I.G. Dept.; assistant, Lieut. Col. H. J. Slocum, Cav.; Majors Gordon G. Heiner, C.A.C., and Alfred M. Hunter, C.A.C.; judge advocate general, Lieut. Col. J. A. Hull; assistant, Capt. S. T. Ansell.

REORGANIZING THE CAVALRY.

Several plans are under consideration at the War Department for the reorganization of the Cavalry. After carefully canvassing the situation in Congress it has been decided that, owing to the economy policy adopted by the House, it would be useless to attempt to secure an increase in the authorized strength of the Cavalry. It is evident that all that can be done at this time is to reorganize it with its present strength. Its present organization is undoubtedly antiquated and not adapted to existing conditions. The regiments are too large, and there are other defects in the organization of this arm of the Service, as has been demonstrated to the satisfac-tion of the Cavalry experts by experiments at the maneuvers with provisional regiments consisting first of two squadrons of three troops each and of three squadrons of two troops. It has been found that either of these organizations is preferable to the present organization of the Cavalry, and the General Staff is now at work

on plans for the reorganization of the entire arm.

Two plans have been suggested. One is for the organization of twenty regiments of six troops each, with an enlisted strength of 100. Another calls for twenty-four regiments of six troops, with a strength of eightyfive. In either case it would be necessary to put some of the regiments in command of lieutenant colonels, as it is not proposed to increase either the commissioned or the enlisted strength of the Cavalry. But this is not thought to be objectionable by those who are proposing such a scheme of reorganization. The matter has not reached that stage at which the Department is ready to endorse any bill for the proposed change. A suggestion has been made that the President be authorized by law to reorganize the Cavalry without increasing its strength. Objection has been raised to any bill of this

character, as it would virtually convert the Cavalry into a corps and create unstable conditions, permitting each succeeding Secretary of War or Chief of Staff to exploit his ideas on Cavalry reorganization, so that the size of regiments might be changed with each administration. The better plan would be to agree on some new organization and secure legislation fixing the size of the regiments and making other changes by law

regiments and making other changes by law.

Serious consideration is also being given to a propo tion providing for the consolidation of the lines tion of the Cavalry, Field Artillery, Coast Artillery and Infantry. Such an arrangement, it is urged, would remove all friction between the different arms of the Service and unite all of the officers in the fighting branch of the Army in one common cause. Of course, it is not proposed to place Cavalry officers in the command of Infantry or make any change in the character of an officer's service. At the same time it is planned to make promotions lineal throughout the fighting Army. order to do this it will be necessary to use the detached service for the assignment of officers who are promoted when there are no vacancies in the regiments in the rank to which they are advanced. For instance, if a captain the Cavalry should be promoted, and there was no vacancy with any Cavalry regiment in the grade major, he would relieve some officer on detached service in some other arm of the Service in which there was a vacancy. By this scheme it is claimed that a plan for lineal promotions throughout the fighting Army can be arranged without doing any injustice to any officer. proposition is so intricate that no action will be taken upon it until the matter can be gone over thoroughly and all the details worked out. As it will occasion no additional expense in the maintenance of the Army, it is not thought that there will be any Congressional is not opposition to legislation for carrying out this scheme. It is a matter to be settled entirely within the War Department and Army. Some of the most influential officers in the Department and Army are opposed omeers in the Department and Army are opposed to the plan, but it is gaining friends almost daily, and it is only a matter of time, in the opinion of its advocates, before it will have the approval of the War Department With the War Department's approval there is not much doubt that legislation making this important change in the organization of the Army will be passed without any serious opposition.

We may add the following suggestion, just received from

We may add the following suggestion, just received from an officer of Cavalry: "As at present organized, the Cavalry and Congress are alike unwieldy, and some even claim to see a resemblance between the Cavalry Drill Regulations and the Congressional Record. The Cavalryman's lament: "Oh, for a Chief of Cavalry!"

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF CONSOLIDATION BILL

The opinion of the Judge Advocate General of the Army on the constitutionality of the substitute proposed to H.R. 7594, providing for the consolidation of the Adjutant General's and Inspector General's Departments with the General Staff, is in accord with the opinion of General Wood, Chief of Staff, quoted in our issue of May 27, page 1178. Chairman Hay, of the House Committee on Military Affairs, had expressed the belief that the substitute was unconstitutional, in that it restricted the appointing power of the President, and the Chief of Staff explained that such form of Army legislation is common. General Crowder, J.A.G., in his opinion, says that the legislative precedent most directly in point is the Act of March 3, 1899, providing for the reorganiis the Act of March 3, 1899, providing for the reorganization and increase of efficiency of the personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps. That act provided that "the officers constitution the Engineer Corps of the Navy are and are hereby transferred to the line of the Navy, and shall be recommissioned to accordingly." None of Th engineers received a new appointment. tute hill, says the J.A.G., does not create any additional offices or expressly require any exercise of the appointing power, and such is plainly not the effect of the bill. e purpose of the bill is to utilize these officers in a v way. The right of Congress to accomplish this result as between line and staff, without requiring new appointments, is upheld in Senate Report No. 2153, Fifty-eighth Congress, second session. Even if it be granted that the substitute bill does create additional granted that the substitute bill does create additional offices and require new appointments, the J.A.G. holds that the authority of Congress "to raise and support armies" and "to make rules for the government and regulation of the land forces" must be considered, and under this provision the legislation restricting and placing limitations upon the appointing power in respect to military office is justified. In an exhaustive opinion Attorney General Williams, in 1873, held that "as the Constitution expressly confers upon Congress authority 'to make rules for the government and regulation of the Army,' it follows that that body may, by virtue of this rity, impose such restrictions and limitations upon the appointing power as it deems proper in regard to making promotions or appointments to fill any and vacancies in the Army, provided, of course, that restrictions and limitations be not inconsistent or in-compatible with the exercise of the appointing power by the department of the Government to which that power constitutionally belongs." Subsequent legislation of Congress has been along the restrictive lines indicated by the Attorney General, notably the Act of Oct. 1, 1890, establishing the system of promotion by seniority within the arm of the Service, and Section 26 of the Act of Feb. 2, 1901, which requires that the heads of

the several staff departments shall be appointed from the permanent officers in said departments. "It follows," says General Crowder, in conclusion, "I think, that in legislating in respect of Army appointments such as are contemplated in the substitute draft the prior action of Congress would not support the constitutional objection advanced."

During the hearing on the Consolidation bill, reported last week (page 1178), Representative James Hay, of Virginia, chairman of the House Military Committee, said: "Congress can create three new general officers in the line of the Army, but the bill goes further, and states who those general officers shall be, to wit, the Adjutant General and the brigadier general in his department, and the Inspector General. Now, I say, and I do not think there will be any question about it, that that provision is unconstitutional, because Congress cannot say to the President whom he shall appoint to any office. Now, under the provisions of this bill you create these new officers, because a general in the line is an entirely distinct and separate office from a general in a staff corps. And while we can do that, yet in this bill you provide that the President shall appoint these three men, and you give him no discretion about it at all; and in Section 3 the same thing is provided as to colonels and lieutenant colonels in the Staff Corps, transferring them to the line and creating additional colonels and lieutenant colonels in the line, and then requiring the President to appoint these particular men. Therefore, I say that provision of the bill is clearly unconstitutional."

"General Wood: I will present this feature to the Judge Advocate General, and ask him to go over it again, although he has already given the bill careful consideration, and will send you his opinion." The opinion asked for is given above.

After two years and a half of experience with the present system of punishing deserters it is said that the War Department will go back to the regulations covering the subject which were adopted in 1895. It has practically been decided that the blanket provision which authorizes the punishment of all deserters by confinement, dishonorable discharge and the forfeiture of all rights and pay is too severe. Although the details been worked out, it is probable that the regulations of 1895, fixing the scale of punishment which "more nearly fit the crime," will be adopted. I urged by some that the War Department is slow getting into line with the tendency of the times for a more humane punishment of offenders. The Navy regulations for the punishment of deserters have never been as drastic as those of the War Department, yet the Navy Department has now under consideration a scheme for a more lenient treatment of deserters. In civil life parole systems have been adopted, and laws have been enacted which are intended to reform as well as to punish convicts. Only last session a provision of this character was incorporated in the Federal statutes by Congress. The contention that desertions can be prevented or even decreased by the theory of extreme punishment, it is claimed, has not been sustained by the experience of the past two years and a half with the present regulations. As a general rule, men who enlist in the Army fear nothing. It is suggested that they would be very poor soldiers if they could be ruled by fear of severe or extreme punishment. The dishonor of fear of severe or extreme punishment. a court-martial sentence, it is claimed, has a greater restraining influence on a good soldier or the soldier than any period of confinement. It necessary to provide imprisonment for officers to give them sufficient punishment, and some of the more progressive officers think that there is not such a great difference officers and enlisted men as is between commissioned assumed in some quarters.

The last detail of Militia officers sent to the Maneuver Division, published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of May 20, exhausted the funds of the War Department which are available for this purpose. The states have been advised, however, if they desire to send another detail, the War Department will take care of them, provided that the states pay the expenses of the trip. It is understood that a number of the states have taken the matter up, and it is probable that a fifth, and possibly a sixth, detail of National Guard officers will be sent to Texas. The officers will go under the direction of the War Department and report to General Carter in the same manner as former details. Not over 225 officers will be taken care of at the same time, and it will be necessary to arrange their rank on about the same system by which the other details are made. It is generally conceded, in Militia circles as well as at the War Department, that the Maneuver Division offers better opportunities for the instruction of National Guard officers than any other method that has been employed. For this reason a great many Militia officers who are not yet detailed are anxious to go.

Opposition to the Five-year Enlistment bill, which amounts to a reduction in the pay of enlisted men of the Army, is coming from an unexpected source. Under the Federal Pay bill the pay of the Militia will be based upon the pay of the Army, and the officers and enlisted men in the National Guard have already expressed themselves as opposed to the five-year enlistment. In the opinion of the advocates of the Militia Pay bill, it is more important that the enlisted men of the Militia should receive pay from the Government than the officers.

A good share of the Militia officers are either prosperous business men or draw good salaries. They can better afford to give their time and pay their expenses than the average enlisted man. To some of the enlisted men Militia service with the National Guard is proving very embarrassing in a financial way. On this account it is very difficult to keep the Militia organization recruited up to anything like a satisfactory strength. Some of the enlisted men who are not granted vacations with pay from their civil employment find that they cannot actually afford to go to camp. Under the Militia Pay bill, based on the present pay of the Army, the allowance for enlisted men in the Militia would not be any too large. Therefore the members of the National Guard are opposed to the Five-year Enlistment bill, and are making known their sentiments to their Representatives in Congress. Aside from this, with the three-year enlistment in the Army some of the National Guard are inclined to think favorably of serving a term with the Regular Army. Such a service will be an excellent preparation for National Guardsmen to serve with the Militia either as officer or non-commissioned officer.

We give on page 1210 the text of a bill in which the provisions of the several bills for the reorganization of the Army are included in an omnibus bill. This is to be taken up by the Military Committee of the House June 6, with a probability that the chairman of that committee, Mr. Hay, may secure votes enough to have it favorably reported to the House for action. The text of the omnibus bill is given in such a way that the changes made in the original text of the bills included in it may be easily followed. Even if the House should accept the consolidation measure in the form to be submitted to the committee, it will not be acceptable to some of the most influential Senators. The recommendation of the War Department for the consolidation of the Adjutant General's and Inspector General's Departments with the General Staff is more satisfactory to Senators than is the Hay bill.

At the beginning of his incumbency we commend to Mr. Stimson, our new Secretary of War, who is noted for assidious application to his duties, the following note from the United Service Gazette of London on the labors of his brother Secretary across the Atlantic: "There is an impression in the lay mind that Cabinet Ministers have a pretty easy time of it, but the remark certainly cannot be applied to the Secretary of State for War, who pathetically stated at the opening of the new drill hall of the 23d Battalion, the London Regiment, on May 6, that that ceremony was the first break in a long day's work. No one, said Viscount Haldane, had yet introduced an eight-hour day for War Ministers, and he detailed how the previous dozen hours of his time had been filled."

It is understood that the Navy Department will take up the question of distributing the marines in the provincial brigade in Guantanamo as soon as the President is convinced that peace in Mexico is established on a firm basis. There is no intention of keeping the marines in Guantanamo until fall, as the Maneuver Division of the Army- will be maintained in Texas. Guantanamo has become a very uncomfortable place to live in during the past week or ten days, and there will be no military reason for keeping the marines there after the dangers of trouble in Mexico have passed away. The brigade has completed all of the work that it can do at Guantanamo until next fall, and in the interest of the Service the brigade should be distributed at an early date.

The Senate on June 1 adopted a concurrent resolution, offered by Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, asking for information from the War Department concerning the orders recently issued to concentrate staff officers at division headquarters in New York, Chicago and San Francisco, and withdraw them from the various department headquarters as now organized. The resolution demands a statement as to the number of staff officers and civilian employees to be affected, whether the movement is in the interest of economy, and the expenditures that will be necessitated by the move.

It is understood that plans are under consideration by which recruiting will be placed in the hands of the new department commanders. It has been suggested that, as under the new reorganization the department commanders will be relieved of administrative duties, they could take care of recruiting without interfering with field work. Some of the most experienced officers have maintained for some time that department commanders are better situated to recruit soldiers for the Army than are the officers in the Staff Department.

Lack of spare ships and officers will limit the application of the Act of March 4, 1911, providing for the assignment of Navy officers to about ten vessels to promote nautical education. There are trainingships at New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and it is not thought best to go to further expense in the matter.

The Navy Department some time in July will be in the market for three million pounds of smokeless powder. Just at present the Navy is using something like a million pounds a year at target practice. On this account an order for three million pounds is not a very large one.

THE SIXTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

FIRST (SPECIAL) SESSION.

The Senate on May 29 passed S. 817, appropriating \$25,000 for the repair of the wooden warship Portsmouth; S. 1724, to amend Sec. 1624, Art. 34, Revised Statutes, so as to allow the destruction of the records of deck courts two years after date of trial.

The Senate also passed S. 2004, to amend Sec. 1505 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, providing for the suspension from promotion of officers of the Navy if not professionally qualified. The amended section will read:

tion will read:

See. 1505. Any officer of the Navy on the active list below the rank of commander who, upon examination for promotion, is found not professionally qualified, shall be suspended from promotion for a period of six months from the date of approval of said examination, and shall suffer a loss of numbers equal to the average six months' rate of promotion to the grade for which said officer is undergoing examination during the five fiscal years next preceding the date of approval of said examination, and upon the termination of said suspension from promotion he shall be reexamined, and in case of his failure upon such re-examination he shall be dropped from the Service with not more than one year's pay: Provided. That the provisions of this act shall be effective from and after Jan. I. 1911.

Another bill passed by the Senate was S. 2316, fixing

Provided. That the provisions of this act shall be effective from and after Jan. I. 1911.

Another bill passed by the Senate was S. 2316, fixing the rank and precedence of naval attachés. It provides that hereafter naval attachés while serving on duty at embassies abroad shall have the rank of captain, and while serving on duty at legations abroad shall have the rank of commander in the Navy. But all officers serving as naval attachés shall continue to receive the same pay and allowances which they receive under existing law, and nothing in this Act shall be construed to increase such pay or allowances or to reduce the rank of such officers while serving as herein provided. The precedence of military and naval attachés at the same embassy or legation shall be determined by their actual precedence in the Army or Navy, and not by any provision of law giving temporary increased rank to such attachés.

Favorable report has been made in the Senate on S.

Favorable report has been made in the Senate on S. 1237, for the promotion of Carpenter Joseph A. O'Connor, U.S.N., to chief carpenter and retiring him.

vorable report was made in the House on May 26. R. 9442, to amend the Naval Appropriation Act of h 4, 1911, as it relates to appointment of naval asters' clerks and also to the partial payment of paymasters' clerks and construction contracts.

construction contracts.

Resolutions favoring the repeal of the anti-canteen law have been presented in the House this week by Mr. Burke, of Wisconsin, on behalf of camps of Spanish War Veterans at Sheboygan and Fond du Lac, Wis.

ARMY REORGANIZATION BILL

ARMY RECRGANIZATION BILL.

The House Committee on Military Affairs will on June 6 take up an omnibus bill embodying all the provisions carried in Chairman Hay's bills for the reorganization of the Army which he introduced at this session. The new bill will be discussed section by section, and it is the purpose of Chairman Hay to perfect the measure so that it can be reported out some day this session. Below is printed a draft of the measure as it will be submitted to the committee. This program was agreed to June 1 at an informal conference of the members of the comat an informal conference of the members of the com-mittee. Differences in type and matter enclosed in parentheses indicate the following: New matter is given in black-faced type. Matter in original bills but not in present bill is inserted enclosed in parentheses.

New matter is given in black-faced type. Matter in original bills but not in present bill is inserted enclosed in parentheses.

A bill to decrease the expense and increase the efficiency of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That hereafter all enlistments in the Army shall be made for the term of five years and for all enlistments hereafter accomplished five years shall be counted as an enlistment period in computing continuous-service pay.

Sec. 2. That all laws and parts of laws authorizing increase of the pay of commissioned officers and enlisted men of the Army serving beyond the limits of the states comprising the Union, and the territories of the United States contiguous thereto, are hereby repealed to the extent to which such increase of pay is authorized by such laws.

Sec. 3. That the office establishments of the Quartermaster General, the Commissary General, and the Paymaster General of the Army are hereby of the War Department, which shall be the word of the Supply Corps created by this act shall be the head. The Quartermaster's, Subsistence and Pay Departments of the Army are hereby consolidated into and shall hereafter be known as the Supply Corps of the Army. The officers of said departments shall hereafter be known as officers of said corps and by the titles of the rank held by them therein, and, except as hereinsfer specifically provided to the contrary, the provisions of Secs. 26 and 27 of the Act of Congress approved Feb. 2, 1901, entitled "An act to increase the efficiency of the permanent Military Establishment of the United States," are hereby extended so as to apply to the Supply Corps in the manner and to the extent to which they may are applicable, apply one of many departments and the provision of said secretally provided to the contrary, the provision of said secretally provided to the contrary are applicable, apply one contract of the provision of said secretally provided to the said the provision

duced by thirty-one, and thereafter the number of officers of said grade shall not exceed one hundred; and whenever the separation of a lime officer of any grade and arm from the Supply Corps shall create therein a vacancy that, under the terms of this provise, cannot be filled by detail such separation shall operate to make a permanent reduction of one in the total number of officers of said grade and arm in the line of the Army as soon as such reduction can be made without depriving any officer of his commission: Provided further, That whenever the Secretary of War shall decide that it is necessary and practicable, regimental, battation and squadron quartermasters and commissaries shall be required to perform any duties that junior officers of the Supply Corps may properly be required any duties that post of the supply Corps may properly be required to perform any duties that post of the Supply Corps and regimental and battary of the secretary of the supply Corps and the secretary of the supply Corps who shall have that consequently shall be required to perform. Provided further, That such duty or duties as are now required by law to be performed by any officer or officers of the Supply Corps, who shall have the rank of major general while so serving, and who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among the officers of said corps and in accordance with the requirements of Sec. 26 of the Act of Congress approved Feb. 2, 1901, hereinbefore cited: Provided further, That when the first vacancy in the grade of brigadier general in the Supply Corps, except a vacancy caused by the expiration of a limited term of appointment, shall hereafter occur that vacancy shall not be filled, but the office in which the vacancy occurs shall immediately cease and determine.

Sec. 4. That as soon as possible after the creation of a Supply Corps and equal number of enlisted men of said corps, and all enlisted men of the line of the Army detailed on extra duty in the Supply Corps

ployees who are actually employed by the Government when this act takes effect and who are to be replaced by enlisted men under the terms of this act may enlist in the Supply Corps.

Sec. 5. That the office establishments of the Adjutant General, the Inspector General, and the Chief of Staff of the Army are hereby consolidated, and shall hereafter constitute a single bureau of the War Department which shall be known as the Bureau of the General Staff, and of which the Chief of Staff shall be the head. The Adjutant General's and Inspector General's Departments of the Army are hereby consolidated and merged into the General Staff Corps. The officers of said departments shall hereafter be known as officers of said departments shall hereafter be known as officers of said dorps and by the titles of the rank held by them therein, and so far as the officers hereby transferred to the General Staff Corps, and the offices held by them, may be affected, the provisions of Secs. 26 and 27 of the Act of Congress approved Feb. 2, 1901, entitled "An act to increase the efficiency of the permanent Military Establishment of the United Staff Corps in the manner and to the extent to which they now apply to the Adjutant General's and the Inspector General's Departments; but nothing in said sections shall be held to apply to any officers of the General Staff Corps except the officers transferred to that corps from the Adjutant General's and Inspector General's Departments by the terms of this act, and nothing in said sections or in this act shall be held or construed so as to nullify or change any of the provisions of existing law as to the detail of officers for duty as Other of Staff, or as to the period for which officers so detailed may serve.

The officers now hilding commissions as officers of

be held or construed so as to nullify or change any of the provisions of existing law as to the detail of officers for duty as Chief of Staff, or as to the period for which officers so detailed may serve.

The officers now hilding commissions as officers of the said departments shall hereafter have the same tenure of commission in the General Staff Corps (shall be recommissioned), and as officers of said corps shall have (with) rank of the same grades and dates as that now held by them, and, for the purpose of filling vacancies among them, shall constitute one list, on which they shall be arranged according to rank. So long as any officers shall remain on said list (all vacancies) any vacancy occurring therein shall be filled, if possible, from among such officers, by (promotion according to seniority in rank if the vacancies occur in grades above that of colonel, and, if the vacancy occurs in a grade above that of colonel, and, if the vacancy occurs in a grade above that of colonel, and, if the vacancy occurs in a grade above that of colonel, and, if the vacancy occurs in a grade above that of colonel, and, if the vacancy occurs in a grade above that of colonel, and, if the vacancy occurs in a grade above that of colonel, and the promotion to that particulated had never occurred; and the promotion of the promotion as head of a lapartment to the promotion of the act shall remain the stilled to promotion to that particular the stilled to promotion to the particular departments, and corps hereinbefore provided for shall have been effected, no details to fill vacancies in the grade of colonel in the General Staff Corps shall have been effected, no details to fill vacancies in the grade of colonel in the General Staff Corps shall have been reduced by three, and thereafter the number of officers of that grade in said corps shall have been reduced by three, and thereafter the number of officers of that grade in said corps shall not exceed ten; and no details to fill vacancies in the grade of captain in the General St

grade and arm in the action of the depriving any officer of his commission:

Provided further, that such duty or duties as are now required by law to be performed by any officer or officers of the Adjutant General's or Inspector General's Departments shall hereafter be performed by such officer or officers of the General Staff Corps as the Secretary of War may designate for the purpose: Provided further, That when a vacancy in the grade of major general shall occur among the officers hereby transferred to the General Staff Corps that vacancy shall not be filled, but the office in which the vacancy occurs shall immediately cease and determine.

Sec. 6. That nothing in this act shall be held or construed so as to separate any officer from the Army or to dimnish the rank now held by him, and that all laws and parts of laws, so far as they are inconsistent with the terms of this act be, and they are hereby, repealed.

The U.S.S. Iroquois has been ordered placed in commission at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., when repairs to that vessel have been completed.

BILLS REFORE CONGRESS

S. 2510, Mr. McCumber.—To place former Paymr. Clerk James S. Alexander upon the retired list of the Navy with the retired pay of a paymaster's clerk of like length of

service. S. 2511, Mr. McCumber.—To pay to Frederick G. Lawton, U.S.A., \$1,400 for all losses of personal property incurred by him by reason of the sinking of the U.S. transport Meade in the harbor of Ponce, Porto Rico, about May 16, 1899.

S. 2517, Mr. Du Pont.—That any enlisted man when discharged from the military service, except by way of punishment for an offense, shall receive the transportation and subsistence necessary for travel from the place of his discharge to any place to which he may desire to go and to which he can be sent without greater expense to the United States than would be incurred by sending him to the place of his enlistment, or, in lieu of such transportation and subsistence he shall, if he so elects, receive two cents a mile, except for sea travel, from the place of his discharge to the place of his enlistment.

PROVIDING FOR A VOLUNTEER FORCE.

S. 2518, Mr. du Pont.—To provide for raising the volunteer rees of the United States in time of actual or threatened

PROVIDING FOR A VOLUNTEER FORCE.

S. 2518, Mr. du Pont.—To provide for raising the volunteer forces of the United States in time of actual or threatened war.

Il male citizens of the United States and all male persona of foreign birth that declare their intention to become citizens, who are of sound body and mind and between the ages of 18 and 45, are declared to constitute the national forces, and with legal exceptions liable to perform military duty.

Soc. 2, 3, 4 and 5 define the Regular Army and the National Guard to be augmented in time of war by such volunters forces are to be raised the President shall issue his proclamation stating the number of men desired for each arm, corps and department within such limits as may be fixed by law, and the Secretary of War shall prescribes such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the camining, organizing and receiving into the service the men called for: Provided, That the power to organize shall include the power to provide the officers and enlisted men of all grades and classes, including trained nurses, male and female, that may be necessary in the various arms, corps and department in the volunteer forces shall, as far as practicable, be taken from the several states and territories, and the District of Columbis, in proportion to their respective populations.

Sec. 7 prescribes the organization of two volunteer forces.

Sec. 8. That the President is authorized, by and with the activation of the several states and territories, and the District of Columbis, in proportion to their respective populations.

Sec. 7 prescribes the organization of units, as set forth in this et; the number and grade of such officers not to exceed the number and grade of like officers provided for a like force of the Regular Army; Provided, That the President may appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, volunteer infantry, cavalry and field artillery, and one for every twelve companies of volunteer costs artillery raised; Provided further, That all appoint men be

in the same manner as is provided by law in the case of volunteer officers.

Sec. 12. All returns and muster rolls of organizations of the volunteer forces shall be rendered to the Adjutant General of the Army.

Sec. 13. That in time of war all organizations of the land forces shall be recruited and maintained as near their prescribed strength as practicable. For this purpose the necessary rendeavous and depots shall be ostablished, and additional officers appointed from the volunteers not to exceed at the rate of one major, four captains, five first lieutenants and five second lieutenants for each organized regiment, each three battalions of engineers and each twelve companies of coast artillery; organized for purposes of instruction and discipline into companies and battalions, with non-commissioned officers and privates of such grades and numbers as may be prescribed by the President.

Sec. 14. That in the organization of the recruiting system the President is authorized to employ retired officers, noncommissioned officers and privates of the Regular Army, on full pay and allowances, either with their rank on the retired list or, in the case of enlisted men, with increased non-commissioned rank, or retired officers with increased non-commissioned rank not to exceed one grade above that held by them upon the retired list.

Sec. 15. All officers are subject to such assignments of duty and such transfers as the President may make. Medical officers of Volunteers to command enlisted men, but not hospitals; no officer to be detailed for duty as a medical inspector except he be experienced in military sanitation.

Sec. 16. Volunteers to be on the same footing as to pay, allowances and pensions as of the Regular Army. Enlisted men in the Q.M. and Subsistence Departments to receive pay and allowances of corresponding grades in the Engineer Corps. Sec. 17. That the commander of a division or separate brigade is authorized to appoint military sanitation.

S. 2529, Mr. Perkins.—For the relief of Lieut. William R. Cushman, U.S.N., retired. That from and after the passage of this act every officer on the retired list of the Navy and Marine Corps who, when due for promotion, failed in his physical examination therefor and was found incapacitated for service by reason of physical disability contracted in the line of duty, and was not retired with the rank to which his seniority entitled him, be, and the same is hereby, promoted to the rank to which his seniority entitled him at the time of his retirement.

H.J. Res. 110, Mr. Pepper.—To authorize the Secretary of War to issue ordnance and ordnance stores to high schools. War to issue ordnance and ordnance stores to high schools.

H.R. 10866, Mr. Cox, of Indiana.—To repeal Sec. 1273 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. That hereafter, while any officer of the Army is traveling under orders who has not been furnished transportation, he shall be allowed his actual traveling expenses for each mile actually traveled, and no more. Under such order distances shall be calculated according to the nearest post routes; and no payments shall be made to any officers except by the Paymaster of the Army: Provided, That if said officer travel in a conveyance belonging to or furnished by the United States he shall receive nothing for his said travel. Sec. 2. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby expressly repealed. Sec. 3. That this act shall be in effect on and after the date of passage.

TEXAS MANEUVER DIVISION.

TEXAS MANEUVER DIVISION.

Lieut. Arthur C. Smith, of the 22d Engrs., N.G.N.Y., has returned to New York from the Texas Maneuver Division with a very high opinion of the work of the Regular troops there and the discipline. He praised very highly the courtesy shown him by the Regular officers, who, he said, explained thoroughly the various details of Army routine at every opportunity.

Capt. John J. Scanlon and Lieut. Michael A. Kelly, of the 69th N.Y., who were on duty with the 10th U.S. Inf., of General Hoyt's brigade, are highly pleased with the trio to Texas. Lieutenant Kelly points out the care

the trip to Texas. Lieutenant Kelly points out the care taken by the Regular officers as to the health of their men, a matter that even some high officers of the Guard,

men, a matter that even some high officers of the Guard, as well as many of lower rank, fall to give proper attention to On the march he feet of the men were attention to On the march he feet of the men were than the result that there was very little complaint from sore feet. Many little essential details, which National Guard officers would not be apt to bother themselves with, were looked after by Regular officers.

Captain Scanlon says that the heat was very trying while he was there, and it is very tough on the officers and men, particularly during marches and drills. He states that the experience is very hard on recruits, who are drilled in the hot sun for some eight hours a day in order to zet soldier work ground into them. The drill to look fifer. He was treated with every courtesy, he says, and the only kick he has to make is about the excessive heat and some tough beefsteak served him. The meat, he says, was the toughest article he ever came across. The twenty-four-mile march from San Antonio Leon Springs, made in two days, was very interesting, he said, but very trying, and a number of men had to fall out. He states that the men, for the most part, have become well seasoned, but there are many recruits who are naturally tender. With a week in the field he thinks his own regiment, the 60th considering the handleap of the most of the states that the meneuver camp.

A newspaper despatch from Houston states that nearly an eighth of the 1st Separate Brigade fell out of ranks on May 31, and that ambulances were filled, and scores of men were riding in wagons during the march of the brigade from Galveston to Houston. The temperature was about ninety-seven degrees, and the men had to march along a shell road. Upward of 500 men, it is said, fell out of ranks during the day. Several cases were serious. A number of them were seried with convulsions, some bled from the nose and month, and may decrease the following the march of the wenty-two members of the Manacham that the series of the many decrease of the men

eers to stack it up in a wagon like bricks. According the report, Capt. L. R. Holbrook, Comsy. Dept., with men, loaded a wagon with field bread in an hour.

WAR COLLEGE CLASS TO MILITIA DUTY.

The War College class of officers will be detailed as instructors-inspectors at the Militia camps this year According to the present arrangement the class will spend July and August at the camps. Last year the War College class served at the large maneuvers at Gettysburg, while the officers from the Army Service School were detailed to the state Militia camps of instruction. This year, as there are no large maneuvers of the state Militia, it has been decided that the work in the state

camps can be done by the War College class.

Brig. Gen. William W. Wotherspoon, president of the Army War College, has recommended that the following War College students be assigned as instructor-inspectors temporary Militia camps:

Army War College, has recommended that the following War College students be assigned as instructor-inspectors of temporary Militia camps:

Rank, name, regiment, station and Militia camp for which recommended; state names are abbreviated:
Lieut. Col. J. G. Galbraith, 4th Cav.; El Paso, Texas (Fort Meade, S.D.); Pa., July 8-29; Mich., Aug. 9-18; Nev., Mo., Aug. 20-26.

Major G. H. Sands, 10th Cav.; Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; Niantic, Conn., July 10-22; state camp, R.I., July 23-30; Sea Girt, N.J., Aug. 3-12.

Major S. L. Faison, 24th Inf.; Madison Barracks, N.Y.; Peckskill, July 1-16.

Major E. M. Johnson, jr., 6th Inf.; P.I., to return July 5, 1912; Camp Perry, Ohio, July 10-Aug. 27.

Major J. H. McCrae, 13th Inf.; San Antonio, Texas (Fort Leavenworth, Kas.); Nev., Mo., Aug. 20-26.

Major M. D. Cronin, 18th Inf.; San Antonio, Texas (Fort Mackenzie, Wyo.); Essex and Middlesex counties, Mass., July 1-30; Camp Mabry, Texas, Ang. 7-16.

Major W. P. Pence, C.A.C.; Fort Monroe, Va.; Goshen, Va., July 17-23; D.C., Aug. 19-27.

Major J. T. Dean, 10th Inf.; San Antonio, Texas (Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.); Ky., July 1-30; Vinton, Iowa, Aug. 7-16: Nev., Mo., Aug. 20-26.

Major G. O. Cress, 10th Cav.; Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; Niantic. Conn., July 10-22; state camp, R.I., July 23-30; Sea Girt, N.J., Aug. 3-12.

Capt. J. H. Wholley, 2d Inf.; Schofield Barracks, H.T.; American Lakes, Wash., July 9-18; Fort Stevens, Ore., Aug. 7-17.

Cant. G. D. Moore, 20th Inf.; Cu.S. Station, Fort Douglas), P.I., to return Dec. 15, 1911; Camp Perry, Ohio, July 10-Aug. 27.

Capt. O. R. Wolfe, 22d Inf.; San Antonio, Texas; Alexandria, La., July 17-(?); Camp Mabry, Texas, Aug. 7-16.

Capt. O. R. Wolfe, 22d Inf.; San Antonio, Texas; Alexandria, La., July 17-(?); Camp Mabry, Texas, Aug. 7-16.

Capt. O. R. Wolfe, 22d Inf.; Son Antonio, Texas; Alexandria, La., July 17-(?); Camp Mabry, Texas, Aug. 7-16.

Capt. O. R. Wolfe, 29d. Inf.; Fort Sheridan, Ill.; Peckskill, N.Y., July 1-16; Mich., Aug. 9-18.

Capt. O. L. Spaulding, 5th Field Art.; Fort Sheridan,

BULLETIN OF MILITIA NOTES W.D.

As hospital companies are no longer authorized, to comply with Section 3 of the Militia Law, their designa-tion should be changed to either field hospital or ambu-

lance company.

The primary purpose of any military device is to indicate the state or the organization to which a person belongs, and the wearing of United States insignia by Militia organizations would tend to defeat the very object for which such badges or devices have been contrived.

Funds allotted to a state may properly be used to meet the expenses of a rifle team, selected from state troops, to participate in an interstate rifle competition

TRIP OF THE IDAHO.

The trip of the U.S.S. Idaho, Capt. H. O. Dunn, up and down the Mississippi River, has afforded opportunity to many thousands of people to view a modern battleship who had never seen one before, and large numbers of people came from interior towns to the places visited by the ship. The entertainment of the officers and men has been of the most hearty character, and the ports of call have vied with each other in making things pleasant.

According to instructions received by Captain Dunn on May 26, the itinerary of the ship is as follows: She will complete the present voyage at New Orleans on the morning of June 3 and leave on the morning of June 6 will complete the present voyage at New Orleans on the morning of June 3 and leave on the morning of June 6 for Philadelphia. Between that time and June 23 tornedo practice will be held with the other vessels of the Third Division in the Gulf of Mexico. She will leave Pensacola. Fla. on June 23, for the Philadelphia Navy Yard. in order that the installation of new ammunition handling in one of the turrets, left uncompleted by the Mississippi River trip. may be finished. The Idaho will probably arrive at Philadelphia on June 27.

While at Bayou Sara, La., Mayor George Baier and the reception committee, including the Mayor of St. Francisville. Dr. A. F. Barrow, went aboard the Idaho May 26 and formally welcomed the ship. Later in the day Captain Dunn, accompanied by his aid, Midshipman Franklin S. Steinwachs, returned the call. During the vening the officers were entertained at a lunch and informal dence at the home of Judge S. Mc. Lawrason. On May 27 a barbecue and other entertainments were provided by the citizens.

The Idaho arrived at Baton Rouge, La., May 28, and the reception committee, headed by Jules Roux, the Mayor, at once went aboard and welcomed the vessel and her crew. The committee was entertained by Captain Dunn and his officers below, where a beautiful houquet of American Beauty roses was presented Captain Dunn in behalf of the women of Baton Rouge. In the evening the Idaho's band gave a concert in City Hall Park, and during the night open house was kept at the Elks' Club for the officers.

Captain Dunn on May 29 called upon Governor Sanders and upon Mayor Jules Roux. The baseball nine of the State University defeated the crack nine of the Idaho by a score of 4 to 0. There was a banduet at the Istrouma Hotel for the officers in the night. The

toastmaster was Mr. Eugene Cazedessus. Mr. Cazedessus spoke in place of the Governor, who had to leave town. Mayor Roux responded to "The City of Baton Rouge," Captain Sorley to "The United Service" and Captain Dunn to "The Idaho and the Navy." Memorial Day was observed by the Idaho May 30. Beginning at noon, twenty-one "minute" guns were fired, and a battalion from the Idaho took part in the parade ashore with the cadet corps of the Louisiana State University and a company of Boy Scouts.

Plaquemine, La., although a small place, gave the Idaho a noisy welcome when she arrived there on the morning of May 31 from Baton Rouge. About all the five thousand inhabitants of the town lined the shore, with half as many more from the surrounding country, and shouted themselves hoarse, and steamboat and factory whistles, bells and a few cannon crackers helped in the welcome. Here, as at every stop on the downward trip, the turns made by the battleship before letting go her anchors continue to be a matter of wonder to the river men. The maneuvering of the big battleship even in such a stream as the Mississippi is acknowledged by all to be remarkable. As soon as the vessel came to anchor a tug with a band and the reception committee tied alongside the warship. The committee was headed by Dr. N. L. Reuille, the Mayor. Charles Schwing, editor of the Iberville South, made the speech of welcome, to which Cantain Dunn replied.

Paymr, F. R. Holt and C. E. Bette, paymaster's clerk, joined the vessel May 31 to relieve Paymr. E. C. Gudger and W. N. Dunlap, paymaster's clerk, who will leave the ship at New Orleans. Paymaster Gudger will go to his home, in Asheville, N.C., for a few months' leave before taking up the duties in the Navy Department at Washington.

The Idaho arrived at Donaldsonville, La., June 1, receiving a salute from the Maurin Battery of the Sons of Confederate Veterans. In the evening the officers were entertained at an open air festival on the high school campus. The water in the river is rapidly falling, and sin

NAVAL MILITIA EXERCISES.

For the first time since the organization of the Naval Militia record target practice will be conducted by the Atlantic coast fleet when it holds its annual exercises, from July 15 to 25, inclusive. The fleet, which will assemble at Gardiners Bay, Long Island, July 17, will from July 15 to 25, inclusive. The fleet, which will assemble at Gardiners Bay, Long Island, July 17, will be under the direction of Lieut. Comdr. A. H. Davis, U.S.N., who succeeds Capt. C. C. Marsh, U.S.N., in charge of Naval Militia. The fleet will probably consist of eight ships, including the Chicago and Rodgers, of Boston; Alleen, of Providence, R.I.; Machias, of New Haven, Conn.; Tonopah, of Hoboken, N.J.; Vixen, Camden, N.J.; Isla de Cuba, Baltimore, and Ozark, District of Columbia. All of the ships will be manned with a full crew, and the Naval Militia from the various ports for whom no stations can be found on the Militia ships will be distributed among the regular Navy vessels of the Atlantic Fleet.

By direction of the Secretary of the Navy, the general exercises for this year will be suspended on the Great Lakes. It is understood that this action is taken at the request of the State Department on account of the objections on the Great Lakes. Some of the Canadian statesmen take the view that Naval Militia maneuvers on the Great Lakes are contrary to the spirit of the Rush-Bagot treaty.

Of the Pacific Fleet, the Marblehead, with most of the

statesmen take the view that Naval Militia maneuvers on the Great Lakes are contrary to the spirit of the Rush-Bagot treaty.

Of the Pacific Fleet, the Marblehead, with most of the California naval reserves, will cruise south as far as San Diego. The Cheyenne will take out a large part of the Washington Naval Militia on a cruise to Seattle. Tacoma and Bremerton. The naval reserves who do not go out in the Militia ships will be distributed among the ships in the Pacific Fleet. The exercises on the West coast will probably take place about from July 2 to 12.

The Gulf Naval Militia will cruise in the Isla de Luzon and the Stranger from New Orleans to Galveston some time in July. The date of the exercises on the Alfrida. of Newbern, N.C., has not yet been selected. She will be largely under the direction of the Governor of the state of North Carolina.

The Navy Department has decided to equip all of the Naval Militia ships with wireless telegraphy. Contract for the work on the Great-Lake ships has already been let, and arrangements will shortly be made for the equipment of the Atlantic coast Militia vessels. Some work is now being done on the wireless ulant of the Marblehead at Mare Island Navy Yard, Cal.

One of the last acts of Captain Marsh before he gave up charge of the Naval Militia was to institute the store-keeping system now in effect in the Navyo nthe Naval Militia ships will be assigned to home yards. From these vards the Naval Militia ships will draw their supplies. In addition to brinzing about economy in the management of the Naval Militia ships will draw their supplies will be greatly facilitated. It has been one of the chronic compoliants of Naval Militia officers that they have met with great delays in securing their allowances and supplies.

ATLANTIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral C. J. Badger, in command of the Second Division of the Atlantic Fleet, and his officers were presented at Copenhagen, Denmark, May 26, to King Frederick, and afterward had luncheon at the American Legation as guests of Dr. Maurice F. Egan, the American Minister. In the afternoon they went on an automobile trip with their Danish hosts to Fredericksborg. Elsinore and Marienlust, where a banquet was given for them. After the banquet the party returned to Copenhagen by steamship. Royal carriages were provided to take the American officers to and from the palace. The King expressed his great appreciation of the visit of the American souadron, and Rear Admiral Badger informed him that President Taft had commissioned him to say that the coming of the American squadron was intended as the highest possible compliment to Denmark. The King complimented the officers on the smart appearance of the American sailors.

Two thousand sailors were granted shore leave May 26, and everywhere met with popular ovations. Rear Admiral Badger has granted permission to the band of Rear Admiral C. J. Badger, in command of the Second

the Louisians to play at the Zoological Gardens Sunday,

the Louisians to play at the Zoological Gardens Sunday, June 4.

King Frederick, the Crown Prince Christian, Prince Waldemar, Prince George of Greece and some of the younger princes paid a two hours' visit to the American squadron May 27. The King boarded the Louisiana and showed the greatest interest in everything. The King presented Admiral Badger with an autographed portrait of himself in a silver frame. King Frederick went among the sailors and chatted with several of Danish birth or descent.

There was a state banquet at the palace on the night of May 27 in honor of Rear Admiral Badger and his officers. The entire royal family, the Cabinet Ministers and other officials and the members of the American Legation attended. The Royal Guards band played American airs during the dinner, and a gold and silver service was used.

and other officials and the members of the American Legation attended. The Royal Guards band played American airs during the dinner, and a gold and silver service was used.

On May 28 the American warships were open to visitors, and it is estimated that 100,000 visited the ships. In the afternoon the officers from the ships went to the horse races, while the petty officers and crews of the ships were entertained at dinner at Tivoli Garden by the Admiralty. Each guest was presented with a cigar case, upon which were emblazoned the arms of the United States and Denmark. After the dinner the men went to the theaters and moving picture shows, where their uniforms was equivalent to a ticket of admission.

A game of baseball May 29 between a nine from the Louisiana and a nine from the New Hampshire drew un audience of some 12,000 Danes to the game. The team from the Louisiana won and received a prize cup from the Danish officers. The Minister of Marine on the night of May 29 entertained 120 American officers with 100 from the Danish navy and a number of ladies and prominent citizens. Four hundred covers were laid. Each guest was presented with an artistic piece of porcelain from the royal manufactory.

The division left Copenhagen at six a.m., June 1, 1911, for Stockholm, where the ships are due June 3.

The Third Division of the Atlantic Fleet in the Gulf of Mexico, it was announced on May 27, will eliminate Mobile, Ala., from its itinerary in order to get to Northern waters as soon as possible. The itinerary has been altered so that the ships will leave Pensacola on June 5, arrive at Pensacola June 14 and leave June 28, arrive at Pensacola June 14 and leave June 7 emineral program.

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The Skipjack, a new United States submarine, was launched at the Fore River Shipyards, Quincy, Mass., May 27, 1911. The Skipjack was christened by Mrs. D. R. Battles, the wife of Assistant Naval Constructor Battles, U.S.N. The new submarine is expected to make fifteen knots an hour on the surface.

Proposals for constructing by contract eight torpedo-hoat destroyers (Nos. 43-50) will be received at the Navy Department, Washington, D.C., until twelve o'clock noon, Monday, Aug. 7, 1911, when they will be publicly opened. Circular defining the chief characteristics of such vessels and plans and specifications therefor may be had on application to the Department. Forms of pro-posal and contract may be had on application to the Department after July 1.

Department after July 1.

The contract was signed May 31 by Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop with representatives of the Electric Boat Company, of New York, for the construction of four submarine boats for the Navy. Bids for these boats, which were authorized by Congress a year ago, were opened in the winter, and two months ago the award for the construction of all the boats was made to the Electric Company as the lowest bidders. These boats will be numbered 33, 34, 35 and 36. Congress stipulated two should be built on each coast. By the terms of the proposals the builders will be paid \$469,000 each for two on the Atlantic coast, which will be built by the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, Quincy, Mass,, and \$501,000 each for the two on the Pacific coast. Of the latter two, one probably will be built by Moran Brothers, Seattle, and the other by the Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

The U.S.S. Delaware, Capt. Charles A. Gove, selected

The U.S.S. Delaware, Capt. Charles A. Gove, selected to represent the United States at the coronation of King George of Great Britain, left the navy yard, New York, June 1, and dropped anchor off Tompkinsville, S.I., preparatory to sailing across the Atlantic, June 2. She has been fitted out in fine shape for the visit. Rear Admiral Vreeland, who is to have a prominent rôle in the coronation ceremonies, went aboard the vessel June 1.

The Missouri was placed in commission at the navy yard, Boston, Mass., on June 1.

yard, Boston, Mass., on June 1.

The U.S.S. Yorktown arrived at Panama May 27, bringing 100 survivors of the steamship Taboga, which struck a rock and sank 100 miles south of Panama on Tuesday. The survivors report that thirty-two of the passengers and nine of the crew were lost.

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The battleship Ohio, which, since her cruise around the world with the American Battleship Fleet, has been undergoing repairs at the navy yard, New York, was put into commission June 1, under command of Capt. W. W. Buchanan. It probably will be some time before the Ohio leaves the yard, as her crew consists for the most part of new men.

Work on the wreck of the old U.S.S. Maine in Havana Harbor is progressing, and the Navy collier Leonidas is standing by ready to receive any bodies that may be recovered or parts of the wreck it may be desired to save. Testing of the pumps began May 31, and six inches of water inside the dam was drawn off. The actual pumping will, it is expected, begin June 3.

The number of effective warships at the coming coronation in England will be almost double the number at the coronation review less than ten years ago, in August, 1902. The total number of pennants at the review will be 180, made up of thirty-two battleships, twenty-five armored cruisers, seven protected cruisers, twelve unarmored cruisers, seven protected cruisers, twelve unarmored cruisers, seven for this number ten represented the training service of sloops and brigs.

Midshipman Homer A. Bagg, who has resigned from the Naval Academy from New York on May 1. 1905,

and has been on duty on the battleship Georgia since last July.

and has been on duty on the battleship Georgia since last July.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop has commended Henry Waffle, a seaman attached to the Sylph, for jumping overboard from that vessel at the Washington Navy Yard on May 22 last to save the life of a boy.

The U.S.S. Dolphin, with Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the President, on board, ran down a motor boat in the Potomac near Alexandria, Va., on May 27, and of the three men in the craft one of them, Alexander Yellowless, was drowned. The other two were rescued from the river by the crew of the Dolphin. As soon as the accident occurred her engines were reversed and the crew manned lifeboats. The Dolphin remained more than an hour near the spot where the accident occurred searching for Yellowless, but in vain. President Taft visited the apartment of Alexander Yellowless on May 28 to offer his condolences to the dead man's relatives. On calling, however, he learned that Yellowless had no relatives in Washington. The President then caused orders to be issued to the police and to the navy yard officials to see that everything possible was done to recover the body and to care for it afterward. The body was recovered by the police on May 29. A court of inquiry was ordered to investigate the collision. A coroner's inquest held May 29 decided that the collision was unavoidable. The testimony showed that Lieut. Comdr. George W. Laws, commanding officer of the Dolphin, handled his ship properly, and he was exonerated from all blame.

Announcement was made at the Navy Department on June 1 of the appointment of a court of inquiry, consist-

Comdr. George W. Laws, commanding officer of the Dolphin, handled his ship properly, and he was exonerated from all blame.

Announcement was made at the Navy Department on June 1 of the appointment of a court of inquiry. consisting of Capt. Charles P. Marsh, U.S.N., Comdr. Archibald H. Davis. Lieut. Comdr. Adolph Althouse and Lieut. Charles E. Billhart, judge advocate, to investigate the Dolphin accident of May 27. The board will meet at ten o'clock, June 5, at the Washington Navy Yard.

Major George L. Stearns Women's Relief Corps, No. 9, of Charlestown, and Adelaide Worth Bagley Auxiliary of the Spanish War Veterans both held memorial exercises at the Charlestown Navy Yard, Mass., May 28, for the unknown dead of the Navy. The Stearns corps assembled on the quarterdeck of the battleship New Jersey for their ceremonies. The members of the corps and Major George L. Stearns Post, 149, G.A.R., a number of pupils from the Bunker Hill Grammar School and St. Francis de Sales parochial schools of Charlestown, formed a group of 100. They were received by Ensign E. F. Johnson. The ship's company assembled on the quarterdeck to assist in the exercises. At four p.m., aboard the battleship Rhode Island, the memorial exercises by Adelaide Worth Bagley Auxiliary of the United Spanish War Veterans were held, assisted by more than 500 members of the various camps of Spanish War Veterans and auxiliaries. A throng of fully 5,000 witnessed the services from the ship's deck and adjacent wharves. The marine guard, band and the sailors were mustered aft to assist, and Capt, John Hood, the commander, and his officers were assembled to receive the visiting party.

It is estimated that 30,000 people attended the ninth annual field mass on the parade ground of the Marine

mustered art to assist, and Capt, John Hood, the cohemander, and his officers were assembled to receive the visiting party.

It is estimated that 30,000 people attended the ninth annual field mass on the parade ground of the Marine Barracks in the navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y., May 28, under the auspices of the United Spanish War Veterans, Gloucester Camp, No. 5. and the Long Island Chapter of the Knights of Columbus. The military organizations on the field with their standards made an impressive sight. There were sailors and soldiers from the Navy and Army, the 69th N.G.N.Y. from Manhattan, detachments from Brooklyn regiments, the Police Department, the letter carriers, the Street Cleaning Department, cadet and life-saving corps, public officials and representatives from city departments. The Rev. John L. Belford, rector of the Church of the Nativity. Brooklyn, spoke on religion and patriotism. He referred reverently to the dead soldiers and sailors of the nation, saying that the service was for men of all creeds who died for their country. He defended the Catholic Church against the charge that she was unfriendly to the Republic. The mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Matthew C. Gleeson. U.S.N., chanlain of the receivingship Hancock, assisted by the Rev. John P. Chidwick, who was chaplain of the Maine when she was destroyed in Havana Harbor, and the Rev. John F. Nash, rector of the Church of the Sacred Heart, Brooklyn, who for many years was chaplain to the sailors and marines of the navy yard. The choir, consisting of a hundred voices, was directed by Arthur S. Somers, Past District Deputy of the Knights of Columbus. Selections from the masses of Gound and Haydn were given by an orchestra, and the navy yard, police and letter carriers' bands played patriotic airs.

The new twin screw steam yacht, the Sovereign, owned by Mr. M. C. D. Borden, N.Y.Y.C., was given a

patriotic airs.

The new twin screw steam yacht, the Sovereign, cwned by Mr. M. C. D. Borden, N.Y.Y.C., was given a trial May 27 over a measured mile on the Hudson River. The average made with several runs was 35.9 miles an hour, and it was accomplished with 275 pounds of steam, while the yacht is allowed 350 pounds of steam. The Sovereign is of Tobin bronze and steel construction, 165 feet over all, 158 feet on the water line, 16 feet beam and 4 feet 6 inches draft. It is said she will be the fastest pleasure yessel afloat.

THE NAVY.

George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy. kman Winthrop, Assistant Secretary of the Navy. or Gen. William P. Biddle, Commandant, U.S.M.C.

LATE MOVEMENTS OF NAVY SHIPS.

The following are movements of vessels of the Navy later than those given of the same vessels published in the complete table given elsewhere in this issue:

Hannibal, arrived at New York Yard May 29.

Yankton, arrived at Montauk, L.L., May 29.

Ajax, sailed from Galveston May 29 for Charleston, S.C. Eagle, sailed from San Juan, P.R., May 30, for the survey grounds.

Helena, sailed from Hankow, China, May 31, for Ichang, China.

hina.

Leonidas, arrived at Havana, Cuba, May 31.

Patapsco, sailed from New York Yard May 31 for Boston.

Petrel, arrived at San Juan, P.R., May 31.

Secoola, arrived at Tortugas, Fla., May 31.

Sylph and Pontiac, arrived at Newport, R.I., June 1.

Louisiana, Kansas, New Hampshire and South Carolina, illed from Copenhagen, Denmark, June 1, for Stockholm,

Sweden.
Mars, arrived at Norfolk Navy Yard June 1.
Idaho, sailed from Plaquemine, La., June 1, for Donaldsonville, La.
Sterett, sailed from New York Yard June 1 for Boston.
Paulding, Drayton and McCall, sailed from New York Yard
June 1 for Narragansett Bay.
Perkins, arrived at New York Yard June 1.
Dolaware, arrived at Tompkinsville June 1.
Justin, arrived at navy yard, Mare Island, June 1.

Celtic, sailed from Guantanamo, Cuba, June 1, for Boston avy Yard. Hull, sailed from Sausalito, Cal., June 1, for San Diego,

al.

Idaho, arrived at Donaldsonville, La., June 1.

Pontiac and Reina Mercedes, sailed from Newport for New

Outpin, sailed from Washington for Annapolis June 1.

Dolphin, sailed from Washington for Annapolis June 1.

Paulding, Drayton and McCall, arrived Newport June 2.

Caesar, arrived at San Juan June 2.

Rocket, sailed from Norfolk Yard for Washington June 2.

Paulding, Drayton and McCall, arrived Newport June 2.
Rocket, sailed from Norfolk Yard for Washington June 2.

NAVY NOMINATIONS.

Nominations received by the Senate May 25, 1911.

Promotions in the Navy.

Lieut. Comdr. Frank H. Schofeld to be a commander from Jan. 29, 1911, to fill a vacancy.

The following ensigns to be lieutenants (J.G.) from Feb. 13, 1911, upon the completion of three years' service as ensigns: Owen Bartlett, Henry G. Fuller, George E. Lake, Fred F. Rogers and Arthur A. Garcelon, jr.
The following midshipmen to be ensigns from June 5, 1911, to fill vacancies:

Ralph D. Weyerbacher, William W. Smith, Luther Welsh, David I. Hedrick, Carl P. Jungling, Olaf M. Hustvedt, Gaylord Church, Harold T. Smith, Cummings L. Lothorp, jr., Preston B. Haines, Herbert R. A. Borchardt, Thomas B. Richey, Robert S. Roberts, Penn L. Carroll, Benjamin V. McCandlish, Banjamin V. McCandlish, Banjamin V. McCandlish, Ralph D. Spalding, James D. Maloney, Alan G. Kirk, Fitzhugh Green, Levi B. Bye, Granville B. Hoey, Tracy L. McCauley, Francis W. Scanland, Joel W. Bunkley, Max B. De Mott, Ernest J. Blankenship, John J. Saxer, Leo L. Lindley, Harold C. Train, Richard McC. Elliot, jr., Lee P. Johnson, Monroe Kelly, Alfred L. Ede, Raymond E. Jones, Marion C. Robertson, Edward C. Raguet.

Navy Nominations, June 1, 1911.

Lieutenants (J.G.) to be lieutenants: John P. Miller and William C. Barker, ir.

Navy Nominations, June 1, 1911. Navy Nominations, June 1, 1941.
Lieutenant commander to be a commander: Claude B. Price.
Lieutenants (J.G.) to be lieutenants: John P. Miller and
William C. Barker, jr.
Ensign to be a lieutenant (J.G.): John F. Connor.
To be an assistant paymaster: Arthur Miquieton.

NAVY GAZETTE.

NAVY GAZETTE.

MAY 26.—Rear Admiral A. M. Knight commissioned a rear admiral from Jan. 29, 1911.
Comdr. E. T. Pollock commissioned a commander from March 4, 1911.
Comdr. C. B. Morgan detached duty command Dubuque; to duty command Nashville.
Lieut. Comdr. A. E. Watson detached duty Dubuque; to duty Nashville as executive and navigator.
Lieut. Comdrs. R. D. White and W. S. Miller commissioned lieutenant commanders from March 4, 1911.
Lieuts. B. Dutton, jr., and V. K. Coman commissioned lieutenants fapm March 4, 1911.
Lieut. J. G. F. M. Robinson detached duty Dubuque; to duty Nashville as senior engineer officer.
Lieuts. (J.G.) J. P. Miller, R. L. Lowman, C. Taylor, W. A. Hall, I. C. Kidd, A. G. Stirling, R. R. Mann, D. P. Morrison and E. A. Wolleson commissioned lieutenants (junior grade) from Feb. 13, 1911.
Ensigns W. B. Cothran, L. S. Stewart and T. J. Keleher detached duty Dubuque; to duty Nashville.
Mdsn. L. W. Greeno, when discharged treatment Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington, D.C., to home and resignation as a midshipman accepted, to take effect June 1, 1911.
Med. Inspr. T. A. Berryhill detached duty Marine Recruiting Station, New York, N.Y.; to duty Naval Medical Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N.Y.
Surg. C. DeW. Brownell detached duty Naval Hospital, Las Animas, Colo.; to Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington, D.C., for treatment.
Surg. J. Stepp to duty Missouri.
P.A. Surg. C. L. Moran commissioned a passed assistant surgeon in the Navy from Feb. 10, 1911.
P.A. Surg. R. Hayden detached duty Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Md.; to duty Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
P.A. Surg. R. Hayden detached duty Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
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P.A. Surg. R. Hayden detached duty Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

P.A. Surg. W. B. Smith detached duty Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Md.; to duty Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. P.A. Surg. R. Hayden detached duty Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington, D.C.; to duty Masul Academy, Annapolis, Md. P.A. Surg. C. W. Smith and Asst. Paymr. W. R. Van Buren detached duty Dubuque; to duty Nashville.

Naval Constr. J. D. Beuret detached duty navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.; to duty as inspector of hull material for the Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.

Naval Constr. G. A. Bisset detached duty as inspector of hull material for the Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.; to duty navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.

Naval Constr. D. C. Nutting detached duty Bureau of Construction and Repair, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.; to duty navy yard, Priget Sound, Wash.

Naval Constr. D. C. Nutting detached duty Bureau of Construction and Repair, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.; to duty navy yard, Priget Sound, Wash.

11 Chief Carps. J. J. Redington and R. Velz commissioned chief carpenters in the Navy from March 7, 1911.

MAY 27.—Cept. A. V. Zane detached duty as general inspector of machinery and senior member of all boards on changes in machinery and senior member of all boards on changes in machinery was president of the board of inspection for shore stations, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.

Capt. J. R. Edwards detached duty as inspector of machinery, works William Cramp and Sons, Philadelphia, Pa. Chief Gun. E. Beakes, retired, placed upon the retired list from May 24, 1911, and detached duty mavy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.; to home.

Paymr. Clerk R. R. Bolles appointed a paymaster's clerk in the Navy, duty Maine.

Note.—Civil Engr. A. C. Lewereuz, retired, died at Detroit, Mich., May 27, 1911.

MAY 29.—Rear Admiral S. Schroeder detached duty as commander-in-Chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet; to duty in connection with General Board.

Mich., May 27, 1911.
MAY 29.—Rear Admiral S. Schroeder detached duty as Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet; to duty in connection with General Board.
Capt. R. M. Deyte detached duty Third Lighthouse District, Tompkinsville, N.Y.; to temporary duty, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.

Comdr. G. G. Mitchell commissioned a commander in the Navy from Jan. 9, 1911.
Lieut. Comdr. Now from March 4, 1911.
Lieut. Comdr. A. E. Watson. orders of May 27, 1911, revolved; detached duty Dubuque; to duty Maine as navigator.
Lieut. E. P. Finney detached duty Naval Academy. Anapolis, Md.; to duty Mashed duty Naval Academy. Anapolis, Md.; to duty Mashville as executive and navigator.
Lieut. G. B. Wright commissioned a lieutenant in the Navy from March 4, 1911.
Lieuts. (J.G.) S. W. Wallace, R. A. White and W. H. Booth commissioned lieutenants (junior grade) in the Navy from Feb. 13, 1911.

commissioned lieutenants (junior grace).
Feb. 13, 1911.
Lieut. (J.G.) J. M. Smeallie, orders of May 23, 1911, re-

Lieut. (J.G.) J. M. Smeallie, orders of May 23, 1911, revoked.
Mdsn. E. B. Langworthy detached duty Connecticut; to duty Delsware.
P.A. Surg. E. G. Mackensie commissioned a passed assistant surgeon in the Navy from Dec. 28, 1910.
Asst. Surgs. E. E. Woodland and P. B. Ledbetter commissioned assistant surgeons in the Navy from May 4, 1911.
Paymr. E. F. Hall detached duty navy yard, New York, N.Y.; to Naval Hospital, New York, N.Y., for treatment.
Paymr. E. A. McMillan commissioned a paymaster in the Navy from Jan. 1, 1910.
Chap. L. N. Taylor detached duty navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.; to duty Indiana.
Chief Btsn. D. Montague to Naval Hospital, Boston, Mass., for treatment.

Chief Btsn. D. Montague to Santa Chief Mach. M. M. Schreiber detached duty Indiana and will wait orders.

Chief Machs. W. S. Falk, J. P. Richter, C. Franz and F. O. Wells commissioned chief machinists in the Navy from Dec.

Chief Machs. W. S. Fair, v. Wells commissioned chief machinists in the Navy from Dec. 29, 1910.

Mach. W. Herzberg detached duty Maryland Steel Company, Sparrows Point, Md.; to duty Indians.

MAY 31.—Rear Admiral H. Osterhaus detached temporary duty Navy Department, Washington, D.O.; to duty as commander in chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet, on board Connecticut. Comdr. W. A. Moffet commissioned a commander in the Navy from March 4, 1911.

Lieut. Comdrs. L. S. Shapley and S. I. M. Major commissioned lieutenant commanders in the Navy from March 4, 1911.

Comdr. W. A. Moffet commissioned a commander in the Navy from March 4, 1911.

Lieut. Comdrs. L. S. Shapley and S. I. M. Major commissioned lieutenant commanders in the Navy from March 4, 1911.

Lieut. H. A. Orr commissioned a lieutenant in the Navy from March 4, 1911.

Ensign E. W. Jukes commissioned an ensign in the Navy from June 6, 1910.

Act. Asst. Surg. G. M. Malkin to duty Navy Recruiting Station, Baltimore, Md.
Chief Carp. B. W. Wilson commissioned a chief carpenter in the Navy from March 7, 1911.

JUNE 1.—Comdr. J. L. Jayne detached command Saratoga; to temporary duty, Navy Department, Washington, D.C. Comdr. W. B. Fletcher to Naval War College, Newport, R.I. Lieut. Comdr. E. H. Watson detached navigator Vermont; to duty as first lieutenant Vermont.

Lieut. Comdr. G. Chase detached ordnance officer Vermont; to navigator Vermont.

Lieuts. L. C. Farley, W. L. Culbertson, jr., W. S. McClintic and J. V. Ogan detached Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; to Wakefield, Mass., connection Navy rifle team.

Lieut. B. B. Wygant detached assistant to the senior engineer officer Vermont; to duty as ordnance officer Vermont.

Lieut. O. Hill detached works Fore River Shipbuilding Company, Quincy, Mass.; to inspector of machinery, works New London Ship and Engine Company, New London, Conn.

Lieut. (J. G.) I. P. Shute commissioned a lieutenant, junior grade, from Feb. 13, 1911.

Lieut. (J.G.) L. F. Welch to works William Cramp and Sons Ship and Engine Building Company, Philadelphia, Pa., connection fitting out Patterson and duty on board when placed in commission.

Ensign R. C. Griffen, E. G. Allen, H. J. Kner, J. James, P. A. L. Vossler, W. F. Amsden and W. D. Brereton detached Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; to Wakefield, Mass., connection Navy rifle team.

Ensign W. E. Sherlock, jr., detached Paducah and granted leave three months.

leave three months.

Midshipman W. W. Smith detached Hartford; to duty
Wakefield, Mass., connection Navy rifle team.

Midshipman F. Slingluff, jr., when discharged treatment
uaval hospital, Boston, Mass; to McCall.

MARINE CORPS ORDERS.

MAY 25.—Major L. H. Moses detached Marine Barracks, Naval Station, Newport, R.I., June 1, 1911; to command Marine Barracks, navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Cable from Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet:

First Lieut. M. E. Shearer detached 1st Brigade, U.S. Marines, Philippines; to command marine detachment, U.S.S.

First Liout. M. E. Shearer Marine detacame...,
Marines, Philippines; to command marine detacame...,
Wilmington,
Second Lieut. N. A. Eastman detached U.S.S. Wilmington,
Second Lieut. Col. J. H. Pendleton, ordered for exami-

Ist Brigade, U.S.M.C.

MAY 26.—Lieut. Col. J. H. Pendleton, ordered for examination for promotion at Naval Station, Cavite, P.I., on July 8, 1911.

First Lieut. L. W. T. Waller, jr., detached Marine Barracks, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; to Marine Barracks, navy yard, Sorfolk, Va.; to Marine Barracks, navy yard, Boston, Mass., for duty.

First Lieut. C. S. Owen. Second Lieuts. C. H. Wells and N. A. Eastman, ordered for examination for promotion at Naval Station, Cavite, P.I., on July 10, 1911.

MAY 27.—Major L. H. Moses, ordered for examination for promotion at Marine Barracks, Washington, D.C., June 6, 1911.

Capt. Carl Gamborg-Andresen, ordered for examination for promotion at Marine Barracks, washington, D.C., June 15, 1911.

Capt. Carl Gamborg-Andresen, ordered for examination for promotion at Marine Barracks, Washington, D.C., June 15, 1911.

Capt. Thomas Holcomb, Jr., upon arrival in the United States at Sam Francisco, Cal., to Marine Barracks, navy yard, Boston, Mass., for duty.

Capt. D. C. McDougal detached temporary duty Provisional Brigade Marines, Guantanamo, Cuba, and from Marine Barracks, Usahington, D.C., upon arrival U.S.S. Celtic at Boston, Mass., to duty Marine Barracks, navy yard, there. Assigned temporary duty in command Marine Corps Rifle Team and commanding officer, Marine Corps Camp of Rifle Lature tion, Wakefield, Mass., First Lieut. E. R. Beadle, ordered for examination for promotion at Marine Barracks, washington, D.C., June 8, 1911.

First Lieut. E. R. Beadle, ordered for examination for promotion at Marine Barracks, unavy yard, Mare Island, Cal., June 8, 1911.

First Lieut. L. W. T. Waller, jr., to temporary duty at Marine Corps Camp of Rifle Instruction, Wakefield, Mass., appointed acting assistant quartermaster for duty there. Second Lieut. John Marston, 30, ordered for examination for promotion at Marine Barracks, Washington, D.C., June 1, 1911.

ORDERS 8, 9 and 10, 1911, U.S.M.C. Give the names of officers and enlisted men qualified as expert riflemen, sharpshooters and marksmen.

ORDER 11, MAY 24, 1911, U.S.M.C. Publishes instructions for the information of officers and non-commissioned officers of the Marine Corps and others upon whom duties in connection with the issue and accounting for clothing may devolve of a modified system of issuing and accounting for clothing, which has been approved by this office, and its use throughout the Marine Corps is directed.

ORDER 12, MAY 24, 1911, U.S.M.C.

G.O. 47, 51, 63, 69 and 71, Headquarters, U.S.M.C., dated
Jan. 13, 1910, March 10, 1910, July 14, 1910, Nov. 9, 1910,
and Nov. 11, 1910, respectively, are revoked and the following
is substituted therefor:

1. Upon the receipt of this order, the North Atlantic Inspection District and the South Atlantic Inspection District, authorized by the Navy Department under date of Jan. 7,
1910, will be discontinued. All reports, requisitions, returns
and other papers which have heretofore been forwarded to or
through the officers in charge of said districts shall be forwarded
to the Commandant of the Corps; and the inspection duty
heretofore assigned to the officers in charge of those districts
shall be performed by an officer detailed from these headquarters.

2. The Pacific Inspection District, U.S.M.C., and the Philippines Inspection District, U.S.M.C., will be continued; and the
title of the officer in charge of a district will be "The Officer
in Charge," adding thereto the name of the district.

board ships of the U.S. Pacific Fleet.

Philippines Inspection District.

(Office address, Hdgrs. 1st Brigade of Marines, Manila, P.I.)

Manila, P.I.: Brigade Quartermaster's Office; Brigade Paymaster's Office.

Cavite, P.I.: Marine Barracks; Naval Prison, Depot of Supplies.

plies.
Olongapo, P.I.: Marine Barracks.
Yokohama, Japan: Marine Detachment, Naval Hospital.
Peking, China: Marine Detachment, American Legation.
Guam, Marianes Marine Barracks; detachments serving on
board ships of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet.
Then follow instructions to officers concerning inspections,
reports, etc., which we omit.

REVENUE CUTTER NOTES.

REVENUE CUTTER NOTES.

Sr. Capt. Daniel P. Foley has been selected by the Secretary of the Treasury to command the revenue cutter fleet that will patrol Bering Sea and the waters of southeastern Alaska during the present summer. Captain Foley commanded the Bering Sea patrol fleet during the season of 1910, and his selection for this detail has been made as the result of the efficiency in which the patrol was carried out last year. He will proceed immediately to Port Townsend, Wash, and will take passage on the Rush for Unalaska, which port he will make his headquarters during the summer. The regular vessels assigned to the fleet are the Manning, the Tahoma and the Rush, while the Thetis and Bear will co-operate with the fleet during part of the season.

First Lieut. Frederick C. Billard, upon the completion of his tour of duty at the Department, left Washington on May 30 for Honolulu, Hawaii, where he has been assigned to duty as executive officer of the Thetis. Lieutenant Billard was assigned to special duty at the Department in the apring of 1905, and was shortly afterward designated as aid to the Captain Commandant of the Service, which position he held until May 6, 1911. The high personal regard in which Lieutenant Billard was held by his senior officers at the Department was well and forcefully expressed in the correspondence which passed between Captain Commandent Ross and the Secretary and Navy Journal.

The practice ship Itasca, of the Revenue Cutter Service, will sail with the cadets of the School of Instruction aboard on a training cruise to Mediterranean ports this summer. Capt. W. E. Jacobs will be in command. The summer cruise of the cadets has been made an annual affair and gives the young men a practical knowledge of seamanship and navigation. Aboard the Itasca on the cruise studies are kept up as if ashore at the School of Instruction, and in addition the young men have practical problems to work out in thoir chosen profession. Under the itinerary stranged for the Hasca ahe will sail from New Lo

VESSELS OF THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

VESSELS OF THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

ACUSHNET—Capt. C. E. Johnson. Woods Hole, Mass.
ALGONQUIN—Capt. S. B. Winram. San Juan, P.R.
ANDROSCOGGIN—Capt. H. M. Broadbent. Portland, Me.
APACHE—Capt. J. M. Moore. Baltimore, Md.
ARCATA—2d Lieut. G. C. Alexander. Port Townsend, Wash.
BEAR—Capt. J. G. Ballinger. On Arctic cruise.
CALUMET—Master's Mate John Bradley. At New York.
COLFAX—Station ship. Arundel Cove. Md.
DAVEY—Master's Mate John Bradley. At New York.
COLFAX—Station ship. Arundel Cove. Md.
DAVEY—Master's Mate J. M. Manson. New Orleans, La.
FORWARD—Capt. A. L. Gamble. At Key West. Fla.
GOLDEN GATE—1st Lieut. H. W. Pope. San Francisco.
GRESHAM—Capt. P. H. Uberroth. Boston, Mass.
GUTHRIE—Master's Mate J. R. Dunn. Baltimore, Md.
HARTLEY—1st Lieut. H. W. Pope. San Francisco.
HUDSON—Master's Mate J. A. Bradley. At New York.
ITASCA—Practice cutter. Capt. W. V. E. Jacobs. At New
London, Conn.
McCULLGOH—Capt. B. L. Reed. San Francisco, Cal.
MACKINAC—Lieut. P. H. Scott. Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.
MANHATTAN—Master's Mate J. M. Bradley. New York.
MGHAWK—Capt. S. M. Landrey. Tompkinsville, N.Y.
MORRILL—Capt. E. P. Bertholf. Detroit, Mich.
ONONDAGA—Capt. D. F. A. de Otte. Norfolk, Va.
PAMLICO—Capt. Howard Emery. Newbern, N.C.
RUSH—1st Lieut. B. M. Chiswell. Port Townsend, Wash.
SEMINOLE—Capt. R. O. Crisp. Wilmington, N.O.
SENECA—Capt. G. C. Carmine. Tompkinsville, N.Y.
SNOHOMISH—Capt. F. J. Haake. Neah Bay, Wash.
THOMA—Capt. F. J. C. Cochran. Honolulu, Hawaii.
TUSCARGRA—Capt. J. O. Cantwell. Milwaukee, Wis.
WINDOM—1st Lieut. J. G. Berry. Galveston, Texas.
WINDOM—Capt. F. S. Van Boskerck. Eastport, Me.
YAMACRAW—Capt. F. S. Van Boskerck. Eastport, Me.
YAMACRAW—Capt. H. B. West. Savannah, Ga.

phia, Pa.
WOODBURY—Capt. F. S. Van Boskerck. Eastport, Me.
YAMACRAW—Capt. H. B. West. Savannah, Ga.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

Norfolk, Va., May 30, 1911.

Historic Fort Norfolk was never more beautiful than last Wednesday and Thursday, when the "Ben Greet Players" gave "Midsummer Night's Dream," "Comedy of Errors" and "The Tempest" in the fort on a natural stage, surrounded by majestic trees, as perfect in its appointment as if planned for these Shakespeare plays. The audiences were largely composed of the naval element, the tug from the yard bringing them over, also many of the officers and their families from Fort Monroe. This is not the first time these old rampats have silently witnessed scenes of great interest, the from Fort Monroe. This is not the first time these old ramparts have silently witnessed scenes of great interest, the most memorable being the stealthy removal of keg after keg of powder by men under command of Capt. Robert B. Pegram, C.S.N., on the night of the evacuation of the navy yard during the Civil War, who, having no time to take the ordinary precautions, yet handled all the powder at the fort with such rapid skill, it was on board and on its way to Richmond, without mishap. The Great Bridge Chapter, D.A.R., under whose auspices the "Ben Greets" played, realized a good sum.

under whose auspices the "Ben Greets" played, realized a good sum.

The Memorial Day program at his place follows: Parade formed at Portsmouth: platoon of police, band from U.S.S. Franklin, bugle and dram corps, battalion of sailors (nearly a thousand from St. Helena, local militia, U.S. Marine Band, Pitzhugk Lee Camp drum and bugle corps, Fitzhugh Lee Camp, United Spanish War Veterans, of Norfolk, Austin R. Davis camp, United Spanish War Veterans, John Philip Garrison, Army and Navy Union No. 61. The Confederate and Artillery monuments were decorated with wreaths, then the line of march was resumed to the Naval Hospital Cemetery, where services were conducted by Chaplain R. R. Hoes, graves decorated, saiutes fired and taps sounded. On May 28, 1887, the United

States flag was first carried through Norfolk streets in a procession to honor the Confederate dead. Commo. George Brown, then in command of the yard, sent over two companies of marines and two of sallors, who, together with the Confederates and other organization, passed in review before Gen. Pitshugh Lee on their way to the cemetery, where, ever the gates, the Confederate and United States flags were lovingly entwined, sealing forever the bond between North and South in this Virginia city.

Through the courtesy of Admiral Marshall the naval post band rendered a charming concert at the lawn fête given by the Y.W.C.A. at their grounds Saturday evening. The fête was liberally patronized by naval people. Mrs. Charles Shaw, wife of Commander Shaw, retired, is president of the Association.

was theraily patronized by haval peopla. Mrs. Charles Shaw, wife of Commander Shaw, retired, is president of the Association.

Comdr. and Mrs. John Patton entertained Friday at dinner for Dr. and Mrs. Hedges, of New Jersey, Mrs. E. L. Patton, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Moses and Captain Logan. Mr. and Mrs. E. Bryant Merriti announce the engagement of their daughter, Bessie Haldane, to Ensign Robert Simonton Young, ir., U.S.N. The wedding will take place in the fall. Miss Merriti is a charming member of Norfolk society, and Ensign Young is a son of Dr. and Mrs. Robert S. Young, of Concord, N.C.

Mrs. Charles Shaw is spending a few days at the Ebbitt, Washington. Lieut. Joseph Taussig, who has been the guest of friends in Norfolk, left Sunday. Lieutenant Eberle, attached to the U.S.S. Mayflower, is away on leave. Ensign Logan Oresap, of Washington, spent several days in Norfolk latt week. Mrs. Littleton W. T. Waller and Mrs. Alfred Reynolds left for Annapolis Friday.

Paymr. Ellsworth H. Van Patten has returned from a visit to Richmond, Va. Dr. and Mrs. John Patten in the yard. Lieut. A. G. Pendleton, U.S.A., spent part of last week in Portsmouth to attend the funeral of his aunt, Miss Barclay. Asst. Surg. and Mrs. George C. Rhoades left Tuesday for Port Royal, S.C., where Surgeon Rhoades has been assigned to duty. Mrs. William Blow, of Surrey, was the guest of relatives in Norfolk last week.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., May 29, 1911.

Lieut. Stanley W. Wood, 7th Inf., has been appointed engineer officer of the post. Lieut. Leo J. Ahern, 5th Field Art., has left for a month's visit with friends and relatives. Capt. William M. Fassett will come here from the border of Mexico and then go to Jackson, Miss.

Master Rudolph Smyser was among the guests at the party given in the city by Master Thomas Cobb Saturday. Jane and Low Uline, of Salt Lake City (Fort Douglas), and Bitman Barth, son of Major and Mrs. Barth, of Manila, P.I., attended the picnic given by Master Bryan Murphy, of the city, at Association Park in celebration of his birthday Saturday, when he entertained his dancing club members.

In an interesting match at Lawrence, Kas., Saturday afternoon the Oread team defeated the Army club at golf by a score of 22 to 6. The match was played on the Oread links. Cool weather, with a light wind, gove to was a constant of the city of the play was fast. The score follows:

Major Stuart O, Crawford 2, Barteldes 3, Captain Born O, Captain Barker 2, Kinnear 2, Jones I, Captain Lott O, Captain Marker 2, Kinnear 2, Jones I, Captain Lott O, Captain Marker 2, Kinnear 2, Jones I, Captain Lott O, Captain Marker 2, Kinnear 2, Jones I, Captain Lott O, Captain Haskell O, Professor Fatterson 3.

Mr. Milton Weish, Jr., on Friday gave a buffet supper in his cousin, Mass. Luther Weish, who was in Kansas City of his cousin, Mass. Luther Weish, who was in Kansas City of his cousin, Miss. Ada Reese and Miss Doyce Weish. The home has attractively decorated. Thet ices were molded in designs of battleships bearing tiny American flags.

A delightful dinner party was given Saturday at the Hotel Baltimore, Kansas City, Mo., by Col. and Mrs. Willis Wood in honor of Miss Anneite Chazel, of Charleston, S.C., niece of Admiral Schloy, who is the guest of Miss Melly William Weish, Mrs. Edward Mrs. Stewart. Miss Burberained Friday unifted working with cards at the Inner Sunday assisted by Mrs. O. S. Eskridge, Mrs. William

Snank entertained at bridge Thursday afternoon. Lieut. John Cocke left Thursday for College Hill, Cincinnati, where his marriage to Miss Ethelyn Carey will take place Monday, the 29th.

Mrs. E. E. Booth, the guest for several weeks of Col. and Mrs. E. B. Fuller, is now the guest of friends in Kanasa City. Mrs. Booth and Miss Gladys Booth, who is attending school in Kansas City, will sail the first part of June for the Philippines, where Captain Booth is stationed. Mrs. Arthur Carter has gone to Kanasa City to be the guest for several weeks of her aunt, Mrs. Bovard. Lieutenant Carter will go to Fort Riley. Major and Mrs. Stuart, 8th Inf., were guests Sunday of Mrs. Traber Norman in the city.

Mr. E. A. Leaviti, wife and son, Ralph, of San Francisco, are guests of Chaplain and Mrs. Louix, where Mr. Leavitt will take charge of the corporation connected with the Panama Pacific International Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Mrs. O. S. Eskridge presided at a beautifully appointed tea Thursday for about seventy-five guests. Mrs. Eskridge was assisted by Mrs. William Kelly, Jr., Mrs. Gose, Mrs. Halstead, Mrs. T. B. Brewer and Mrs. Woodruff. Capt. Truman O. Murphy, on duty at the Army Service Schools, leaves for three months' vacation, on the various organizations have died from cholers.

Governor Simeon E. Baldwin of Connecticut, has designated June 14, 1911, as Flag Day and directs that commemorative exercises shall then be held in all the public schools, which may be in session, to mark the 184th anniversary of the existence of the flag of the United States. Governor Baldwin says: "Adopted by the Continental Congress on June 14, 1777, it has become the oldest flag, with one exception, now flown by any nation in the world. Illustrating, as it thus does, the quality of permanence, which is a special characteristic of American institutions, I sak the people of the state to join upon that day in its general display, and so to testify to their attachment to the principles of the Constitution and to their attachment to the principles of the Constitution and to



In New Sterilized Bottles Only

GRADUATION WEEK AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

GRADUATION WEEK AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., June 2, 1911.

Sunday, May 28, was the first day of graduation week at the Naval Academy, and Chaplain H. H. Clark, U.S.N., who for nearly a score of years has filled the post of chaplain, preached his farewell sermon to the graduating class. The chaple was filled with a congregation composed of the brigade of midshipmen and the friends of the officers, corps and graduates. The Chaplain took as his text Nehemiah 4:18, "For the builders, every one had his sword girded by his side, and so builded." The "Peace Party." the Chaplain said, had had its way in Jerusalem and the walls had fallen down and the temple was robbed of its treasures. Nehemiah had nerved the people to action, and now they builded with their swords in their hands. The militant and the religious spirit were mixed. This should always be so. True religion and true patriotism always join hands. There must be righteousness in both the religious and the military life. Self-surrender is required in both services. There is a cult that would pull down out temple, hash our hymns and still our prayers; another that says there is no place for the sword. One would leave us without a flag, the other without a God. The best races have emerged out of conflict. Religion and militarism have a unanimity, in that they both deaire peace.

The midshipmen choir sang "The Sons of God, Go Forth to War," "Our Fathers" God, to Thee," "Eternal Father, Strong to Save," and "God Be with You Till We Meet Again." Prof. Charles A. Zimmerman, leader of the Naval Academy band, was organist. The service, in view of its being the parting of the ways with the graduating class, was very solem and impressive.

With interesting ceremonies the members of the Board of Visitors were welcomed to Annapolis on Monday. Nearly the whole membership was present and the board organized by the election of Representative L. P. Padgett, of Tenessee, as prosident. The other members are: Senator Googe P. Wetmore, Khode Island; Senator John H. Thor

H. Dodd, assistant business manager; G. F. Howell, musical director.

A statue to the late Commo. George H. Perkins, U.S.N., a distinguished Navy officer of the Civil War, was unveiled at the Naval Academy on Monday. It is of bronze, slightly more than life size. It stands in a niche on the south or main portice of Bancroft Hall. The statue was unveiled by Mrs. Larz Anderson, of Philadelphia, a daughter of Commodore Perkins, who. with Capt. Larz Anderson, her husband, presented it to the Naval Academy. The speech of presentation was made by Rear Admiral John H. Upshur, U.S.N., retired, and the statue was accepted by Capt. John H. Gibbons, U.S.N. Mr. Hamilton Perkins, brother of Commodore Perkins, and Mrs. Perkins, of Boston, were also present, as was Rear Admiral John. Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, applied to the officer Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, applied to the officer of Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, applied to the officer of Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, applied to the officer of Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, applied to the officer of the officer of Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, applied to the officer of the

miral T. O. Selfridge, U.S.N., retired, n classmate of the officer honored.

Commodore Perkins was born in New Hampshire, appointed to the Naval Academy in 1853 and was graduated in 1857. His most distinguished service was at Mobile Bay, under Farragut, in command of the Chickasaw. It was admitted that this vessel did the most effective work in sinking the Confederate ram Tennessee. The torpedoboat Perkins, named after Commodore Perkins, was off the Naval Academy during the ceremonies and fired a salute as the statue was unveiled.

Tuesday, May 30, being a national legal holiday there were no exercises and all the midshipmen were given a day's leave to visit Annapolis. In the afternoon Superintendent J. H. Gibbons gave a reception to the first class at his house.

On Wednesday morning drills and practical exercises were resumed with the artillery drill, always one of the most interesting, and that morning especially so as it was by a bat-

talion composed of the six companies which had qualified for the final competition for the colors. The battalion was equipped with eight 3-inch howitzers, and the drill was under the direction of Lieut. Fred H. Poteet. The pieces delivered a rattling fire at an imaginary enemy. At the crucial moment a joint artillery and infantry fire was delivered, which presumedly sent the enemy back to their boats in haste. Competitive drill followed, in which the 9th, 11th, 3d, 6th, 12th and 5th Companies engaged. The 1st, 4th and 12th, leading competitors for the brigade colors, won a place in the finals for artillery.

TROPHIES AND PRIZES PRESENTED

Owing to rain there was no dress parade Wednesday after-noon, but the brigade was formed in the armory and the prizes won by the midshipmen during the academic year were

Owing to rain there was no dress parade Wednesday afternoon, but the brigade was formed in the armory and the prizes won by the midshipmen during the academic year were presented, as follows:

Class of 1871 sword for excellence in theoretical ordnance and gunnery—Mdsn. Frederick S. Hatch.

Cup presented by National Society, Sons of the Revolution, for excellence in practical ordnance and gunnery—Mdsn. Oscar C. Badger.

Cup presented by National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, for excellence in seamanship and international law—Mdsn. Beirne S. Bullard.

Navigating sextant presented by Col. Robert M. Thompson for excellence in theoretical and practical navigation—Mdsn. Frederick S. Hatch.

Medal presented by Admiral Trenchard Section No. 73 (New York), Nayy League of the U.S., for best essay on naval or patriotic subject—Mdsn. Edward Ellaberg.

Sword presented by Naval Academy Athletic Association for general excellence in athletics—Mdsn. Philip Van H. Weems.

Name on Thompson Trophy Cup for having done the most to promote athletics during the year—Mdsn. Frank Loftin. Thompson bineculars for excellence in handling small boats—Mdsn. H. L. Abbott and Sherwood Picking.

Gold medal for small-arms practice—Mdsn. Ernest H. Barber; silver medal, Mdsn. Carl K. Martin; bronze medal, Mdsn. Harold E. Saunders.

Medal for general excellence in track work—Mdsn. Lee C. Carey. Medals for breaking field and track records as follows: Lee C. Carey, 100 and 220 yard dashes; John P. Dalton, 120 and 220 yard hardles; H. H. Good, Karl E. Hintze, hammer throw; Raymond Asserson, Neil H. Geisenhoff, pole vault; half-mile run, Carl T. Hull. Medals for fencing—foils—Norman Scot; dueling swords, Ole O. Hagen; sabers. Wentworth H. Osgood; canes, Herbert H. Bouson.

Medals for excellence in gymnastics—Paul M. Bates; for swimming. Robert E. P. Elmer; for highest batting average, William T. Cochran; for handli

TWELFTH COMPANY WINS THE COLORS.

TWELFTH COMPANY WINS THE COLORS.

The big event of Thursday was the presentation, at dress parade, to Mdsn. Harry R. Bogusch of the sword which indicates that his company, the 12th, stood highest in the contest for "igeneral excellence" during the year and will have the right to carry the colors of the brigade. To Midshipman Bogusch, however, the event was somewhat saddened by the absence of the young lady to whom he is engaged, Miss Grace Pigman, of Indianapolis, who was to present the flag, but was detained at her home by the accidental death of a brother. The 12th Company did not have an easy victory by any means, but was closely pushed be also long the property of the contest by Mds. Grace M. Lower, It was not until the 12th won first place in the artillery drill on Wednesday that the contest was decided, that company having won 400 of the 1,795 points. The big winnings of the 12th were in the artillery and small-arms practice, in which it took first place, and the infantry drill, in which it secured third place.

GRADUATION DAY.

To-day, Friday, June 2, the diplomas to the graduates of 1911 are to be delivered in the morning by Acting Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop. Admission to the armory, where the presentations take place, is by card. In the evening the farewell ball given by the Class of 1912 to the Class of 1911 takes place in the armory, which has been handsomely ornamented with bunting draped from the ceiling, and will be

ornamented with bunting draped from the ceiling, and will be brilliant with great arches of olectric lights.

The Class of 1912 of the Naval Academy have issued invitations to the farewell ball to be given to the Class of 1911 on the evening of Friday, June 2. The farewell ball committee arc: Davis De Treville, chairman; James Lloyd Abbot, G. W. Davison Dashiell, Emory Percival Eldredge, Garland Fulton, Robert Stevenson Haggart, Donald Wheeler Hamilton, Roscoc Lee Martin, De Witt Clinton Ramsey, Mahlon Street Tindale and Louis Peter Wensell.

Mrs. Gibbons, wife of Superintendent Gibbons, assisted

by Mdsn. Davis De Treville, chairman of the hop committee, will receive at the farewell ball.

STANDING OF GRADUATING CLASS.

by Mdan. Davis De Treville, chairman of the hop committee, will receive at the farewell ball.

STANDING OF GRADUATING CLASS.

The official announcement was made on May 30 that Mdan. Frederick S. Hatch, of New Hampshire, is the honor man of the graduating class, his aggregate for the four years being 705.16 out of a possible 800. Mdan. Herbert H. Bouson, of South Carolina, was second, with 697.81. Five other members of the class graduate with "star" grade, having received eighty-fave per cent, or better of the possible mark. These with their aggregates, in the order of their standing, are: Walter W. Webster, North Dakota, 691.98; Beitne S. Ballard, Wisconsin, 691.05; Webb C. Hayer, Oho, 684.63; Robert M. Grifin, Virginia, 683.29; Robert H. Skelton, Wisconsin, 691.96. Mdashipman Bullard is a son of Comdr. W. H. G. Bullard, U.S.N.

The other graduates in the order of scholastic standing are: S. Ernest L. Patch, Mass.; 9, Alfred G. Zimmerman, N.J.; 10, Rodger W. Faine, D. W. Wash; 12, Delavin B. Downer, Wis; 13, Oliver L. Wolfard, Nev.; 14, Ellis S. Stone, Ark.; 15, Harry L. Merring, NY.; 16, Theodore E. Hammond, Cal.; 17, Francis S. Craven, at large; 18, Morris D. Gilmore, Pa.; 19, Lybrand P. Smith, II.; 20, George M. Lowery, Pa., Mey, S.D.; 22 William E. Baughman, G. 2.; 24 Harry W. Hill, Cal.; 25, John A. Fletcher, Conn.; 26, Bernhard H. Bieri, Minn.; 27, Henry F. Bruns, W. Va.; 28, Occar C. Badger, at large; 20, James C. Byrnes, jr., at large; 30, Theodore S. King, 2d, Cala K. Awtrey, Ga.; 32, Edward C. McGehee, La.; 33, Howard S. James D. Minn,; 38, Daniel J. Callaghan, Cal.; 33, Howard S. James McCloug, Ind.; 48, John R. Petersen, N.Y.; 49, John H. Magruder, Jr., W. V.; 50, Paul C. Mayfield, Ky.

31, Hoyard S. James, Paris, J. G. George J. Ashe, N.C.; 33, Joseph L. Nollson, Idaho; 64, Reuben L. Perley, Mass.; 64, Lyde, M. R. St., 19, John H. Magruder, Jr., W. V.; 50, Paul C. Mayfield, Ky.

31, Howard S. James M. R. St., 19, John M. Merchaller, N.Y.; 70, John M. Petersen, J. J.

151, jr., Ind. III.; 15 157, Ja 159, W Ark. 161,

Ark.

161, Albert R. Mack, Ill.; 162, Frederick G. Hoddick, Colo.; 163, John A. L. Zenor, Colo.; 164, Calvin H. Cobb, Me.; 165, John H. Birdsall, N.J.; 166, Frank R. Sessions, Mich.; 167, Henry S. McK. Clay, Pa.; 168, William D. Ford, N.Y.; 169, Robert B. Simmons, jr.; S.C.; 170, Lee C. Carey,

Mich.; 167, Henry S. McK. Clay, Pa.; 168, William D. Ford, N.Y.; 169, Robert B. Simmons, jr.; S.C.; 170, Lee C. Carey, Md.

171, John H. Holt, jr., W. Va.; 172, Norman Scott, Ind.; 173, Glenn A. Smith, Ill.; 174, Conrad Ridgely, Ga.; 110, Donald C. Godwin, N.C.; 176, Charles H. Curry, N.J.; 177, Richard P. Myers, Va.; 178, Webb C. Hayes, Ohio; 179, Howard Bode, Ohio; 180, Cherubusco Newton, jr., La.
181, J. Lewis Kerley, N.C.; 182, Harold E. Snow, N.J.; 183, Oscar W. Leidel, Ill.; 184, Robert M. Doyle, jr., Wash; 185, Richard H. Booth, Ia.; 186, Richard C. Scott, Va.; 187, Morton L. Deyo, N.Y.; 188, Vincent P. Erwin, Kas.; 199, Robert P. Mohle, Ill.; 190, Harold T. Bartlett, Com.

191, Robert M. Hinckley, Minn.; "—, Milton M. Fenner, N.Y.; "—, Charles C. W. Mailley, Neb.; "—, Stanley Mitchell, N.C.

*These were not numbered in the official list given out, and

*These were not numbered in the official list given out, and evidently their cases are under advisement.

STANDING OF LOWER CLASSES.

STANDING OF LOWER CLASSES.

The standing of the members of the two lower classes was announced May 31. The Third Class contains six "stars," as follows: 1, William H. P. Blandy, Del., 144.65; 2, Everett Le Roy Gayhart, Ohio, 144.05; 3, George A. Andrews, Mich.,—; 4. Henry L. Abbott, Mass., 138.27; 5, James C. Jones, jr., Ala., 137.06; 6, Herman E. Keisker, Ky., 135.17. The highest possible mark is 160.

Much interest is taken in the announcement of the standing of the new Fourth Class, as it gave a line for the first time on the youths who are likely to prove leading scholars. There were ten "stars," as follows: 1, Edward Ellsberg, Colo., 73.83; 2, George C. Manning, Pa., 70.86; 3, Edward L. Cochrane. Pa., 70.66; 4, Fred L. Pelton, Colo., 70.47; S. Warner W. Bayley, at large, 99.52; 6. Carleton F. Bryant, Me., 69.36; 7, Noel Davis, Utah, 68.83; 8, Robert W. Ferrell, Va., 68.80; 9, Conrad D. Fry, II., 68.24; 10, John N. Laycock, Mass., 68.16. The highest possible mark is 80.

NAVAL ACADEMY NOTES.

The Second Class (next year's First Class) "rated" the class ring on Thursday of last week. The new rings are of heavy signet style, engraved on the inside with the name and U.S. Navy. On one side is the Naval Academy seal, beneath which is a full rigged ship. On the opposite side is the class crest and the figure of Tecumseh.

Among those here during June week have been Mrs. and

crest and the figure of Tecumseh.

Among those here during June week have been Mrs. and Miss Baxter, of Boston, mother and sister of Midshipman Baxter; Mr. and Mrs. Quigley, parents of Midshipman Quigley: the Misses Dyson, daughters of Condr. C. W. Dyson, U.S.N.; Mrs. Alexander Dennett, of Kittery, Me., mother of Mdsn. L. E. Dennett: Mrs. Browne, of Bridgeport. Conn. mother of Mdsn. I. E. Browne; Miss Andrews, of Grand

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Haven, Mich., sister of Mdsn. G. A. Andrews; Mrs. Perley, of Wakefield, Mass., mother of Mdsn. R. N. Perley, president of the Naval Academy Y.M.C.A.; Mrs. Collier, mother of Mdsn. F. M. Collier; Mrs. Burtis, of New Jorkey, mother of Mdsn. W. H. Burtis; Mr. Meyer, of New York, father of Mdsn. W. H. Burtis; Mr. Meyer, of New York, father of Mdsn. Vincent Meyer, president of the Masqueraders; Mr. John Skelton, of Milwaukee, Wis., father of Midshipman Skelton; Dr. N. McKitterick, of Burlington, In., father of Midshipman McKitterick; Mrs. Hoddick, of Denver, Colo., mother of Mdsn. A. S. Arvin; Mrs. Rood, of Terre Haute, Ind., mother of Mdsn. A. S. Arvin; Mrs. Rood, of Terre Haute, Ind., mother of Mdsn. Gr. A. Rood.

Licut. Andrew S. Hickey, U.S.N., joined his sister, Miss Mary Hickey, of Kingston-on-the-Hudson, who was here for June week.

Lieut, Andrew S. Hickey, U.S.N., joined his sister, Miss Mary Hickey, of Kingston-on-the-Hudson, who was here for June week.

The members of the Graduates Association of the Naval Academy formed Thursday evening, prior to attending their annual banquet, in front of the Academy chapel. Rear Admiral John H. Upshur, appointed to the Naval Academy in 1841, acted as commandant of the bettailion, and Mr. William E. Moorman, of Kentucky, of the Class of 1910 and now in civil life, was adjutant. The senior members of each class reported for their classes. The Class of 1881 had the highest number (26) of any class present. About one-third of the 150 present are now in civil life. The members marched aware the senior members of the 150 present are now in civil life. The members marched aware the senior members and the senior members are also the senior members and the senior members are also the senior members and the senior members are now in civil life. The members marched aware the senior members are now in civil life. The members marched aware the senior members are now in the senior members and the senior members are now in the senior members and the senior m

field, with Mdsn. Vincent Meyer, or the grand feer of cered.

The Naval Academy tennis team defeated Georgetown of the Naval Academy tennis team defeated Georgetown of Saturday here by a score of 6 to 0. Midshipman Fulton be been elected captain of the team for the next season. The following is the record of the season: Navy 4, Gettysbu (following is the record of the season: Navy 4, Pennsylvan State 2; Navy 4, Johns Hopkins 3; Navy 2, Pennsylvan State 2; Navy 3, University of Virginia 3; Navy 4, St. John 0; Navy 4, Swarthmore 2; Navy 4, Dickinson 0; Navy Georgetown, of the Navy, Ensign Jon Constitution of the Navy and the Secretary of the Navy, Ensign Jon Constitution of the Navy (Mittary School, Cl.

0; Navy 4, Swarthmore 2; Navy 4, Dickinson 0; Navy 6, tieorgetown, 0.

Under orders from the Secretary of the Navy, Ensign Jonas H. Ingram, U.S.N., left here for Culver Military School, Culver, Ind., where he will remain during the summer course at that institution.

Mdsn. Oliver Lodwick Wolford, U.S.N., of the graduating class, will, under permission of the Navy Department, wed Miss Ethel Blanche Martin, daughter of Mr. J. Ed. Martin, of Annapolis, on Saturday next.

The following midshipmen of the Class of 1911, who have during the year attended service at the First Baptist Church in Annapolis, have presented to the church a handsome individual communion set: E. C. McGeholee, Vincent Meyer, E. L. Patch, W. W. Webster, F. G. Haddock, S. E. Rose, P. R. Sessions, P. C. Mayfield, E. H. Curry and M. L. Brown.

Brown.

Mrs. Charles F. Roehle, of Baltimore, will establish a scholarship at St. John's College, Annapolis, Md., in memory of her son, the late Mdsn. Clifton C. Roehle, of the Naval Academy, formerly a student at St. John's. The fund will be \$6,000, the interest to be used to educate some worthy student.

S6,000, the interest to be used to equence some clot. R. M. Thompson's fine houseboat, the Everglades, is anchored off the Naval Academy.

Macn. William G. Greenman has been elected the captain of the Naval Academy eight for the next season.

William Collins, charged with shooting two midshipmen while they were bathing last week near the shores of Naumana, where Collins is the keeper of the premises, has given \$500 bail for a hearing at court.

ARMY WINS AT BASEBALL.

ARMY WINS AT BASEBALL.

West Point, N.Y., May 30, 1911.

Before the largest crowd ever gathered to witness a baseball game at the post (the number was estimated at 5,000) the cadets defeated the Annapolis nine in the annual baseball game on last Saturday, May 27, by the score of 7 to 1. The contest took place under ideal weather conditions on the new ball field opposite Cullum Hall. During the final practice before the game Whiteside, West Point's third baseman, was struck on the cheek just below the eye by a ball batted to him. It was decided to lance the wound, which swelled, closing the eye. Fortunately the eye was found to be uninjured, and the plucky player did fine work for his team throughout the contest.

With the waving of the pennants of black, gold and gray, or blue and gold as the fortune of the moment favored either team, with the shouts and songs alternating, all was excitement throughout the game; but with the close of the contest, when the tide turned overwhelmingly in favor of the home team, the cadets' enthusiasm knew no bounds; seizing the scoreboard from its fastenings they bore it in triumph from the field to the barracks. The Naval Academy fought gamely to the last. Byers, the second man up in the first inning, gave the Navy hopes of great things to come when he pounded out a home run, but for the balance of the game Siebert and Cochran were the only men to reach third. The Navy fielding was poor, while that of the Army was fine and many of the chances taken seemed almost impossible. Harrison especially covered himself with glory; Whiteside, apparently unharmed by his injury, and Hyatt did splendid work. The latter was in fine form and two scattering hits was the best the Navy could do. Vinson, of Annapolis, appeared to weaken in the sixth, when the cadets hit for three safe ones and accored a run. In the seventh West Point pounded out five hits, scoring five runs and taking a lead that would take the heart out of any team but the Navy.

ABAA H.P.O.A.

ABAA H.P.O.A.

Army.	Navy.								
A.B.	. A.	H.I	P.O.	A.	A.B				A.
Lyman, r.f5	1	3	1	0	Osborne, l.f 3				0
Harrison, l.f 5	1	1	7	0	Byers, c.f4	1	1	0	0
Whiteside, 3b 4	3	2	1	2	Strickl'd, r.f4	0	0	1	1
Cook, 1b 2	0	2	9	0	Abbott, 2b4	0	0	2	2
Davenport, c2	0	1	3	2	Ridgely, s.s3		0	1	0
Sadtler, 2b4	0	0	2	1	Cochran, c3	0	1	7	3
Ulloa, c.f4	0	1	1	0	Vaiden, 3b2		0	8	8
Hyatt, p4		1	1	3	Seibert, 1b1		0	6	1
Milliken, s.s4	1	1	2	2	Vinson, p 2	0	0	1	3
Milliand, Millian	_				Wakeman, p 0	0	0	0	1
					Nichols*1	0.	0	0	0
					Callaghan†1	0	0	0	0

....34 7 12 27 10 Totals ...28 1 2 24 14

*Batted for Ridgely in the ninth inning.

†Batted for Cochran in the ninth inning.

Summary: Sacrifice hits, Cook, Davenport, Vaiden; stolen ses, Army 10, Navy 1; first on balls, off Hyatt 3, off Vinn 2; struck out, by Hyatt 3, by Vinson 5, by Wakeman, 1; s, off Vinson 11 in 6 1-3 innings, off Wakeman 1 in 1 2-3 nings; home run, Byers; hit by pitcher, Osborne; time, 2

hours 10 minutes; umpires, Messrs. Brennan and Emslie (by courtesy of the National League).

CADETS WIN FROM 7TH REGIMENT.

West Point, N.Y., May 31, 1911.

The Col. Daniel Appleton Baseball Trophy was won by the cadets this year, the game on Decoration Day between the Academy and the 7th Regiment resulting in a victory for the Military Academy nine by a score of 9 to 1. The weather was 'perfect yesterday and the usual Decoration Day crowd was in evidence. The stands were packed and the cadets were cheered on to victory by the shouts of euthusiastic spectators. The result of the game was never in doubt, and so one-sided and long-drawn-out was the contest that it lacked the interest attaching to a more snappy game. The regiment made its one score in the fourth inning. A wild throw placed MacGuire on first, Knox singled and Sadtler's error let MacGuire reach third and score on Ayres's fly to Lyman. The cadets took the lead in the second inning with two runs. The score follows:

West	Pe	oint				7	th	Res	ime	ent.	N.	G.N	Y.	
	R	H	PO	A	E					R	H	PO	A	E
Lyman, r.f	1	0	3	0	0	M'G	iir	e, .c	f.,1	.1	0	6	0	0
Whiteside, 3b.	1	2	. 0	1	1	Knoz	,	3b.		.0	2	0	2	0
Cook, 1b	0	0	9	0	0	Maw	en	, 1b		.0	0	8	1	2
Riley, p	2	2	0	2	0	Gors	ch	p.		.0	0	2	1	1
Riley, p Davenport, c	2		4	1		Ayre	s,	r.f.		.0	0	2		0
Sadtler, 2b	1	0	3	5	1	Acke	r.	c.f.		.0	0	.2	0	0
Ulloa, c.f		1	5	0	0	Kelly		8.8.		. 0	0	1	1	0
Hyatt, 1.f	1	1	-2	0	0	Keni	y,	1.f.	r.f	.0	0	2	3	1
Mil'ken, c., s.s.		3	1	3	0	Seg'	m'	n, 2	b	. 0	0	1	3	1
	-	-	_		-	Benj	an	in,	r.f.	.0	0	0	0	0
Total	9	9	27	12	2					_	_	-	_	-
41444						To	tal			.1	2	24	11	5
Score by inn	ing	8:												
West Point 7th Regiment .					0	2	2	3	1	0	1	0	X-	-9
7th Regiment.					0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0-	-1
Summary-T	hr	ee-b	ase	hit	8. 1	White	Bic	le. I	Rile	v.	Ste	olen	ba	ses.
West Point 11	, 1	th	Reg	ime	ent	1. I	ef	t or	ı b	ises	, V	Vest	P	oint

West Point 11, 7th Regiment 1. Left on bases, West Point 4, 7th Regiment 2. Struck out, by Riley 3, by Gorsch 7. Hit by pitched ball, Gorsch, Cook. Bases on balls, off Gorsch 4. Sacrifice hit, Saddler. Passed ball, Ayres. Double plays, Milliken, Stadlet and Cook; Kenny and Mawen. Attendance, 5,000. Time of game, two hours.

A special dress parade in honor of the 7th Regiment followed the ball game on Tuesday afternoon. The enormous crowds present applauded as they watched this always inspiring formation.

On Wednesday afternoon a large and enthusiastic crowd witnessed the game between West Point and Syracuse. The result was a score of 3 to 0 in favor of West Point. Hyatt and Davenport were the battery for West Point.

WEST POINT SOCIAL NOTES.

WEST POINT SOCIAL NOTES.

Two very enjoyable class dinners were held at the West Point Army mess on last Saturday evening after the Army-Navy baseball game. Those attending the dinner of the Class of 1903, U.S.M.A., were Grier, Hawkins, Hodges, J. S. Jones, Parker, Rose, Schley, Shnyder, F. H. Smith and Winfree. The Class of 1904, U.S.M.A., was fortunate in being able to get to together twenty-one members. Those present were Allin, W. D. A. Anderson, Black, Bryden, Cooper, Copp, Gross, Cubbison, Glassford, Grace, Honeycutt, McDonald, McKell, Meals, Moody, Pettis, R. C. Richardson, M. E. Spalding, Waller, Wise and Worcester.

With so much in prospect the week has been unusually gay socially. The Monday Club met with Mrs. Rehkopf and ended the final tournament of the season. Mrs. Donavon won first prize, Mrs. Fiebeger second, and Mrs. Kean third. There were three extra tables. The Auction Bridge Club met with Mrs. Maybach on Tuesday afternoon, and finished on Wednesday morning the final tournament at Mrs. Bethel's. The first prize was won by Mrs. Darrah, the second by Mrs. Traub, and the third by Mrs. Maybach. On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. R. C. Davis gave an informal tea at the Officers Club for her guest, Mrs. Foltz. Mrs. Barry, Mrs. Keefer and Miss Barry assisted the hostess. On Thursday afternoon Mrs. Zell entertained at bridge for Mrs. Lockwood, Prizes were won by Mrs. Bethel, Col. and Mrs. Tillman, Capt. and Mrs. Lockwood, Major and Mrs. Rebell, Col. and Mrs. Rr. and Mrs. Immis and Mrs. Lockwood, Major and Mrs. Rebell, Col. and Mrs. McCloskey at dinner. Also on Thursday afternoon. Thursday Lieut, and Mrs. McCloskey at dinner. Also on Thursday Lieut, and Mrs. McCloskey at dinner. Also on Thursday afternoon. They were invited to attend a stag supper at General Barry's on Friday evening; the band giving a serenade in front of the Superintendent's quarters, and attended the cadet hop on Saturday. Prior to the officers' Club Mr. and Mrs. Revinds at which were received by Col. and Mrs. Keefer, a number of dinners wer



MAN OR WOMAN

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RENNETT MFG. CO., 175 Broadway, New York City

Lieut. and Mrs. Rehkopf and Mrs. Erwin. Lieut. and Mrs. Cell entertained at dinner for their guest, Miss Mabel Parran, of Baltimore, Lieut. and Mrs. Herr, Miss Hoyle and Lieutenants Hodges, Manchester and Winfree.

Miss Fannie Hoyle is the guest of Mrs. Keefer until Mans, Misleen Baillie will be the guest of Mrs. Keefer until Mans, Lis. A. was the guest of Mrs. Herr. Miss Kahleen Baillie will be the guest of Mrs. Keefer until Mrs. Elej. Lieut. and Mrs. Her. Miss Lieut. And Mrs. Elej. Lieut. and Mrs. Her. Miss Lieut. And Mrs. Elej. Lieut. and Mrs. Her. Miss Weere recent dinner guests of Col. and Mrs. Bethel. Col. and Mrs. Holt's guests on Friday evening were Lieut. And Mrs. Roger Black and Lieut. Charles Pettits were recent dinner guests of Col. and Mrs. Bethel. Col. and Mrs. Holt's guests on Friday evening were Lieut. And Mrs. Roger Black have been at Col. and Mrs. Bethel. S. Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Gelston, of Baltimore, have been with Lieut. and Mrs. Hugh Gelston, of Baltimore, have been with Lieut. and Mrs. Hugh Gelston, of Baltimore, have been with Lieut. and Mrs. Willoum.

Mrs. Willoum. Mrs. Fritchett. Miss Eleanor Sears is with Mrs. Willoum.

Mrs. Willoum. Mrs. Fritchett. Miss Eleanor Sears is with Mrs. Willoum.

Mrs. Willoum. Mrs. Her. Mrs. Fritchett. Miss Eleanor Sears is sufficiently to receive her luncheon guests on Saturday. Between twenty-five and thirty friends from New York city and from Governors Island were entertained at luncheon at her quarters before the game, and-ambsequently at tea at the Officers' Club. Licut. Col. and Mrs. W. L. Simpson and Miss Dorothy Simpson were at the Point for the Navy game and hop. Capl. and Mrs. James Totten were the guests of Lieut. R. C. Davis, left for her home the guest of Mrs. Rept. and Mrs. James Totten were the guests of Lieut. R. C. Davis, left for her home the guest of Lieut. R. C. Davis, left for her home the guest of Lieut. R. C. Davis, left for her home the guest of Lieut. R. C. Davis, left for her home the gues

U.S.M.A. CLASS OF 1911.

The following is a list of the members of the graduating class, to whom General Wood will deliver diplomas on June 13. The list is given as per last published standing in Cadet Register. Eighty-five members. Register.

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*1, Philip B. Fleming; *2, Jošeph C. Mehaffey; *3, John W. Stewart; *4, Paul S. Reinecke; *5, William B. Hardigg; 6, Schimelfenig, Charles A.; 7, Stanton, Hubert G.; 8, Wheeler, Raymond A.; 9, Baxter, Charles R.; 10, Kutz, Harry R.; 11, Nichols, Harry F.; 12, Beatty, John C.; 13, Lawrence, Thompson; 14, Nance, Curtis H.; 15, Bowley, Freeman W.; 16, Floyd, Charles S.; 17, Walker, Charles A., ir.; 18, Franke, Gustav H.; 19, Hatch, John E.; 20, Hall, Charles P.; 12, Keeley, Harry J.; 22, Burlingame, Cris M.; 23, Larned, William E.; 24, Flinch, Neil G.; 25, Simpson, Bethel W.; 26, Hoisington, Gregory; 27, Ladd, Jesse A.; 28, Dargue, Herbert A.; 29, Kemble, Franklin; 30, Gilbreath, Frederick. 31, Kieffer, Philip J.; 32, Booton, John G.; 33, McCleary, Gliver; 34, Gray, Robert L.; 35, Clark, Robert W., ir.; 36, Byrne, Charles L.; 37, Bradford, Karl S.; 38, Baade, Paul W.; 39, Hicks, George R.; 40, Wier, Joseph L.

41, Conard, Arthur B.; 42, Surles, Alexander D.; 43, Betcher, Alfred J.; 44, Morris, William H. H., ir.; 45, Lockwood, Benjamin C., ir.; 46, Dillman, Frederick G.; 47, Heidt, Emanuel V.; 48, Kichards, Harrison H. C.; 49, Drollinger, Ziba L.; 50, Lucas, John P.

51, Foster, Sidney H.; 52, Clay, Frank B.; 53, McLaurin, William B.; 54, McKinney, Carl F.; 55, Calvert, William J.; 56, Shekerjan, Haig; 57, Crawford, James B.; 58, Weaver, James R. N.; 59, Blunt, Wilfrid M.; 60, Bagby, Carroll A. 61, Kimball, Allen R.; 62, Cowles, David H.; 63, Sandeford, Alvan C.; 64, Batson, Roscoe C.; 65, Rader, Ira A.; 66, O'Neill, William P. J.; 67, Schwenck, James D.; 68, Kern, Kern, kerneth E.; 69, Hicks, Frank H.; 70, Gildart, Robert C. 71, Mooney, James S.; 72, Schwenck, James D.; 68, Kern, Kern, Kern, Ed.; 41, Stanter, James B.; 52, Stewenck, James D.; 68, Kern, Kern, Kerneth E.; 69, Hicks, Frank H.; 70, Gildart, Robert C. 71, Mooney, James S.; 72, Schwenck, James C. R.; 73, McNeal, Joseph W.; 74, Wyche, Ira T.; 75, Holland, George D.

GOVERNORS ISLAND.

Governors Island, N.Y.H., June 1, 1911.

Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, accompanied by Lieut. Marion W. Howze. A.D.C., went to Vicksburg, Miss., last week to receive, on behalf of the Government, the battle week to receive, on behalf of the Government, the battle monuments presented by the state of Wisconsin in commemoration of the services of the regiments of that state in the siege and action of Vicksburg. Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant, 3d. and Mrs. Grant have been guests over Memorial Day of their parents, Gen. and Mrs. Grant. On Memorial Day, General Grant, accompanied by his aidas, Lieut. and Mrs. Grant, and Col. and Mrs. James F. Allison, was present at the reviewing points of the parade in Brooklyn, and later at the tomb of

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Gen. U. S. Grant. The party lunched at the Clermont Hotel. Col. John Van R. Hoff and Chaplain E. B. Smith turned out with the Veteran Corps of Artillery and War of 1812 on Decoration Day, the Corps acting as guard of honor to Major Gen. Daniel Sickels, reviewing officer at the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument.

The 22d Regiment, N.G.N.Y., Corps of Engrs., Col. Walter B. Hotchkin commanding, attended divine service in the chapel on the afternoon of Sunday, May 28. The regiment paraded over 500 strong and arrived at 2:30. After stacking arm on the parade the regiment marched to the chapel and took part in the service of the day. The music was furnished by the regimental band, the organ and choir, under the direction of Lieut. A. F. Halpin, choirmaster. Simpers's Magnificat and the Anthem, "The Lord is Exalted," by West, were well rendered. The musical feature of the service was the singing of the hynn, "America" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers," by the congregation. The sermon was by the chaplain of the regiment, the Rev. Richard Cobden, rector of St. John's Church, Larchmont Manor, New York. After the church ceremonies the regiment was reviewed by Major Gen. F. D. Grant, and a number of medals for distinguished service were presented. A large number of people from New York, relatives and friends of the regiment, were present at the review. The regiment marched off at 5:30, the commanding general bidding them goodbye at the boat landing Among visitors on the post during the week are Miss Margaret Garrettson, of Cleveland, at Miss Andrews's; Miss May Byrne, of Washington, at Miss Allison's, and the Rev. F. B. Reazor, D.D., the Rev. C. M. Niles, D.D., and the Rev. George Herbert Dennison, at Chaplain E. B. Smith's. Mrs. Gamble and Mrs. Guerge Young have gone to Wilmington, Del., to visit Mrs. Du Pont.

MARE ISLAND.

MARE ISLAND.

Mare Island, Cal., May 24, 1911.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Dudley W. Knox, who have made their home here for the past year, the former being the aid to the commandant, Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, during that officer's régime, left on May 19 for the East, where Lieutenant Commander Knox goes to join the Connecticut as fleet ordnance officer. Mrs. Knox will probably pay a visit to her sister, Mrs. Arthur MacArthur, in Washington, D.C., during her husband's term of sea service. Their mother and sister, Mrs. Bowman H. McCalla, widow of the late Rear Admiral McCalla, and Miss Stella McCalla, left San Francisco a few months since for Europe, where they are to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sessnon and Miss Carroll. of San

Mr. and Mrs. William Sessnon and Miss Carroll.

miral McCalla, and Miss Stella McCalla, left San Francisco a few months since for Europe, where they are to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sessnon and Miss Carroll, of San Francisco, were week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. Oscar W. Koester. Mrs. Koester also has as guest Miss Rodgerson, of San Francisco, who is spending a fortnight here. George Mayo, a graduate of the University of California, class of '11, spent the week-end here with his parents, Capt. and Mrs. Henry T. Mayo. As they have been busy moving into their new quarters, Mrs. Mayo has suspended for a week or two her series of dinners. Mrs. Arthur W. Dodd, who has been spending a few days here and in Vallejo, at the homes of Mrs. Mayo and Mrs. Frances B. Gatewood, returned to her San Francisco home on Friday. Miss Laura Benet, of the Benicia Barracks, and Miss Joy Wilson, of Berkeley, were week-end guests of Miss Emily Simons. Madam Irwin and Miss Lulu Irwin are spending a week at the Benicia Barracks aguests of Col. and Mrs. Benét. Rear Admiral and Mrs. Osterhaus, en route to Washington, D.C., spent a few days in Portland. Ensign Wilson E. Madden, at the hospital here for several months, left last week for Las Animas, for further treatment. Little Miss Katherine Lincoln, small daughter of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Gatewood S. Lincoln, has arrived from the East where she has been attending school. Lieut. and Mrs. Allen B. Reed entertained at dinner on Saturday, May 20, in compliment to Surg, and Mrs. Charles P. Kindieberger, who are to leave early next month for Guam, their new station. Other guests were Pay Inspr. and Mrs. Edmund W. Bonnaffon, Surg, and Mrs. Charles P. Kindieberger, who are to leave early next month for Guam, their new station. Other guests were Pay Inspr. and Mrs. Edmund W. Bonnaffon, Surg, and Mrs. Eckhardt, Miss Pegian and Lieut. Harold Jones. Bridge was enjoyed later. Miss Marian Orchard, of San Francisco, spent several days at the home of Col. and Mrs. Eckhardt have as their

Pegian and Lieut. Harold Jones. Bridge was enjoyed later.

Miss Marian Orchard, of San Francisco, spent several days at the home of Col. and Mrs. Randolph Dickins at the barscles.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Ernest E. Eckhardt have as their guest aboard the Manila the former's brother, who is out from his eastern home on a short visit. On Tuesday they entertained at dinner for a party of young people and the cabin of the ship was very attractive with its decorations of sweet peas. Miss Virginia Dickins and Lieut. Milton S. Davis won prizes at bridge. Others in the party were Miss Lucy Matthews, Miss Emily Simons' and Lieut. Herbert L. Kays. Mrs. Eugene E. Wilson, who has made so many friends during the winter spent in Vallejo, leaves Wednesday next for San Diego, as Ensign Wilson's ship, the Hull, sails the following day for that port. She and her mother, who is en route here from their eastern home, plan to take a bungalow in San Diego for the summer, while the mosquito fleet is in Alaskan waters. Miss Cornela Kempf has gone to Menlo Park to spend the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Donald Spencer. Gen. and Mrs. McClellan and the Misses Rose and Josephine McClellan, after a winter at the Granada in San Franciso, have left for Coronado. Mrs. Wolff, wife of Capt. Orrin Wolff, now stationed in Washington, D.C., has arrived to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Watkins, until the first of August, at the family home in Sausalito. Naval Constr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Ruhm are to leave about July 1 for a couple of months' absence, the greater part of which will be spent in Seattle, their home before coming to Mare Island a year or so ago. Asst. Naval Constr. R. D. Gatewood, who was so severely injured by a fall while on a fishing trip above St. Helena the first of this month, has sufficiently recovered to return to his quarters, after several weeks' in the hospital.

Chaplain Sidney Wright is expected here the latter part of the month to assume the duties which have been filled temporarily by Chaplain A. A. McAllister, retired,

kins, Paymr. Grey Skipwith and Lieut. F. A. Gardner, U.S. M.C.

M.C. Eugene A. Vickery, of the Maryland, was a visitor to the yard this week. Hall and Whipple, which have been under repairs here for some time past are to leave on June 1 for San Diego for a two weeks stay. They will then return to Mare Island, accompanying the other boats of the flottler, about June 15 for docking and repairs before they go North

for their summer cruise. It was reported to-day that the cruisers Cincinnati and Raleigh, commissioned here a couple of months since, but aboard which only skeleton crews are being maintained, will sail for the Orient about July 1. The yard tug Active left on Friday in an effort to locate two \$20,000 target rafts which broke loose from the collier Saturn just outside the Heads, after she had succeeded in towing them safely from San Diego almost to the Golden Gate. A revenue cutter was also dispatched in search of the missing rafts, which were a grave menace to navigation. After a couple of days' search they were found and towed to this yard.

FORT ETHAN ALLEN.

FORT ETHAN ALLEN.

Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., May 30, 1911.

The athletic meet on May 29 was an occasion of great amusement alike to officers and men. The exercises consisted of baseball games, each troop selecting men from another troop to form a team against which to play. This resulted in the worst players being chosen and much interest was evinced in the outcome. The contest between troops in squadrons took place first, three games being played simultaneously on grounds selected by lot. In the 1st Squadron Troop B was the winner, in the 2d Squadron Troop E came out ahead and in the 3d Squadron Troop I was first. Then on the regular baseball diamond the three squadron winners competed for place, Troop I winning first place, Troop E coming second and Troop B third.

The moving picture shows on Monday and Thursday was nings of each world the best of the second and Thursday are nings of each world the best of the second and Thursday are nings of each world the second and Thursday are nings of each world the second and Thursday are nings of each world the second and the seco

place, Troop I winning first place, Troop E coming second and Troop B third.

The moving picture shows on Monday and Thursday evenings of each week at the Post Exchange, under the management of Lieut. Carl H. Müller, draw large crowds both from the officers' line and the enlisted force.

Lieut. William A. Clopton, ir., captain of the Cavalry rifle team, reached the post on Sunday to arrange for the tryout for the team of 1911 and is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. William H. Hay. Lieutenants Palmer and Mayo are expected to return to the post on June 1 from Militia duty in Virginia.

Mrs. Charles T. Boyd and little daughter, Eliza, have returned from New York, where they visited Mrs. Boyd's mother, Mrs. Schroers. Miss Gertrude Heim, of Kansas City, guest for a few days of Mrs. Boyd, left on May 25 for her home. Capt. and Mrs. Charles T. Boyd gave a large reception on May 10 for Miss Heim. The house was vory attractive with boughs of apple blossoms artistically arranged. Mrs. Edwards and Mrs. Pope poured tea. Besides all the garrison a number of people from Burlington were invited to meet Miss Heim, among them Gen. and Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Burgess, Mrs. Jocelyn, Misses Jocelyn, Mrs. Ward, Mrs. Parker and Mr. and Mrs. Morgan.

Mrs. Grierson gave a beautiful luncheon on Saturday, May 20, entertaining Mesdames Blocksom, Fleming, Cornell, Pope and Palimer. Mrs. W. W. Edwards was hostess at a beautiful luncheon on May 20 for Mrs. Cowan and Miss Heim, other guests being Mesdames Boyd, Bowles, Carson, Cartmell and Mayo.

On Saturday at 5 o'clock Mrs. Stevens and Miss Stevens

and Palmer. Mrs. W. W. Edwards was hostess at a beautiful luncheon on May 20 for Mrs. Cowan and Miss Heim, other guests being Mesdames Boyd, Bowles, Carson, Cartmell and Mayo.

On Saturday at 5 o'clock Mrs. Stevens and Miss Stevens entertained in honor of Miss Stevens's guest, Miss Lily. A charming feature of the afternoon was the singing of Miss Munger, of Wincoski, who gave three beautiful numbers in a very accomplished manner. Mrs. Pope served ices. All the bachelors and young ladies of the post were present. A very pretty dance was given on Saturday evening. There were many guests from outside the post—Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, of Burlington, also Mrs. Van Patton, Mrs. Burgess, Miss Burgess and the Misses Jocelyn.

Mrs. A. P. Blocksom entertained at luncheon on Thursday Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Mayo, Mrs. Carson and Mrs. Morgan, of Burlington. Mrs. Frederick Wells entertained at her home in Burlington at tea on Tuesday Mrs. Stevens, Miss Stevens, Miss Lily, Miss Heim and Mrs. Boyd.

Staunton Wilson has entirely recovered from measles and Mrs. Wilson has fixed the date for her postponed luncheon for June 7. Mr. and Mrs. Otta, of Montreal, were week-end guests of Captain Paxton. Mr. and Mrs. Pope gave a Sunday supper in compliment to Miss Heim, other guests being Capt. and Mrs. Boyd and Lieutenant Richart. Colonel Jones and his daughter, Mrs. Bowles, entertained on Wednesday at a delightful dinner for Major and Mrs. Cowan and Lieutenant Houston.

Many from the post attended the Junior "prom" at the University of Vermont on Friday evening, May 27. Major and Mrs. Wilson, of Fort Ethan Allen, and May 24 in honor of Mrs. Boyd gave a delightful dinner on May 24 in honor of Mrs. Boyd gave a delightful dinner on May 24 in honor of Mrs. Boyd gave a delightful dinner on May 24 in honor of Mrs. Boyd gave a delightful dinner on May 24 in honor of Mrs. Pope and Wrs. Pope and Wrs. Cowan and Mrs. Tate, Lieut. and Mrs. Pope and Mrs. Boyd gave a delightful dinner on May 24 in honor of Miss Heim. There were present Major an

Supper on Souday Lieut. and Mrs. Edwards and Capt. and Mrs. Carson.

A beautiful breakfast was given on Thursday by Mrs. Blocksom. Seated with her at the prettily decorated table were Mesdames Grierson, Addis, Pope, Mayo, Wilson, Cornell, Bowles and Misses Glass and Wagoner. Capt. B. T. Simmons was a visitor in the post last week, having come to Burlington to inspect the battalion of cadets at the University of Vermont.

FORT BENJAMIN HARRISON.

FORT BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., May 30, 1911.

On Saturday Mrs. Walter L. Reed and Miss Blossom Reed were luncheon guests of Mrs. Ray Van Camp, of Indianapolis. Mrs. Henry A. Greene entertained at breakfast Sunday noon in honor of her house guest, Mrs. F. W. Coleman, sr., and Mrs. John B. Schoeffel.

Capt. F. W. Coleman, 10th Inf., in San Antonio, Texas, with the regiment for the past two months, returned on Thursday for a month's leave with his family. Captin Coleman reports the health of the command to be excellent, but there is a longing throughout the entire regiment to get back to their old home at the fort.

Lieut. and Mrs. Francis B. Eastman, with their child and Mrs. Eastman's father and mother, Col. and Mrs. Henry B. Moon, arrived Thursday from Fort Thomas, Ky., where they have been since February, in charge of that post, which was ordered abandoned when the 2d Infantry left for Honolulu. Lieutenant Eastman, ordered to join the regiment in San Antonio, leaves in a few days.

Capts. John B. Schoeffel, J. J. Mayes and Lieut. John B. De Lancey, 10th Inf., ordered to go to Chicago on June 1 for the competition to select the team to represent the Infantry in the national matches for 1911, have had their order revoked on account of being on duty with the Maneuver Division in Texas. These officers are all expert shots, and it is believed that their loss will be severely felt by the team this year.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BORN.

COLEMAN.—Born to the wife of Capt. F. W. Coleman, 10th U.S. Inf., a son, Frederick William Coleman, 3d, at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., May 25, 1911.

HATCHER.—Born to the wife of Lieut. Julian S. Hatcher, U.S.A., a son, on May 29, 1911.

HYLAND.—Born at Springfield, Mass., on May 24, 1911, to the wife of Lieut. John J. Hyland, U.S.N., a daughter,

McGRANN.—Born to the wife of Comdr. William H. McGrann, U.S.N., retired, on May 29, 1911, a daughter, Maude Ellen, at 140 Claremont avenue, New York city.

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MONUMENTS MAUSOLEUMS

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STRICKLAND.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin L. Strickland a son, John Kay, at 711 East Fifth street, Brooklyn, N.Y., on Sunday, May 28, 1911. Mrs. Strickland is the sister of 1st Lieut. Joseph C. Kay, 2d U.S. Inf., and daughter of Joseph Kay, late major, U.S. Volunters, Spanish-American War, 1898.

TORREY.—Born at Zamboanga, Mindanao, P.I., April 8, 1911, a daughter, Alice Virginia, to Mrs. Torrey and Lieut. Daniel H. Torrey, U.S.A. Mrs. Torrey is the daughter of Mr. Thomas W. Buckey, of Washington, D.C.

MARRIED.

MARRED.

COCKE—CARY.—At Cincinnati, O., May 29, 1911, Lieut. John Cocke, 15th U.S. Cav., and Miss Ethelwyn Cary.

DUGAT—CHALMERS.—At New York city, June 1, 1911, Mr. Reginald Ducat, son of the late Brevet Brig. Gen. Arthur C. Ducat, U.S.A., to Miss Louise Chalmers.

FOSTER—GARRARD.—At Fort Myer, Va., May 31, 1911, Miss Lucy Lees Garrard, daughter of Col. Joseph Garrard, 15th U.S. Cav., and Lieut. Victor Foster, U.S.A.

VAN RENSSELAER—LORD.—At Omaha, Neb., May 25, 1911, Miss Ruth Lord, daughter of Major Herbert M. Lord, Pay Dept., U.S.A., to Mr. Franklin Van Rensselaer.

DIED.

DIED.

ALMY.—Died in Washington, D.C., May 27, 1911, Mrs. Alida Gardner Almy, widow of Rear Admiral J. J. Almy, U.S.N., and mother of Comdr. Augustus C. Almy, U.S.N., retired, and of Mrs. Annie Haines, widow of Major John T. Haines, U.S.N.

VAN HORSEN.—Died at Boston, Mass., May 18, 1911, Eleanor Van Horsen, granddaughter of P.A. Engr. Henry E. Rhoades, U.S.N.

NATIONAL GUARD NOTES.

MARYLAND.

The matches of the Maryland National Guard and the Mary-

The matches of the Maryland National Guard and the Maryland State Rifle Association will take place at Saunders' range from July 31 to Aug. 5, inclusive. The program is:

Monday, July 31—Lupus Match, M.N.G.; 500-yard Novice Match, M.S.R.A.; Gould Long Range Match, M.N.G. Tuesday, Aug. 1—Adjutant General's Match, M.N.G., McColgan Cup Match, M.N.G.; All-Comers' Skirmish Match, M.S.R.A. Wednesday, Aug. 2—Maryland State Match, M.N.G.; Mealy Match, M.N.G.; New York Clothing House Match, M.N.G.; May Match, M.N.G.; Association Cup Match, M.S.R.A.; Company Team Match, M.S.R.A. Friday, Aug. 4—Distinguished Expert Match, M.N.G.; Winans Revolver Match, M.N.G.; Coale Revolver Match, M.N.G.; Saunders, Aug. 5—Consolation Match, M.S.R.A.; Championship Team Match, M.S.R.A.; Championship Team Match, M.S.R.A.; Company Tyro Match, M.S.R.A.; Laflin and Rand Long Range Match, M.S.R.A.

Pet. Edward G. Hagan, of Co. E. 69th N.Y., has bee elected second lieutenant, receiving forty-eight votes agains two cast for Corporal Herbert. The new lieutenant-elect, wh is a son of the leader of the 19th Assembly District, made neat speech after his election, in which he promised to do a in his power to advance the interests of the company an regiment. Lieut. P. F. Nagle, who is a warm friend of M. Hagan's, was among the first to congratulate him on his election.

in his power to advance the interests of the company and regiment. Lieut. P. F. Nagle, who is a warm friend of Mr. Hagan's, was among the first to congratulate him on his election.

Brig. Gen. John G. Eddy, 2d Brigade, presided at an election for brigadier general of the 4th Brigade held in Butfalo May 27. There were three candidates, but as neither of them received a majority of the votes cast, as required, another election will have to be held. Col. George C. Fox, 74th Regiment, received six votes, Col. Samuel M. Welch, 65th Regiment, five, and Col. William Wilson, 3d Regiment, four.

Camp cots are to be furnished enlisted men of organizations of the N.G.N.Y., this year who are ordered to duty at the state camp near Peekskill, and there will be great satisfaction in consequence. The cots should have been furnished years ago, as we have repeatedly advocated, as the health and comfort of the men demand it. The Army furnishes its enlisted men with camp cots for their tents, but strange to say the National Guard authorities of New York have not deemed it wise for their men to have them.

In selecting a team to represent New York in the national team match at Camp Perry, Ohio, in August next, Colonel Thurston, chief ordnance officer, will, as far as possible, keep the same team he had in last year's match. Several other marksmen of repute may be invited to practice, but there will be no general competition for places. The team will practice most of the time at Blauvelt and later will probably go to Sea Girt.

The camp of instruction for Infantry officers of the Maryland N.G. to be held at the state range June 6 to 10 inclusive will be prepared and ready for the officers on June 5 at 6 o'clock p.m. All officers of the 1st Infantry, with the exception of rank will be temporarily laid aside. All officers not present as student officers are invited to visit the camp whenever it is convenient for them to do so.

It has been definitely decided by the Defendam Association of the 22d Regiment, N.G.N.Y., to run an excursio

An account of the Memorial Day parade in New York city will be found on page 1200 of this issue.

The "State Trophy" to be awarded each year in the

RISBOW

ational Guard of Washington to the company qualifying with the highest figure of merit for that year is awarded for 1910 Co. A, Field Signal Corps, relative standing of organizations for 1910 being shown by the following schedule: Co. A, eld Signal Corps, 110.85; Co. H, 2d Inf., 99.66; Co. E, 2d Inf., 87.67; Co. I, 2d Inf., 88.88; Troop B, Cav., 88.28; 1st o., C.A.C., 77.62; Co. F, 2d Inf., 63.17; Co. G, 2d Inf., 83; 4th Co., C.A.C., 55.31; Co. L, 2d Inf., 52.73; Co. O, 1 Inf., 51.39; Co. M, 2d Inf., 47.16; 3d Co., C.A.C., 38.71; Co. C. A.C., 38.48; Co. A, 2d Inf., 30.77; Co. D, 2d Inf., 56; Co. B, 2d Inf., 16.72; 5th Co., C.A.C., 000; Co. K, 2d Inf. (no range available).

Inf. (no range available).

Faithful service medals (ten years) have been awarded by the state to the following members of the Minnesota National Guard: Col. Alonso P. Connolly, of Minnespolia, 1st Infantry; Capt. Anthony X. Schall, jr., 1st Inf., March 4, 1911; 1st Lieut. Edwin H. Vollmer, 2d Inf., March 4, 1911; 2d Lieut Burton I. Kingsley, 1st Inf., March 5, 1911; 2d. Arthur C. O'Brien, of St. Paul, 3d Infantry; Sergt. Major Hiram D. Frankel, 1st Field Arts; Sergt. Frank G. Glander, 1st Inf.

Arthur U. O'Brien, of St. Paul, 3d Infantry; Sergt. Major Hiram D. Frankel, 1st Field Art; Sergt. Frank G. Glander, 1st Inf.

The encampment of the Washington National Guard at Cosgrove, Wash, will occur July 4 to 13, inclusive, 1911, instead of the dates heretofore announced. First Lieut. Clyde B. Crusan, 4th Inf., U.S.A., has been detailed by the War Denartment for duty with the Millitia of this state, beginning June 1, 1911. Lieutenant Crusan is a graduate of the Infantry and Cavalry School, class of 1906.

The annual camp of instruction of the Nebraska National Guard will be held Sept. 27 to Oct. 6, 1911, at a place to be designated in future orders. Infantry companies will not be allowed, to participate in camps of instruction with less than forty enlisted men and two officers. The physical examination of the National Guard will be made in accordance with the standard adopted for the U.S. Army. Upon his own request Lieut. Col. Warren R. McLaughlin is placed on the resired list, to date from July 10, 1906. He first joined the guard as a private May 22, 1891. "He was," says Adjutant General Phelpa, "a scalous and competent officer, and his Iong and honorable sprvice, is worthy of especial commendation."

Headquarters, Ist, 2d, 3d and 4th Companies, Coast Art. Corps. and Hospital Corps Detachment, New Hampshire National Guard, will assemble at Fort Constitution, N.H., for a camp of instruction and joint coast defense exercises between troops of the U.S. Army and Militia, under the commanding officer of the Artillery District of Portsmouth, from Sept. 5 to Sept. 12, 1911, inclusive. The 2d Company from Eaconia, N.H., 3d Company from Exert, N.H., 4th Company from Pover, N.H., and the Hospital Corps Detachment, and camp equipage from Concord, N.H., by rail and the 1st Company from Pover, N.H., and the Hospital Corps Detachment, and camp equipage from Concord, N.H., by marching.

OHIO.
Adjt. Gen. C. C. Weybrecht, of Ohio, announces that the following organizations will encamp separately during the coming season, as follows:

ing season, as follows:
First Infantry, July 10-17; 2d Infantry, Aug. 7-14; 3d Infantry, July 23-30; 4th Infantry, July 30-Aug. 6; 5th Infantry, July 15-22; 6th Infantry, Sept. 10-17, and 7th Infantry, July 31-Aug. 7, all at Camp Perry, Ohio; 8th Infantry, Sept. 2-9, Steubenville, Ohio; 9th Infantry, Sept. 4-11, Camp Perry, Ohio; Squadron of Cavalry, June 24-July 1; Signal Corps, June 24-July 1, and Medical Department, June 24-July 1, at Coshocton, Ohio, and Corps of Engineers, July 8-15, Camp Perry, Ohio.

Coshocton, Ohio, and Corps of Engineers, July 8-15, Camp Perry, Ohio.

The record of marksmanship for the year 1910 shows that out of a total strength of 5,184 there were 270 experts, 122 sharpshooters and 1,568 marksmen. The figure of merit for 1910 was 49,18, against 64,34 in 1909.

1910 was 49.18, against 64.34 in 1909.

General Weybrecht has made public the interesting reports of a number of officers of the Ohio National Guard who went down to San Antonio for duty at the Texas maneuvers. We make the following extracts from these reports:

Capt. Willis Bacon, 8th Inf., said: "Upon arrival at Fort Sam Houston he was detailed to Co. M. 10th Regular Infantry, and accompanied this outfit throughout tour of duty. Among other things the Army seems to lack is adequate transportation facilities. It has not sufficient wagons nor sufficient mules, practically no pack trains or pack train transportation. The 10th Infantry and other outfits observed seemed to have no uniform system of baggage chests. On the march one wagon accompanied each company of approximately sixty men. No rolls were carried by the men, but were packed on the wagons.

mules, practically no pack trains or pack train transportation. The 10th Infantry and other outfits observed seemed to have no uniform system of baggage chests. On the march one wagon accompanied each company of approximately sixty men. No rolls were carried by the men, but were packed on the wagons.

"There was no uniformity of cooking utensils in the various outfits. The brigade on the march made twelve and a quarter miles the first day, starting at 8 o'clock and had dinner by 1:30. There were plenty of sore feet from this march. On the eighth day everybody was tough and the undersigned saw but one man fall out of the entire brigade. Men harden quickly for the work of marching.

Fourteen and a quarter miles was the greatest distance made any one day, though at that time troops were in seasoned condition to make a much longer march. It is customary, so I have understood from inquiry, to make, including stops, two and a half miles per hour. At no time were the troops of the 3d Brigade marching less than three and a half miles an hour. Some of the lessons to be learned about marching are the control of the control



DENTAL CREAM Summer Shopping At "The Linen Store"

The Linen Store has the rather unique custom of not allowing its lines to be depleted in summer, when some of its customers are away in the country, but

keeps its range of designs and sizes complete, despite the diminished demand.

Accordingly, the summer visitor finds ready for inspection practically as wide an assortment of Table Linens, Bed Linens, Blankets, Handkerchiefs, Lingerie, etc., as in the busiest season, and we therefore feel assured of satisfying the most exacting demands.

Mail orders, too, can always be sent to "The Linen Store" with confidence that the reply will not be, "We're out of that size or article."

Mail Orders Receive Our Prompt Attention.

James McCutcheon & Co., 5th Ave. & 34th St., N. Y. Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

accurately and rapidly. Field buzzers were used except in cases where linemen were patrolling the line, at which times Cavalry buzzers were used. I noticed several cases of buzzer trouble at this station, causing some delay to the transmission of business owing to the frequent changing of buzzers when according to the control of the c

accuracy and rapidly. Freid Durgers were used except in cavalry but linemen were partolling the line, as which times trouble at this station, causing some delay to the transmission of business owing to the frequent changing of buzers when trouble developed in them. We closed station at 2:30 p.m. and 35 pieces of the preparation of the army requirements for a strictly field with the preparation of the army ration with great deal of interest and benefit. I would recommend that once our corps is brought up to the Army requirements for a strictly field quired of us in our maneuver camps that are contrary to the duties of such field company, such as installing and maintaining camp telephone systems, etc."

Capt. George W. Lacourd, it and remained with this or ganization until April 18, says: "Discipline. Ruled with firm-ness and kindness; prompt obedience and respect for superior officers is required. During my tour of observation I was greatly impressed with the absolute good behavior of the men which has come to my notice in the guard. The streets and kitchens are no cleaner and, in fact, the kitchens are no telester and, in fact, the kitchens are no telester and, in fact, the kitchens are not except and the second part of the propose an ordinary twenty-five cent daybook in the company. For this purpose an ordinary twenty-five cent daybook in the company and the company and the company and purchase all or part of its supplies from the subsistence department, or it may secure all in open market. At the close of the month the subsistence department, or the major that the company and the propose of the company and the pro

march the usual bivouac camp was made, great care was taken by the sanitary inspector to see that latrines were properly dug and properly policed before the march was taken up on the following morning. The maneuver work of the sanitary troops was most excellent and far more pretentious than any of us had ever witnessed before."

It is with pleasure that I am able to advise you of the hearty welcome extended, the constant effort to make us comfortable, the universal courtesy and helpfulness extended to the Militia medical officers by their brothers of the Medical Corps of the Army on duty with the Maneuver Division at San Antonio.

Col. Lloyd W. Haward et V. Y.

Corps of the Army on duty with the Maneuver Division at San Antonio.

Col. Lloyd W. Howard, 6th Inf., who was assigned to the 10th U.S. Infantry, of the 3d Brigade, describes interestingly his camp observations and the field maneuvers he participated in, and with considerable detail, and in conclusion says:

"A full expression of my appreciation of the kindly treatment and many courtesies extended to me by the commanding officer and staff of the 10th Infantry during my tour of duty with it is impossible. Every privilege and opportunity was accorded me, every aid and assistance cheerfully given to help me accomplish the purpose for which I was sent to them."

Capt. F. P. Troyan, C.E., who was assigned with Co. M. 3d Battalion, U.S. Engineers, in concluding his report says:

"The sanitary conditions of the entire camp always were very good and showed great diligence on the part of both officers and men. Many thanks are due the officers of the 3d Battalion, U.S. Engineers, for the great efforts they put forth to make our tour of duty both profitable and pleasant. The officers were willing at all times to give any information or instruction which we wanted."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Questions must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer. Questions are answered as soon as possible, but ne particular time can be given for replies. We do not answer questions by mail.

J. H.—Appointments as sergeant Hospital Corps are made from the eligible list as vacancies occur and no definite time can be stated. The list of successful applicants in the February examinations has not yet been announced.

J. C. M.—The 62d C.A.C. had all told two years and six months' foreign (Philippine) service. As about two months of this was on the high sea, and only actual service in the foreign field counts double toward retirement, you may therefore double only two years and four months of your service. All service, whether continuous or not, counts toward retirement, though the ten years, 1878 to 1888, are not considered in fixing your pay period, as you were out from 1888 to 1894, since which latter date your service is continuous. You should now be in your seventh enlistment, the highest pay of your grade. The retired pay of first sergeant in seventh enlistment is \$51.75 (see Par. 882, Pay Department Manual). You should be ready for retirement about Aug. 4, 1912.

J. P. B.—The stations of the Army are published in the

J. P. B.—The stations of the Army are published in the Army and Navy Journal from week to week. The 19th In-fantry is in the Philippines. Address Manila, P.I.

A.R., and Navy Journal from week to week. The 19th Infantry is in the Philippines. Address Manila, P.I.

S. D. T. asks: In your "Question and Answer column of May 6 you state that the final examination of enlisted candidates for a commission in the Army would be held about Sept. 1. Would you kindly print in same column the order changing the date from July 1? Answer: Read Par. 27, A.R., and you will see that it would not be possible to have examination as early as July 1, as only by that date is it known how many vacancies remain that are not needed for the graduates of the Military Academy. Par. III., G.O. 77, 1909. gives the date of convening boards for final examination of enlisted applicant for commission "on Sept. 1, or on such other date or dates as may be decided upon."

C. V. W. B.—Campaign badges are not issued to soldiers out of the Service.

out of the Service.

C. J. H. aska: I am a pensioner and I have been offered a commission in the National Guard of California. If I accept the commission and should attend a camp of instruction and receive pay while at such camp from the United States Government would the fact that I received that pay invalidate my pension? Answer: Present laws do not forbid your receiving pay for such service. The camp pay comes from your state's allotment of maneuver funds appropriated by the U.S. Government.

ment.

SUBSCRIBER asks: Enlisted July 19, 1899; discharged July 18, 1902; re-enlisted July 19, 1902; discharged Feb. 15, 1905; re-enlisted Feb. 16, 1905; discharged Feb. 15, 1908; re-enlisted Feb. 16, 1906; discharged Feb. 15, 1911; re-enlisted Feb. 16, 1911. What enlistment period am I now serving? Answer: Sixth.

J. C. S.—List showing relative standing on the eligible list for post commissary sergeants has not been given out for publication.

for post commissary sorgeants has not been given out for publication.

W. J. B. asks: Has Congress made an appropriation for soldiers losing property in cyclone of Aug. 8, 1899, in Porto, and if not is there any chance that Congress will pass a bill paying this session? Answer: No.

M. L. S.—In Par. 1368, Army Regulations, 1910, you will find the authority for continuing marksman's pay for one year, after re-enlistment within three months of discharge.

L. J. F.—For purpose of retirement you are entitled to count double time for the period June 22, 1898, to Aug. 8, 1898, time of actual service in Cuba. The time going to and from Cuba does not count double. See Army Regulations, 1910, Par. 134, for further particulars.

W. E. F.—Address regimental bands at the headquarters as published in our table of Army Stations, corrected weekly. To reach the naval bands address the various naval stations



and the battleships and cruisers whose addresses are given in our Navy Table.

CAVITE AND DISTRESS.—We are unable to locate the tes of the typhoon casualties you inquire about. You do to give the year.

A SUCCESSFUL COLLEGE DETAIL.

A SUCCESSFUL COLLEGE DETAIL.

College Station, Texas, May 26, 1911.

At the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, where Capt. Andrew Moses, U.S.A., is professor of military science and commandant of cadets, the entire college community joined Thursday evening, May 25, in a big, informal reception to Capt. and Mrs. Moses and their daughter, Miss Kathleen. Captain Moses is about to finish out a four years' tour. When he came to the college in 1907 there were but four or five hundred students and the cadet corps was in battalion formation. The student body has increase to a thousand, the military organization is a regiment of twelve companies of intion. The student body has increase to a thousand, the milt-tary organization is a regiment of twelve companies of in-fantry, a battery of field artillery, a band of thirty-five pieces and a bugle corps. So successful has he been in the handling of the military affairs of the college that it has advanced to the class of "distinguished institutions" recognized by the War Department.

The detail here is by no means a "swivel chair job," as

of the military affairs of the college that it has advanced to the class of "distinguished institutions" recognized by the War Department.

The detail here is by no means a "swivel chair job," as this is the largest institution of learning in the United States under complete military discipline. The professor of military states are to twelve hours a week; must had the discipline of the cadet corps; has charge of quarters; such that the discipline of the cadet corps; has charge of quarters; with the surgeon; must be in active command whenever the corps moves in a body, etc. He is busy from reveille to taps, and often is called out by emergency between taps and reveille. In fact he has a command equal to that of an Army post in time of peace; really a more active command, because the Army officer has all the regulations to assist him in enforcing the discipline that is necessary, while at a college the officer must be of such discriminating judgment that he knows just where to enforce regulations and where to stop.

Although the board of directors of the college by resolution, and the Legislature of the state of Texas by resolution, requested that the detail of Captain Moses at this college be extended another year, the rules of the War Department that four years shall be the limit are unchangeable, and the request was denied. It will be necessary, therefore, for Captain Moses and his family to leave at the close of the present session. In order that all might join in expressing their regret the reception was arranged for Thursday night. They have been active in all the social affairs of the college, present been active in all the social affairs of the college, since they have been here. Mrs. Moses is a daughter of Major Rhoades Fisher, a prominent citizen of Texas, and is sister to Hon. Lewis Fisher, Mayor of the city of Galveston. Charming in personal accomplishments, Mrs. Moses has been a leader in all affairs in which the ladies took part.

At the reception all the members of the faculty, who presented to Cap

"What's the matter with Moses? He's all right! What's the matter with Moses any time o' night? I am very fond of the ladies fair, But he's the fellow that treats you square; What's the matter with Moses? He's all right!

What's the matter with Moses? He's all right? What's the matter with Moses? Don't you know he's white? I am very fond of our dear old Prex, But here's to the fellow that breaks our necks; What's the matter with Moses? He's all right?

'Tis he that regulates our lives, he puts us all to bed; He gets us up at reveille, at least that's what is said; He regulates the clothes we wear, and eke our meat and drink; I wish he'd regulate himself, 'twere better, don't you think?

What's the matter with Moses? He's all right!
What's it matter if Moses gets a roast to-night?
If the College people all had a vote
He'd soon be wearing gold leaves on his coat;
What's the matter with Moses? He's all right!"

After this there was dancing and refreshments were served. The affair was held in the dining hall of the Shirley Club.

Priday night Dr. and Mrs. Otto H. Ehlinger entertained with cards in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Moses. The relations between the commandant of cadets and the College surgeon are very close professionally, and since Dr. Ehlinger's coming to the College a warm friendship has developed between him and the commandant. The affair at the Ehlinger home was a delightful one and gave opportunity for many of the College folk to again express their regret at the near departure of the Commandant and his family.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON.

Galveston, Texas, May 26, 1911.

Mr. and Mrs. Moritz O. Kopperl entertained at an elegantly appointed dinner at the Galveston Garten Verein on Sunday in compliment to Gen. and Mrs. A. L. Mills and Lieut. and Mrs. E. P. Laurson. Other guests were Col. C. P. Townsiey, C.A.C., and Comdr. J. W. Oman, U.S.S. Tacoma. After dinner an automobile tour of the city was enjoyed and at the Kopperl residence an informal musicale closed the evening's pleasure. Comdr. George R. Evans, U.S.S. Salem, entertained with a beautiful dinner on Monday Messrs, and Mesdames Kopperl, Kempner, Burrough, Hill, Moody, Lieut. E. P. Laurson and Ensign Bulmer.

Ensign Bulmer.

Mrs. C. J. Bailey and Miss Omyra Bailey were guests of Mrs. Morits O. Kopperl at the morning musicale given by the Girls' Musical Club on Tuesday, with Miss Lucie Kenison as hostess. Among guests of Mr. and Mrs. Waters S. Davis, ir., by automobile to the J. C. League bungalow down the island on Tuesday were Capt. and Mrs. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Moody, ir., Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Thompson, Miss Mary Davis, Col. C. P. Townsley, R. P. Davis, Captain Howell and Commander Evans.

The 2d Regiment band gave a concert in front of the Surf Hotel May 24 in honor of Mrs. A. L. Mills, wife of General Mills, and daughter, Mrs. E. P. Laurson, wife of Licutenant Laurson. The band paid the same compliment to Mrs. C. J. Bailey, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White, wife of Colonel Bailey, and Mrs. J. V. White.

tel. Lieuts, Kenneth Harmon, Elmore Gray and E. S. Harrison tertained at tea after parade at Fort Crockett on Tuesday r Misses Lydia Brown, Jerusha Collins, Bernice Collins, Mrs. larles R. Brown, Mrs. Burwell Pope, of Atlanta, Ga.; Lieunants Haines and Waldrick, Captain Douglas and Majorake

for Misses Lydin Drown, Mrs. Burwell Pope, of Atlanta, Ga.; Lieutenants Haines and Waldrick, Captain Douglas and Major Blake.

Lieutenants Gray, Peary, Burnett and Fulton, U.S.A., and Lieutenants Seiter, U.S.R.C. Windom, enjoyed the first surf frolic of the season, given by Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Young in honor of Miss Gladys Graves, of Waco, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Marvin L. Graves. Ensign Charles McKenna Lynch entertained with a dance aboard the U.S. cruiser Tacoma on Tuesday evening in honor of Comdr. A. W. Oman and the wardroom officers. The event was also in the nature of a farewell compliment to the seventy-five invited guests, friends of the host, whose hospitality he has enjoyed while stationed here. The cruiser was gaily bedecked in flags, pennants, bunting, signal code, etc. The 2d Regiment band played the dance music. A large number of Army officers and their ladies were present.

Col. C. P. Townsley entertained Mr. and Mrs. Moritz O. Kopperl, Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Kempner, Capt. and Mrs. F. Perry, Mr. and Captain Howell at dinner at the Galveston Garten Verein concert and dance on Wednesday. Major and Mrs. Frank Harris, U.S.A., entertained Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Vidore at the Garten Verein Wednesday. Mrs. Harris entertained Miss Marguentie Labadie at tea and at the concert given by the 2d Regiment band on Tuesday at the Surf Hotel. Mrs. James H. Cunningham, wife of Lieutenant Cunningham, is now stopping at Mrs. A. Drauilhet's, 1415 Tremont street. Col. and Mrs. C. J. Bailey and Miss Omyra Bailey entertained their friends on Friday at a housewarming of their bungalow on the Seawall Boulevard.

CORONADO BEACH.

Bennett.
Capt. W. K. Wright and Capt. J. N. Pickering, U.S.A., are guests at Hotel del Coronado. E. C. Hickman recently entertained with a dinner at Lakeside Inn for Dr. and Mrs. R. E.

guests at Hotel del Coronado. E. C. Hickman recently entertained with a dinner at Lakeside Inn for Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Austin, of this city, and Capt. E. B. Frick, U.S.A.

Recent visitors at Lakeside Inn were Capt. and Mrs. F. M. Bennett and Miss Dorothy Bennett, who spent several days in the country renewing acquaintances with their friends of the Army who are making Lakeside Inn their home. Mrs. Draper, of San Francisco, is the guest of her daughters, Mrs. K. H. Donavin and Mrs. J. L. Kauffmann, at their cottage at Coronado Beach. Ensigns Donavin and Kauffmann are both attached to the Torpedo Fleet.

Mrs. Harlow, wife of Capt. C. H. Harlow, of the U.S.S. California, who has been quite sick at the U.S. Grant Hotel, is able to be up and is slowly improving. Lieut. W. P. Beebler, U.S.N., and Lieut. C. A. Dravo, U.S.A., are registered at the Coronado Hotel. Capt. James C. Gilmore entertained aboard the U.S.S. Maryland at a dinner on Thursday in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pixley. Mrs. Victor Tombentertained informally at bridge on Thursday evening at her cottage in San Diego. Among the Navy people attending were Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Fishburn, Mrs. George McManus and Mrs. Fleming were awarded dainty prizes. The other guests were Mesdames J. G. Ballinger, F. T. Mason, Frank Pixley, H. G. Shonerd, G. A. Davidson, John L. Sehon and B. V. Franklin.

Quite a number of officers from the naval ships anchored in the bay spent the week-end at Hotel del Coronado and at-

H. G. Shonerd, G. A. Davidson, John L. Sehon and B. V. Franklin.

Quite a number of officers from the naval ships anchored in the bay spent the week-end at Hotel del Coronado and attended the hop on Saturday evening, when the West Virginia band unished Mrs. Victor Blue left on Saturday for the East coast. Commander Blue goes to the General Board in Washington and Mrs. Blue and child go to Morristown, N.J., for the summer. The Blues were extensively entertained prior to their going. Gen. G. H. Bush, U.S.A., has left for Fort Huachuca, Ariz., headquarters of the Department of the Colorado since the trouble in Mexico began. He was ordered here from the Philippines, where he was in command of the Department of the Visayas. The departmental change just effected, by which the headquarters at Denver has been abolished, eliminates the Department of the Colorado and will necessitate a change in his plans.

On Sunday evening Capt. J. G. Gillmore gave another of his famous dinners in his cabin aboard the U.S.S. Maryland. This time Admiral and Mrs. Chauncey Thomas were the honored guests, others being Miss Bertha Thomas, Capt. and Mrs. F. M. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pixley and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pixley and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pixley and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pixley and Mr. and Mrs. Pixley and Mr. and Mrs. Pixley and Mr. and Mrs. On Saturday Paymr. James S. Beecher, U.S.S. California, On Saturday Paymr. James S. Beecher, U.S.S. California.

one of the control of

"HOW!"

MORE men than ever drink WELCH'S Grape Juice now. Made only of the choicest Concords grown in the great Chautauqua belt-made by our own process, which eliminates all handling after the grapes leave the vines-made under conditions of absolute cleanliness—the grapes washed, rinsed, stemmed, pressed, and the juice pasteurized and bottled-there is nothing more satisfying as a beverage than

The National Drink Grape Juice

NEXT time try a WELCH grape ballhigh glass, chunk of ice; fill half way with WELCH'S, then with charged water. You can't help wanting another. Many other ways of making snappy drinks with it. If you can't buy it at your Post,

we'll mail a 4-oz. bottle for 10c, or send a 12-pint case, express prepaid east of Omaha,

Write for our free book of grape juice recipes—delightful drinks and delicious desserts.

THE WELCH GRAPE JUICE CO. WESTFIELD, N.Y.

Welch's

Sandgren, of San Francisco; Paymr. James S. Beecher, Ensign Augustin T. Beauregard, Ensign David Howard and Lieut. S. I. M. Major.

Miss Miller, of San Francisco, is the guest of Ensign and Mrs. Allan G. Olson at Coronado Beach.

Among the naval officers who dined at Hotel del Coronado on Saturday evening and attended the dance were Lieut. S. I. M. Major, U.S.N.; Major C. T. Hill, U.S.M.C.; Ensign Augustin T. Beauregard, Ensign David Howard, Lieut. J. J. Hannigan, Capt. J. C. Gillmore, Lieut. R. F. Zogbaum and Ensign Lofquist.

Major D. W. Ketcham, recently returned from the Philippines, is the house guest of Mrs. Sebree Smith, San Diego, on Monday Ensign and Mrs. L. M. Stevens, in San Diego, entertained informally at a buffet supper for Misses Norma and Lolita Berling, of Coronado, Lieut. Thomas Withers and Ensign Henry C. Gearing, jr. On Wednesday, on the U.S.S. Vicksburg, Capt. Marcus Miller entertained at luncheon in honor of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Chauncey Thomas. Other guests were Miss Bertha Thomas, Miss Gay, Ensign and Mrs. Allan G. Olson, Miss Miller, of San Francisco, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Zeno Briggs and Major C. S. Hill, U.S.M.C.

The ships of the 1st Squadron of the Paclific Fleet are engaged in playing off the squadron baseball championship. The program includes the series of two games each of the five armounds at the Coronado Country Club. So far the games have been well and enthusiastically attended by the townspeeple as well as the men of the fieet.

SAN DIEGO HARBOR.

SAN DIEGO HARBOR.

San Diego, Cal., May 24, 1911.

At Lakeside Inn last Saturday was given the regular weekly military hop, a feature which has been very popular since the provisional brigade went into camp at Lakeside. Music was furnished by the 8th Infantry band. More than fifty couples were present. The Sunday afternoon concert on the lawn in front of the inn was given by the 30th Infantry band. Major Daniel W. Ketcham, C.A.C., who has recently returned from the Philippines, is the guest of Mrs. Sebree-Smith at her home in City Heights. in City Heights

In City Heights.

A camp for about seventy men from the Pacific Fleet has been prepared near the Coronado ferry slip, where the submarine and torpedo flotilla have their anthorage. The men are to be instructed in submarine work. It is intended to maintain the camp throughout the summer. Lieut. J. P. Olding is in charge of the camp, as well as the submarines.

Capt. J. M. Orchard, of the cruiser West Virginia, entertained recently with an informal tea on board that vessel, his guests including Mrs. John Stafford, Mrs. J. G. Ballinger, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. F. A. Nason and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Fleming, Mrs. John Stafford, Mrs. J. G. Ballinger, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles T. Owens, Capt. and Mrs. Arthur J. O'Leary and Ensign and Mrs. Henry G. Shonerd. Mrs James G. Ballinger entertained Monday with a bridge luncheon at the Ashforth in honor of Mrs. Chauncey Thomas, wife of Rear Admiral Thomas, Others present were Mmes. Frank Pixley, E. F. Parmelee, F. T. Nason, John Stafford, G. W. Fishburn, H. M. Kutchin, Otto A. Nesmith, G. H. Mc-Manus and Fleming and Dr. Bessie Peery, Mrs. Lewis, wife of Lieut. John E Lewis, U.S.N., assisted in a musical program at a bridge breakfast given by Mrs. Eugene Preston Palmer at Grossmont Inn on Saturday, in courtesy to Mrs. John

Vance Chency, wife of the well known poet, and Mrs. George R. Clegg. About eighty-five of the leading society women of this city were present. Mrs. Chauncey Thomas was the guest of honor at a bridge party at which Mrs. John Stafford was the hostess Friday. Those present included Mmes. J. G. Ballinger, Fleming, J. L. Sehon, G. H. MoManus, F. T. Nason, Frank Pixley, G. A. Davidson, Shonerd and B. V. Franklin. The West Virginia's nine leads in the series of baseball games which are being played at Coronado by teams representing the five cruisers now in port. Yesterday the Pennsylvanian defeated the boys from the South Dakota by a score of Lieut. W. A. Glassford, U.S.N., was a gnast of the contraction of the staff of the contraction of the contract

nine defeated the boys from the South Dakota by a score of 8 to 2.

Lieut. W. A. Glassford, U.S.N., was a guest at a recent dinner party at Hotel del Coronado. Miss Bertha M. Thomas, of Washington, D.C., a sister of Rear Admiral Thomas, is a member of an automobile party now stopping at Hotel del Coronado.

The ministrel troupe of the cruiser Pennsylvania gave an entertainment at Hotel del Coronado last evening, with the hotel guests and others comprising an appreciative audience. F. E. Simmons acted as interlocutor.

Lieut. John G. Church was a guest at a recent chicken dinner at Lakeside Inn, at which Mayor James E. Wadham, of this city, was host.

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Lieut. John G. Church was a guest at a recent chicken dinner at Lakeside Inn, at which Mayor James E. Wadham, of this city, was host.

Fort Rosecrans, Cal., May 25, 1911.

Mrs. John Stafford entertained with three tables of bridge Friday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Thomas, wife of Admiral Thomas. Other guests were Mrs. Pixley, Mrs. Ballinger, Mrs. McManus, Mrs. Mason, Mrs. Fishburn, Mrs. Sehon, Mrs. Franklin, Mrs. Fleming and Mrs. Shonard. Mr. E. Bartlett Webster was host at a delightful automobile party at Witch Creek last Sunday. Those who participated in this outing were Mrs. Mason, Miss Mason, Mrs. L. L. Rowan, Miss Rebecca Ord, Capt. H. N. Evans, Lieutenants Feist, Anderson and V. C. Carley.

Lieut. J. G. Church, of the U.S.S. Truxtun, entertained charmingly at dinner at Hotel del Coronado last Tuesday. The guests were Major and Mrs. J. E. Wadham, Miss Chapin, of Denver, Colo., Lieut. and Mrs. R. P. Scudder and Lieut. and Mrs. McCommon.

Among recent guests enjoying the beauty of Witch Creek were Mr. and Mrs. Chaffee Grant, Miss Jane Grant, Miss Fannie Grant and U. S. Grant, jr. Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson arrived at Fort Rosecrans Friday after an absence of two and a half months spent in Los Angeles. Mr. Wilkinson arrived at Fort Rosecrans Friday after an absence of two and a half months spent in Los Angeles. Mr. Wilkinson had charge of the dredging of San Pedro Harbor and has returned to attend to some dredging to be done here. Mrs. Bennett, wife of Captain Bennett, of the U.S.S. South Dakota, entertained charmingly with bridge on board ship last Wednesday. There were two tables, the guests being Mrs. Munn, Mrs. Charles Douglass, Mrs. Masten, Mrs. McManus, Mrs. Franklin and Miss Earle. Delicious refreshments were served. All and Mrs. Septone. Among Army people engaging boxes for Thursday are Major and Mrs. Maize and Capt. and Mrs. Sehon. Mr. Frank Pixley, King of the Kirmess, will entertain Admiral and Mrs. Thomas, Admiral and Mrs. Hunter, Illey, Irwin, Price, Shaw, Carlto

FORT BLISS.

FORT BLISS.

Fort Bliss, Texas, May 27, 1911.

The news of the sudden death at his home in San Antonio on May 26 of Gen. John L. Bullis, U.S.A., retired, was received in El Paso with great regret by his many friends. General Bullis has been closely identified with the business interests of El Paso for a number of years, having recently completed the arrangements assisting in the building of a million dollar hotel in El Paso.

Col. Thomas F. Davis, 18th Inf., arrived in El Paso this week and is the guest of his brother-in-law, Capt. Juan Hart, at old Fort Bliss. Mrs. Thomas Corcoran and daughter. Lillian, and the former's sister, Miss Elleen Hague, of El Paso, leave next week to join Captain Corcoran, 18th Cav., at his new station at Fort Kiley, Kas. Mrs. Corcoran has been visiting her sisters, the Misses Hague, of El Paso, during her husband's absence in the Philippines for the last two years. The 23d Infantry band gave a splendid concert this week in El Paso at Cleveland Square, complimentary to the ladies of the city.

Col. E. Z. Steever, 4th Cav., and Col. Alfred C. Sharpe will be guests of honor at an elaborate banquet next week, given to them by a number of business men of the city.

Lieut. and Mrs. Frederick S. Young entertained on Tuesday with an enjoyable dinner in honor of Col. and Mrs. Alfred C. Sharpe, who are to leave the post for their new station at Columbus, Ohio, June 1. Others present were Capt. and Mrs. Thomas F. Schley and Majors Grote Hutcheson and Lewis M. Koehler, 4th Cav.

Mrs. Thomas Corcoran, wife of Capt. Corcoran, 13th Cav., was among the guests recently at a dinner given by Consul and Mrs. Harms Francisco It. Madero and family.

FORT CROOK.

FORT CROOK.

Fort Crook, Neb., May 26, 1911.

The department commander, Colonel Hatfield, accompanied by Major Hale, adjutant general of the department, arrived last Tuesday afternoon on an official visit of inspection. Wednesday morning the command was put through different drills, executed a problem in advance guard and one in outposts, etc. In the afternoon there was work in patrolling, normal attack, use of entrenching tools, and the day concluded with an inspection of barracks. Thursday the two battalions, less Company E, left behind as guard, marched about fifteen miles to Fort Omaha, making camp there with full field equipment. The class in aviation from Fort Leavenworth was in session at Fort Omaha, and about dark several ascensions were made, using a captive balloon. Camp was struck Friday, and the command returned to Fort Crook by a different route. Further work before the department commander is scheduled for to-morrow.

Friday evening, May 19, Lieut. Charles Abel was given a surprise party, at which the refreshments were original and the "stunta" were very novel and entertaining. He left next



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"If it's a Gillette, it's The Safety Razor"

morning on a four months' leave, with permission to go beyond the sea. Saturday afternoon Capt. J. S. Switzer and Lieut. R. H. Kelley represented the post in a tennis tournament at the Omaha Field Club. The same day Lieutenants Muncaster, Whiting and Griffith appeared in a dancing exhibition given for charity at the Brandeis Theater, Omaha, entitled, "A Trip Around the World with Terpsichore." Last Monday and Tuesday Lieutenant Hartigan was on duty at the rifle range at Ashland. The 2d Battalion will leave as soon as possible to begin its season's work.

Mrs. Morrow is visiting her brother, Capt. L. P. Butler, 4th Inf. Thursday afternoon Mrs. Switzer entertained at bridge in honor of Mrs. Morrow. All the ladies in the post were present. The prizes were won by Mrs. Chenoweth, Mrs. Morrow and Mrs. Kelley. Sunday evening, May 21, Capt. and Mrs. Nuttman entertained at an informal dinner Lieut. and Mrs. Bubb. Lieutenants Lane and Wilson. Monday afternoon the Ladies' Card Club met with Mrs. Bubb. The prizes were won by Mrs. Nuttman.

FORT MONROE.

FORT MONROE.

Fort Monroe, Va., May 24, 1911.

On Wednesday morning Mrs. George Cocheu gave a luncheon for Mesdames Gageby, Hase, Davis, Steger, Caldwell, Page, Dwight, Serratt and Reynolds. On Monday little Miss Margaret Steger entertained twenty of her friends in honor of her third birthday. Mrs. Page entertained with a bridge luncheon Saturday at the Chamberlin for Mrs. R. P. Davis, Mrs. Harrison Hall and Mrs. George Cocheu, the prize-winner. Saturday evening Lieutenant Donahue gave a supper at the club after the hop, when his guests were Capt. and Mrs. Hall, Capt and Mrs. Steger, Capt. and Mrs. Caldwell, Mrs. R. P. Davis, Lieut. and Mrs. Pendleton, Captain Biscoe and Lieutenant Magruder. Mrs. John W. Gulick had a luncheon on Tuesday for Mesdames Davis, Serratt, Hall, Steger and Cocheu.

One of the few large card parties of the season was given by Mrs. J. P. Hopkins on Thursday for Mesdames Taylor, Bradley, Rorebeck, Russell, Gillespie, Powell, Kimberly, Harman, Spurgin, Lull, Muarce, Gearhart, Stewart, Henderson, Selkirk, Clarke and Misses Pullman, Bottoms, Weber and Kumberly. Princh was served by Mrs. Offnere Hope and an ice by Mrs. Hines. Those coming in for refreshments were Mesdames Bottoms, Arnold, Eddy, Olmstead, Gilson and Terrell. On Wednesday Mrs. McCleary entertained at bridge for Mesdames Baker, Bradley, Hines, Gearhart, Lull, Russell, Murroe, Stewart, Clarke, Spurgin, Selkirk and Mrs. Spurgin, sr. Prizes were won by Mrs. Bradley, Miss Pullman, Mrs. Spurgin and Mrs Weber.

Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mrs. Tay en cipying the game were Mesdames Hopkins, Hines, Mr

Saturday evening the officers of the post gave the German officers a smoker at the club. After the hop Captain Hasbrouck, Lieutenants Hope and Gardner gave a supper for a few of the officers, and the ladies asked were Mrs. Hope, Miss Vincent, Miss Ann Brown Kimberly, Miss Bessie Kimberly, the Misses Berry, Miss Townsley, Miss Bottoms and Miss Weber. On Monday evening the German officers gave a very attractive dance on board their ship for the young ladies of the post. The chaperones were Mrs. Henry Schmelz and Mrs. Hope. Friday Mrs. Schmelz gave a beautiful tea for the German officers and the young ladies of the post.

Miss Vincent, of Baltimore, is the guest of Lieut, and Mrs. Offiner Hope. On Monday evening Mrs. Hines entertained at bridge for Mrs. Townsley, Mrs. Vates and Mrs. Frank Phipps, ir. The prize was won by Mrs. Phipps. Mrs. Clarence McNeil has returned from a two weeks visit to her mother in New York. Mrs. Yates, of Staten Island, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Phipps.

Mrs. Arthur Fuller entertained at bridge Tuesday evening for Mrs. Harman, Mrs. Townsley and Mrs. Kimberly. The prize was won by Mrs. Townsley and Mrs. Kimberly. The prize was won by Mrs. Townsley and Mrs. Kimberly. The prize was won by Mrs. Townsley. Several informal yachting parties have been given this week, and almost every evening her Vega, belonging to Mrs. Alexander Pendleton, has been out, going up the James River to Jamestown, Shirley and Westover, A round robin tennis tournament for the ladies of the post will be held the last of this month. It is being arranged by Capt. Claudius M. Seaman, and among the participants are Mrs. R. P. Davis, Mrs. Arthur Conklin and the Misses Berry. Captain Hopkins had his father visiting him.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS.

Vancouver Barracks, Wash., May 20, 1911.

Headquarters, 2d Field Artillery, Col. S. W. Taylor commanding, and Battery F arrived at the post Monday from the Philippines. A large contingent from the post met them upon their arrival at the spur track in the lower reservation. Other officers who arrived included Captains Guignard and Butner, Lieutenants Jones, Morrison, Parrott and George and Veterinarian Foster. On Tuesday morning Colonel Taylor assumed temporary command of the department, relieving Colonel Gardener, who has been here since General Maus's departure to the Mexican border.

Gardener, who has been here since General Maus's departure to the Mexican border.

Colonel Gardener, with his family, expects to sail for Fort Seward, Alaska, the latter part of this month, where he will resume command of his regiment, the 16th U.S. Infantry. The 2d Battalion, 1st Infantry, is still at the rifle range near Proebstel, Wash., about fifteen miles from the post. On Tuesday Major Mauldin, the inpsector general of the department, took the two remaining battalions in the post out to join the 2d Battalion at the range, where field maneuvers for three days were indulged in by the entire regiment.

Lieut. and Mrs. Dalton had as their guests last Tuesday Mr. and Mrs. Prank S. Price, of Salem, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. Prank S. Price, of Salem, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. Prank S. Price, of Salem, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. There were the beat bles, and those participating were Mmes. Greer, Dalton, Wolven, Yule, McCormack, Fales, Rogers, Game, Phillipson, True, Lynch and Misses Dent and Sears. The first prise was won by Miss Dent, a silver tea strainer, and the second by Mrs. Rogers, a silver tass. Large pink roses were tied to the prizes. Those coming in for tea after the bridge



were Mesdames Baker, Thomas, Dent, Peirson and Miss Cirard.

During the absence of her husband at the field inspection by the inspector, Mrs. Rutteneutter, wife of Lieut. B. G. Rutteneutter, 1st Inf., made a short visit with relatives in Seattle. Captain Game is being relieved as poat quartermaster by Lieutenant Wells, and is packing up to sail for Honolulu on the June transport.

The Afternoon Bridge Club met with Miss Sears last week, when Mrs. McCornack won the prize, a silver picture frame. Miss McGunnegle entertained at luncheon on Thursday for her guest, Miss Wilson, of Portland, Mrs. Thomas gave an elaborate luncheon on Saturday for Mesdames Clayton, Van Deusen, Campbell, Rogers, Dalton, Reasoner and Ruttencutter. The hop last Saturday night was really an engagement party for Lieutenant Sears and his fiancée, Miss Hume, of Portland. Before the hop Miss Sears entertained nearly all the bachelors and a bevy of Portland girls at a buffet supper at the quarters of her brother.

Mrs. Dalton, wife of Lieut. A. T. Dalton, aid to General Msus, is rapidly recovering from a broken wrist. The last in the series of subscription hops, held in Marlark Hall, in Portland, last Tuesday evening, was attended by a number of the post people.

Quite an interest is being taken this year in tennis, and all the old players are looking for an increase to their ranks from the newly arrived Artillery. Those playing almost daily are Colonel McGunnegle, Captains Dent and Greer, Lieutenant Caziarc, Dr. Reasoner and Jean Fales.

FORT LINCOLN.

FORT LINCOLN.

Fort Lincoln, N.D., May 27, 1911.

Mrs. Frazier was hostess for the Five Hundred Club Friday afternoon. Mrs. Jepson held the highest score, with Mrs. Westover second. A jolly glass-wagon party of ten attended "The Girl from the Golden West," under canvas, in Bismarck on Friday evening. On returning they were entertained at the quarters of Captain Martin and Lieutenant Kobes with dancing and a midnight supper. Thrilling scenes from "The Girl" were reproduced by Captain Stone and Lieutenant Kobes.

Mrs. Cass, of Portland, Ore., arrived Saturday for a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Westover. Lieut, F. B. Kobes has been appointed battalion adjutant, and has relieved Lieutenant Merritt, who has been acting adjutant since the departure of Lieutennt Kirtland.

Most of the garrison gathered at the quarters of Major Brechemin Saturday evening, where they enjoyed a phonograph concert, later being the guests of Lieut, and Mrs. Herbst at a chafing-dish supper. The last meeting of the card club for the month was held at the home of Mrs. Westover on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Westover held the highest score of the month, receiving first prize, while the second prize fell to Mrs. Stone.

Major Brechemin gave a dinner Monday evening for Lieut. and Mrs. Merritt and their attractive guest, Miss Ringgold, of Baltimore. Mrs. Stone.

Major Brechemin gave a dinner Monday evening for Lieut. and Mrs. Merritt and their attractive guest, Miss Ringgold, of Baltimore. Mrs. Stone entertained on Thursday at pin bridge for Mrs. Cass, of Portland. Mrs. Merritt won the first prize. Mrs. Clark received the second, and a guest prize was presented to Mrs. Cass. On Friday evening Captain Martin and Lieutenant Kobes gave a stag dinner of ten, entertaining a party of automobilists who passed through Bismarck that day.

The four company commanders have equally divided a large plot of ground below the pump house, and have planted vegetable gardens. Capt. and Mrs. Stone and Lieut. and Mrs. Herbst, considering the animated zephyrs, h

FORT DES MOINES.

Fort Des Moines, Iowa, May 29, 1911 Mrs. Copley Enos entertained at dinner Saturday, May 20, for Mrs. L. R. Ball, Mrs. Frederick D. Griffith, Mrs. John P.

Mrs. Copley Enos entertained at dinner Saturday, May 20, for Mrs. L. R. Ball, Mrs. Frederick D. Griffith, Mrs. John P. Hasson, Miss Queenie Bingaman and Miss Margaret Griffith. Mrs. Joseph A. Baer left Sunday for Baltimore, Md. Mrs. J. W. Grissinger left the post Tuesday with her young son for Mechanicsville, Pa.

Mrs. Delphey T. E. Casteel had the post bridge club meet at her house Wednesday afternoon. The prize was won by Miss Marshall. Mrs. Thomas, of Des Moines, entertained at a bridge luncheon on Wednesday, when those from the post who attended were Mrs. Charles O'Connor, Mrs. George P. White, Mrs. L. R. Ball, Mrs. Copley Enos and Mrs. Francis Glover. Miss Margaret Griffith left the post Wednesday to visit friends for a short time.

Mrs. Samuel M. Parker, who has been the guest of her niece, Mrs. J. W. Heard for the past week, left Thursday for her home in New York. On Thursday evening Mme. Sarah Bernhardt appeared at the Coliseum in Des Moines, in "L'Aiglon." A number of people from the garrison took this opportunity of seeing the great diva.

Mrs. John W. Furlong entertained at dinner Friday for Mrs. Delphey Casteel, Mrs. Copley Enos, Mrs. John Kennedy, Mrs. Frank Ross and Miss Grace Ellmer. Mr. Thomas Taft srrived Saturday to be the guest of Lieut, and Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. James A. Cole entertained at five hundred Saturday afternoon. The prizes were presented to Mrs. Francis Glover and Mrs. William H. Carter. Other guests were Mesdames O'Connor, Heard, Brownlee, Weaver, White, Casteel, Woude, Ball, Furlong, Turner, Griffith, Hasson, Carter, Enos, Ross. and Busgess, Misses Townsend, Baird, Bingaman and Heard. On Saturday night Hotel Colfax, at Colfax, gave their opening dance. Those from the post who attended were Mrs.

Copley Enos, Mrs. L. R. Ball, Miss Grace Elmer, Miss Queenie Bingaman, Miss Amy Heard and Mrs. Thomas Taft. Mrs. Enos entertained at supper Sunday for Mrs. John Kennedy, Miss Grace Elmer, Mrs. Thomas Taft and Mr. and Mrs. Mac-Kinney, of Des Moines

PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY.

PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY.

Presidio of Monterey, Cal.. May 25, 1911.

Little Anna Justine Davis celebrated her first birthday on May 18 and was hostess at a "tea party" for the very little folks. The Garrison Bridge Club has reorganized and will meet Friday evening at the Officers' Club. Miss Pickering was a dinner guest of Mrs. S. R. Merriman at the officers' mess Tuesday evening. Miss Emily Berry, who spent the winter with her sister, Mrs. T. W. Brown, left. Wednesday for Fort Myer, Va., to join her parents, Major and Mrs. L. G. Berry. The swimming tank at Del Monte was well patronized by the garrison members Thursday evening and bids fair to be very popular during the summer.

Lieuts. B. H. Pope, Minnigerede and L. T. Baker, who are en route to Salinas as witnessea in Private Rhoades's murder trial, were visitors in the post for a few days. Rev. and Mrs. Malier at the Officers' Club on Friday. Major P. G. Wales entertained a few garrison friends with an auto ride and tea at Pebble Beach Lodge Sunday afternoon. An exceptionally attractive bridge party was given Saurday afternoon by Mrs. T. B. Hunter, of Monterey. Those from the post were Mrs. Bullard, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Bracken, Mrs. Merriman, Mrs. Melver and Miss Creary. Mrs. Wright was the guess of honor at an informal dinne and bridge party on the chafing-dish supper Tuesday. Mrs. W. K. Wright was the Ashang-dish supper Tuesday. Mrs. W. K. Wright entertained with a beautiful dinner Sunday for Mrs. Bracken, Major Wales, Lieutenant Pope, Mrs. Mrs. W. K. Wright entertained with a beautiful dinner sunday for Mrs. Bracken, Major Wales, Lieutenant Pope, Mrs. Mrs. W. K. Wright entertained with a beautiful dinner sunday for Mrs. Bracken, Major Wales, Lieutenant Pope, Mrs. W. K. Wright entertained with a beautiful dinner sunday for Mrs. Bracken, Major Wales, Lieutenant Pope, Mrs. W. K. Wright entertained with a beautiful dinner sunday for Mrs. Bracken, Major Wales, Lieutenant Pope, Mrs. Wernan and Mrs. Evans. Wednesday evening Lieutenants Vestal and Gillem g

JEFFERSON BARRACKS.

JEFFERSON BARRACKS.

Jefferson Barracks, Mo., May 30, 1911.

Lieut. and Mrs. Quinlan entertained at dinner Thursday for Capt. and Mrs. Ford, Capt. and Mrs. Peek, Lieut. and Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Glenn. Captain Robertson gave a dinner at the Missouri Athletic Club on Saturday for Lieutenants Blakely and Mitchell after they had witnessed the game between the "Cubs" and "Cardinals," in which the former were victorious. On Friday the Bridge Club met at Mrs. Bryan's; prizes went to Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Bryan. Capt. and Miss Pillsbury were hosts at a delightful dinner Saturday for Capt. and Mrs. Ford, Lieut. and Mrs. Holmes and Lieut. and Mrs. Cole. Lieut. W. E. Gunster, 18th Inf., at the post taking a ten days' course in recruiting prior to taking charge of the office in Dallas, Texas, is the guest of Lieut, and Mrs. Holmes. Lieutenant Knox left Wednesday for San Francisco with a detachment of 200 recruits. Col. and Mrs. Mann entertained Major and Mrs. Howard with supper Sunda Mrs. Homes. They defeated the undergraduate of St. Louis University by a scare of 10 to 5 on the University grounds. On Saturday the 27th Company won from the 23d Company with a score of 10 to 4.

JACKSON BARRACKS.

JACKSON BARRACKS.

Jackson Barracks, New Orleans, La., May 27, 1911.

Capt. G. B. G. Hanna and Mrs. Hanna have returned to the post after an absence of ten weeks. Caprain Hanna was on recruiting duty in Tennessee and Mrs. Hanna spent the time in Louisville with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Davis. While North Captain Hanna went to Fort Monroe to take his examination for promotion to captain. He expects to join next year's class at the school.

The infant daughter of Capt. F. H. Lomax was christened on Friday, May 12, by the Rev. Mr. LaMothe, of New Orleans. Major Kephart acted as the child's godfather and Mrs. Gillespie, Captain Lomax's sister, was godmother. The baby was named Edith Bradford Lomax. Mrs. Gillespie sailed on Saturdav for New York, taking the baby with her.

The officers of the post were guests at the banquet for the officers of the Idaho, given by the Progressive Union of New Orleans. Mrs. Hunsaker spent last week in Mobile. Mrs. Merriam, wife of Capt. H. C. Morriam, is recovering from an operation and is about again.

The 91st Company, C.A.C., lett May 16 for Fort Pickens for target practice. Captain Hanna is in command of the post and Dr. Halliday is the attending surgeon.

FORT SNELLING

FORT SNELLING.

Fort Snelling, Minn., May 28, 1911.

Mrs. Edgar Z. Steever, of Fort Meade, S.D., who has been the guest of Mrs. Louis Scherer, left Thursday for Spring Lake, N.J., to spend the summer. Lieut. Edward S. Hayes, 28th Inf., returned Saturday to the garrison from Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Lieut. Col. and Mrs. William B. Banister entertained Tuesday evening for the Garrison Bridge Club.

Capt. and Mrs. Otho W. B. Farr entertained Friday evening for the Garrison Five Hundred Club. Mrs. Thomas Hixon Lowe entertained at Sunday supper for Mrs. Louis Scherer, Capt. and Mrs. Farr, Mrs. Thomas W. Griffith, Mrs. Fielder M. M. Beall, Mrs. Mary E. Mapp (Atlanta, Ga.), Mrs. Edgar Z. Steever and her mother, Mrs. Lekoy J. Wolf, of Harrisburg, Pa.

burg, Pa.

Mrs. Dana T. Merrill, who has spent the past month at Santanion, Texas, will return Friday to her home. Mrs. William G. Gambrill, wife of Major Gambrill, Pay Dept., returned Saturday to St. Paul from the Philippines and is at the Angus, St. Paul, for the summer.

HAWAHAN NOTES.

HAWAHAN NOTES.

Honolulu, H.T., May 19, 1911.

The Wednesday Bridge Club was entertained last week by Mrs. Cunningham, wife of Lieut. Thomas H. Cunningham, 5th Cav., Schofield Barracks, Leilehua. The players included Mesdames Francis J. Koester, Fred W. Foster, Lewis Foerster, Charles C. Walcutt, jr., Wallace B. Scales, Arthur W. Hanson, Daniel D. Gregory, Charles C. Winnia, and Albert U. Faulkner. Mrs. Foster won high prize, quaint copper candlesticks. Mrs. Koester, who scored second, received two Canton (China), teacups and saucers. Miss Munds presided at the tea urn.

(China), teacups and saucers. Miss Munds presided at the tea urn.

Miss O. Kennedy, of South Carolina, a delightful social addition to the line at Fort Shafter, reached here Friday on the S.S. Sierra, to be a house guest of her brother, the chief surgeon, and Mrs. James M. Kennedy. Capt. and Mrs. Albert U. Faulkner, 1st Field Art., were dinner hosts at their quarters, at Schofeld Barracks, on Friday. The decorations were of yellow; a Japanese bamboo hasket filled with golden shower was the center of the table attraction. Exquisitely handpainted place-cards, all done in yellow, in compliment to the Cavalry guests, were used. Present were Mrs. Fred W. Foster, Col. Wilber E. Wilder, Lieut. Col. Fred W. Foster, Col. Wilber E. Wilder, Lieut. Col. Fred W. Foster, Lieut. and Mrs. Lewis Foerster and Lieutenant Peyton, Ist Field Art.

Lieut. and Mrs. Daniel D. Gregory gave a charming bridge party Wednesday evening at Leilehna as a farewell to Capt.

Att. and Mrs. Daniel D. Gregory gave a charming bridge Wednesday evening at Leilehua as a farewell to Capt.

Attaches to Inside of Trousers at Waistline STANFORD "HIP-FIT"

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"bunching" of trousers.

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HIP-FIT MANUFACTURING CO., 60-B Grand St., New York

Chalmers G. Hall, 5th Cav., who left on the Logan to enjoy a two months' leave in North Carolina. Capt. Frank B. Edwards, Q.M.D., in charge of the buildings of Fort Ruger at Diamond Head, Oahu, has let a contract for an artesian well, to supply the new post with water. A reservoir capacity of 75,000 gallons will be located inside the old Diamond Head crater, and its waters will be pjued down. In addition there are to be built, under Captain Edwards's supervision and direction, one barracks building, containing accommodations for two companies of Consat Artillery, field officers' quarters, and six sets of company officers' quarters. These buildings are astories in height, containing ten rooms, with a porte on the slower, or first floor. The officers' quarters will be pjaced on a knoll, the present site of the two companies' barracks tents. It is now almost three years since Diamond Head was officially taken or designated as a government post for a station of the Coast Artillery Corps of the U.S. Army to man the big twelve-inch mortars which have been placed here. The elevation is high and scenery of both land and sea unsurpassed are to be had at Fort Ruger and the surrounding country. Although this government reservation is nearly six miles by road to the harbor of Honolulu, the way does not seem long or hard to travel. The Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Company runs its electric cars to within a convenient distance of Fort Ruger, and happily combines an executive, accurate to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger. Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Captable Edwarded nearer to Diamond Head and Fort Ruger, Particular Edwarded nearer to be head as a recent to the su

FORT WILLIAM McKINLEY.

FORT WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Fort William McKinley, Rizal, P.I., April 21, 1911.

The 50th Co., C.A.C., from Grande Island, was in camp here for a week before their departure for the homeland on the last transport, which sailed from Mariveles on April 15.

Lieut. A. E. Wheat, Phil. Scouts, who arrived on the last transport, is an old member of the 7th Infantry. He was formerly a non-commissioned officer in Co. L. He has been assigned to the 12th Company.

The season of practical instruction has been started and practice marches are in full swing again. The 12th and 20th Infantry expect to finish their target practice before the end of this month. On account of the hard rules laid down in the new Firing Regulations, it is not believed that there will be non her last trip from the States, a quarantine station has been established at Mariveles and all casuals are quarantined until the disease has been eradicated. Capt. Morton F. Smith, 20th Inf., is in command and Lieut. Oral E. Clark, 7th Inf., is Q.M. and commissary.

The new government steamer Miley, which arrived from Hong Kong a few days ago, has not been accepted as yet, and it is reported that her boilers have not yet come up to the standard laid down. She will take the prace of the ill-fated steamer Indianapolis, which sank in Manila Bay last June. She will take the prace of the ill-fated steamer Indianapolis, which sank in Manila Bay last June.

The handball players at Fort McKinley are hard at work getting, in shang for the annual and care and the command.

command.

The handball players at Fort McKinley are hard at w. getting in shape for the annual championship tournam which takes place Saturday morning, April 22, on the Y.

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1218-20-22 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa., U. S. A.

C.A. courts. The winner will be declared the champion at singles. The week following schedule is to be arranged for the championship at doubles and the winners will be matched with the teams at Manils to decide the Philippine championship.

A very busy time was put in the other day on account of the visitors from Chicago and Omaha visiting the post. Launches took them up the river from Manila, and as they traversed the Pasig exclamations of wonder and surprise were uttered by the visitors, many of whom stated that they had seldom seen scenery which surpassed the splendid panorams which unfolded itself. At McKinley the party disembarked and were conveyed in carriages to the Infantry parade ground, where a review of all the troops of the garrison was field for their entertainment. The commanding officer, Colonel Bowen, 12th Inf., attended by his staff, personally met and escorted the control of the control of

LUDLOW BARRACKS.

LUDLOW BARRACKS.

Ludlow Barrack's, P.I., April 11, 1911.

Lieutenants Rockwell and Woolnough have returned from a month's leave spent in Manila. Mrs. Rockwell and Mrs. Woolnough returned to the United States on the March transport. Major and Mrs. Buffington and their daughter, Margaret, are spending one or two months touring through Japan. Upon the expiration of his leave Major Buffington will return to Ludlow Barracks, while Mrs. Buffington and Margaret will proceed to the United States.

A fancy dress ball was given by the backelors for the

Ludlow Barracks, while Mrs. Buffington and Margaret will proceed to the United States.

A fancy dress ball was given by the bachelors for the officers and ladies of the garrison alst week, Friday. The evening was spent in a very delightful manner. Major A. L. Parmerter, Lieut. W. P. Kitts and Dr. Fronk were out on a short hunting trip in the Cotabato Valley and returned with some 500 wild ducks. Mrs. Schaaf, of Cotabato, was a visitor in this post for a few days. When she returned to her home Mrs. Kitts and ber daughter, Julia, accompanied her for a trip up the beautiful Mindanao River. Lieut. J. B. Waring, Med. Corps, and Dental Surgeon Patterson have reported here for duty.

The children of the garrison enjoyed two birthday parties recently. The first was given by Sergt, and Mrs. Weber in honor of their little daughter, Gertrude, and the second was given by Sergt, and Mrs. Harris in honor of their daughter, Roma. The children were entertained with games, refreshments and the distribution of presents, and all had a delightful time.

Fifty enlisted men of the 21st Infantry left Ludlow Barracks on the transport Warren for Manila, to sail on the April transport to be discharged in the United States.

Chaplain Ossewaarde has addressed a letter to the enlisted men of the garrison inviting their attention to the growing interest in the Sunday religious services as indicated by the increasing attendance. The first Sunday in March the attendance was fifty-six; second Sunday, 107; third Sunday, 128; fourth Sunday, 165; first Sunday in March the attendance was fifty-six; second Sunday, 107; third Sunday, 128; fourth Sunday, 165; first Sunday in March the attendance of the garrison inviting their attention to the growing interest in the Sunday and some fifty men left this post last week for the United States. We request your continued co-operation in these services and with your good-will and help we are bound to succeed. The guardhouse at Ludlow Barracks is a lonely place. For many months there have been only two men in

THE NAVY.

VESSELS OF U.S. NAVY IN COMMISSION.

Corrected up to May 30. Later changes will another page.

Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, Commander in Chief.

Pirst Division.

Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, Commander.

Send mail for the vessels of the First Division in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

P.M., N.Y. city.

CONNECTICUT, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Schroeder.) Capt. William R. Rush. At Newport, R.I. DELAWARE, 1st C.B.S., 10 guns. Capt. Charles A. Gove. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

NORTH DAKOTA, 1st C.B.S., 10 guns. Capt. Albert Gleaves. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

MICHIGAN, 1st C.B.S., 8 guns. Capt. Nathaniel R: Usher. At Newport, R.I.

Second Division.

Rear Admiral O. J. Badger, Commander,

Send mail for the vessels of the Second Division in care of
P.M., N.Y. city.

LOUISIANA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral
Badger.) Capt. Albert G. Winterhalter. Arrived May 25 at
Copenhagen, Denmark.

KANSAS, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. J. A. Hoogewerff. Arrived May 25 at Copenhagen, Denmark, SOUTH CAROLINA, 1st C.B.S., 8 guns. Capt. Augustus F. Fechteler. Arrived May 25 at Copenhagen, Denmark, NEW HAMPSHIRE, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Thomas S. Rodgers. Arrived May 25 at Copenhagen, Denmark.

Third Division.

Third Division.

Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, Commander.

Send mail for the vessels of the Third Division in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

MINNESOTA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Ward.) Capt. G. R. Clark. At Pensacola, Fla.

VERMONT, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Waiter McLean. At Pensacola, Fla.

MISSISSIPPI, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Capt. William F. Fullam. At Pensacola, Fla.

DAHO, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Capt. Herbert O. Dunn. Cruising in the Mississippi River. Arrived at Baton Rouge, La., May 28.

May 28.

Fourth Division.

Rear Admiral Thomas B. Howard, Commander.

Send mail for vessels of the Fourth Division in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

GEORGIA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Howard, Capt. William L. Rodgers. At Provincetown, Mass.

NEBRASKA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. John T. Newton.

At the navy yard, Boston, Mass.

RHODE ISLAND, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. John Hood.

At the navy yard, Boston, Mass.

VIRGINIA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. James H. Glennon.

At the navy yard, Boston, Mass.

At the navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Fifth Division.

Rear Admiral Sidney A. Staunton, Commander.

Send mail for the vessels of the Fifth Division in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

TENNESSEE, A.C., 20 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Staunton.) Capt. Harry S. Knapp. At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

TENNESSEE, Stauton.) Capt. Harry S. Knapp. At Guantanamo Day, Cuba.

MONTANA, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. John G. Quinby. At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

NORTH CAROLINA, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. Clifford J. Boush. At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

WASHINGTON, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. Richard M. Hughes. At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Fleet Auxiliaries.

Fleet Auxiliaries.

OELTIO (supply ship). Comdr. Arthur B. Hoff. At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

OULGOA (supply ship). Comdr. Charles P. Plunkett. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y. Address there.

LEBANON (range ship). Chief Bisn. Edward J. Norcott. At the navy yard, Charleston, S.C. Address there.

PANTHER (repair ship). Comdr. Josish S. McKean. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.

PATAPSCO (tender). Chief Bisn. W. J. Wortman. At the navy yard, New York. N.Y. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y.,

PATUXENT (tender). Chief Bisn. Frederick Muller. At the navy yard, Norvick, V.A. Send mail to the navy yard station, Portsmouth, Va.

SOLAOE (hospital ship). Surg. Manley F. Gates. At Guantanamo Bay, Cubs. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city. YANKTON (tender). Lieut. Orie W. Fowler. At Newport, R.I. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city. PACIFIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral Chauncey Thomas, Commander-in-Chief.

PACIFIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral Chauncey Thomas, Commander-in-Chief.

Address mail for the vessels of the Pacific Fleet as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.

First Division.

CALIFORNIA, A.C., 18 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Thomas.) Capt. Charles H. Harlow, At San Diego, Cal.

MARYLAND, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. James C. Gillmore. At San Diego, Cal.

SOUTH DAKOTA, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Frank M. Bennett.

At San Diego, Cal.

Second Division.

Rear Admiral William H. H. Southerland, Commander.

Rear Admiral William R. R. Southeriand, Commander.
WEST VIRGINIA, A.C., 18 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral
Southerland.) Capt. John M. Orchard. At San Diego, Cal.
COLORADO, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. William A. Gill. At the
navy yard. Puget Sound. Wash.
PENNSYLVANIA, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Charles F. Pond.
At San Diego, Cal.

Fleet Auxiliary.

GLACIER (supply ship). Comdr. Harold K. Hines. At San Diego, Cal.

ASIATIC PLEET.

Rear Admiral Joseph B. Murdock, Commander-in-Chief.
Address mail for the vessels of the Asiatic Fleet, as follows: Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.

Pirst Division

First Division.

SARATOGA, A.C., 14 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Murdock.) Comdr. Joseph L. Jayne. At Yokohama, Japan.

NEW ORLEANS, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. William G. Miller.

At Yokohama, Japan.

ALBANY, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Clarence S. Williams. At Yokohama, Japan.

Second Division.

CALLAO, G., 8 secondary battery guns. Ensign Stuart W. Cake. At Canton, China. ELCANO, G., 4 guns. Lieut. Comdr. William D. Brotherton. At Shanghai, China. HELENA, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Chester M. Knepper. At Hankow. China.

kow China.

SAMAR, G., 8 secondary battery guns. Lieut. Nelson H.

Gosa. Craising on the Yang-tze River.

VILIALOBOS, G., 8 secondary battery guns. Lieut. Wilhelm

L. Friedell. At Shanghai, China.

WILMINGTON, G., 8 guns. Comdr. Webster A. Edgar. At

Canten, China.

Third Division.

Third Division.

PAMPANGA, G. Ensign Charles A. Woodruff. At Manila, P.I. QUIROS, G., 8 secondary battery guns. Lieut. John W. Schbenfeld. Cruising in Philippine waters.

RAINBOW (transport), 17 secondary battery guns. Lieut. Comdr. Alexander N. Mitchell. At Manila, P.I. In Reserve.

MONTEREY, M., 4 guns. Comdr. Harrison A. Bispham. At the naval station, Olongapo, P.I. MONADNOCK, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Harrison A. Bispham. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

the naval station, Uavite, P.I.

NAVAL ACADEMY PRACTICE SQUADRON.

Comdr. R. E. Coontz, Commander.

Send mail in care of P.M., New York city.

IOWA, 1st C.B.S., 16 guns. (Flagship of squadron commander.) Comdr. B. F. Hutchison. At Annapolis, Md.

INDIANA, 1st C.B.S., 16 guns. Comdr. L. M. Nulton. At Annapolis, Md.

MASSACHUSETTS, 4st C.B.S., 12 guns. Comdr. G. R. Marvell. At Annapolis, Md.

TUGS.
CHOCTAW. At the navy yard, Waahington, D.C. Address

there.

OSCEOLA. Chief Bian. George B. Hendry. At the naval station, Key West, Fla. Address there.

PISCATAQUA. Bian. Francis A. Pippo. At Cavite, P.I. Address mail as follows: Asiatic Station, via San Francisco,

dress mail as follows: Asiatic Station, via Cal.

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ABARENDA (collier) merchant complement. Whitney I. Eisler, master. At Cavite, P.I. Address mail as follows: Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.



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AJAX (collier) merchant complement. James R. Driggs, master. At Galveston, Texas. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

A.M.EN (destroyer). Ligut. Lloyd W. Townsend. At the mavy yard, Philadelphia, Pa. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

AMEN (destroyer). Ligut. Lloyd W. Townsend. At the mavy yard, Philadelphia, Pa. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

AMPHITRITE. M. Chief Bisn. Patrick Shanahan. At Memphis, Tenn. Address there. The Amphistrite is assigned to St. Louis, but has been forced to remain at Memphis on account of low water in the river.

ARETHUSA (supply ship) merchant complement. Arthur M. Whiton, master. At the navy yard, Charleston, S.C. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

BALLEY (torpedoboat). Ensign Archer M. R. Allen. At Annapolis, Md. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

BIRMINGHAM (scout cruiser), 8 guns. Comdr. H. P. Jones. At Cristobal, Panama Canal Zone. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

BUFFALO (transport), 6 guns. Comdr. Clarence M. Stone. At Kodiak, Alaska. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.

CARSAR (collier) merchant complement. Francis N. Le Cain. En route to San Juan, Porto Rico. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

CHESTER (secout cruiser), 8 guns. Comdr. Benton C. Decker. at the naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

CHESTENE, M., Chief Bisn. Frederick R. Hazard. In commission in reserve. At Tacoma, Wash. Address there. The Cheyenne is assigned to duty with the Naval Militia of the state of Washington.

CHICAGO, P.O., 18 guns. Lieut. William R. Furlong. At Boston, Mass. Send mail in care of P.M., Chicago is in commission in reserve, and is ussigned to duty with the Massachusetts Naval Militia.

CINCINNATI, P.C., 11 guns. Capt. Guy W. Brown. In commission in reserve at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there. AJAX (collier) merchant complement. James R. Driggs, master, At Galveston, Texas. Send mail in care of P.M.,

CINCINNATI, P.C., 11 guns. Capt. Guy W. Brown. In commission in reserve at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

CYCLOPS (collier) merchant complement. George Wormster. At Copenhagen, Denmark. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

DAVIS (torpedoboat). In reserve at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

DES MOINES, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. John C. Leonard. At the navy yard, Charleston, S.C. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

DOLPHIN (despatch boat), 2 guns. Lieut. Comdr. George W. Laws. At the navy yard, Washington, D.C. Address there.

W. Laws. At the any yard, there.

DUBUQUE, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Casey B. Morgan. At the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H. Address there.

EAGLE (surveying ship), 2 secondary battery guns, Lieut. Ulysses S. Macy. Surveying on the coast of Haiti. Arrived at San Juan. Porto Rico, May 27. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

FOX (torpedoboat). Ensign Harvey W. McCormack. In reserve at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

HANNIBAL (collier) merchant complement. Edward V. W. Keene, master. En route to the New York Yard. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

in care of F.M., N.Y. city.

HECTOR (collier) merchant complement. Joseph S. Hutchinson, master. At Pensacola, Fla. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

HIST (surveying ship). Lieut. Comdr. Edward T. Constein.

At the navy yard, Portamouth, N.H. Address there.

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JUSTIN (collier) merchant complement. Henry T. Meriwether, master. At San Diego, Cal. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
LEONIDAS (collier) merchant complement. William R. Kennedy, master. En route to Havans, Cubs. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
MARETTA, G., 6 gans. Comdr. G. N. Hayward. At Guantanamo, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
MARS (collier) merchant complement. Arthur B. Randall, master. En route to Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
MAYFLOWER (despatch boat), 6 secondary battery guns. Comdr. George W. Logan. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Send mail to the navy yard station, Portsmouth, Va. MISSOURI, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Comdr. Frederick L. Chapin. In reserve at the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.
MANSHAN (collier) merchant complement. William D. Prideaux, master. At Cavite, P.I. Address mail as follows:
Asistic Station, via San Francisco, Csl.
NEW JERSEY, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Lieut. Comdr. J. R. Brady. In reserve at the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.
OCTOPUS (submarine). Ensign A. H. Miles. At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I. Address there.
DIYMPIA, F.C., 14 guns. Comdr. Archibald H. Scales. Is in reserve at the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there and the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address Chara The Carley is in completing the Carley of the Carley of the Carley is in completing.

OLYMPIA, F.U., as gume.

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of P.M., N.T. C127.
POMPEY (collier), James D. Smith, master. At Uavite, P.I. Address mail as follows: Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
PRAIRIE (transport), 10 guns. Comdr. Edward T. Witherspoon. At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
PRINCETON, G., 10 guns. Comdr. Charles H. Hayes. At San Diego, Cal. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
PROMETHEUS (collier) merchant complement. Joseph Newell, master. At San Diego, Cal. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
RALEIGH, P.C., 11 guns. Capt. Guy W. Brown. In commission in reserve at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

BALEM (scout cruiser). Comdr. George R. Evans. At Galveston, Texas. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
SATURN (collier) merchant complement. Isaac B. Smith, master. At Tiburon, Cal. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
SOORPION, G., Lieut. Comdr. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
SOORPION, G., Lieut. Comdr. Walter S. Crosley. At Trieste, Austria. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
STRINGHAM (torpedobat). Ensign Harold W. Boynton. At Annapolis, Md. Send. mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
TACOMA, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. J. W. Oman. At Galveston, Texas. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
TALCAHASSEE, M., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Jehu V. Chasq At the navy yard, Washington, D.C. Address there.

TONOPAH, M., 6 guns. Chief Gun. Frank L. Hoagland. At Hoboken, N.J. Address there. The Tonopah is in com-mission in reserve and is assigned to duty with the Naval

TONOPAH, M., c. Buns. Others. The Tonopah is in commission in reserve and is assigned to duty with the Naval Militia of New Jersey.

VESTAL (collier) merchant complement. Charles O. Tilton, master. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

VESUVIUS (torpedo experimental ship). At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I. Address there.

VICKSBURG, G., 6 guns. Condr. Marcus I. Miller. At San Diego, Cal. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, vis San Francisco, Cal.

VULCAN (collier) merchant complement. Richard J. Easton, master. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

VULCAN (collety manufactures) and the second matter at Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail in care of N.Y. city.
WHEELING (gunboat). Coundr. Carlo B. Brittan. At Puerto Cortes. Honduras. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
WISCONSIN, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. In reserve at the navy yard. Portsmouth, N.H. Address there.
WISCONSIN, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. In reserve at the navy yard. Portsmouth, N.H. Address there.
WILVERINE, C., 10 secondary battery guns. Lieut. Stanton L. H. Hazard. At Erie, Pa. Address there.
YORKTOWN, G., 6 guns. Coundr. Edwin A. Anderson. At Panama. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

L. H. Hasard. At Erie, Pa. Address there.

YORKTOWN, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Edwin A. Anderson. At Panama. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

ATLANTIC TORPEDO FLEET.
Comdr. E. W. Eberle, Commander.

DIXIE (tender to Atlantic Torpedo Fleet), 12 secondary battery guns. Lieut. Paul Foley, At Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

Seventh Torpedo Division.

Lieut. Comdr. George C. Day, Commander.

Send mail for boats of this division to the navy yard station, Portsmouth, Va.

SMITH (destroyer). (Flagboat.) Lieut. Comdr. George C. Day, At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

FLUSSER (destroyer). Lieut. Comdr. James P. Morton. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

LAMSON (destroyer). Lieut. Comdr. John M. Luby. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

PEESTON (destroyer). Lieut. Comdr. David F. Boyd. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

REID (destroyer). Lieut. Comdr. John S. Doddridge. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Eighth Torpedo Division.

Lieut. Comdr. Yates Stirling, jr., Commander.

Send mail for the vessels of this division in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

PAULDING (destroyer) (Flagboat.) Lieut. Comdr. Yates Stirling, jr., At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

ROE (destroyer). Lieut. Comdr. A. McArthur. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

MCCALL (destroyer). Lieut. Comdr. A. McArthur. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

TERRY (destroyer). Lieut. J. C. Fremont. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

TERRY (destroyer). Lieut. J. C. Fremont. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

TERRY (destroyer). Lieut. J. C. Fremont. At the navy yard, New York, N.Y.

New York, N.Y.

Ninth Terpedo Division.

York, N.Y.

Ninth Torpedo Division.

Lieut. Comdr. J. R. P. Pringle, Commander.

Lieut. Comdr. J. R. P. Pringle, Commander.
Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.
PERKINS (flagboat). Lieut. Comdr. J. R. P. Pringle. At
Annapolis, Md.
AWARRINGTON. Lieut. W. M. Hunt. At Philadelphia, Pa.
BURROWS. Lieut. J. F. Hellweg. At the navy yard, New
York, NY.
STERETT. Lieut. Robert L. Berry. At the navy yard, New
York, NY.
TRIPPE. Lieut. Frank D. Berrien. At the navy yard, Boston,
Mass.

TRIPPE. Lieut. Frank D. Berrien. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Third Submarine Division.

Lieut. Donald C. Bingham, Commander.

Send mail for boats of this division to Newport, R.I.

GRAYLING (submarine). (Flagboat.) Lieut. Donald C. Bingham. At Newport, R.I.

BONITA (submarine). Ensign Sloan Danenhower. At Newport, R.I.

NARWHAL (submarine). Lieut. Chester W. Nimitz. At Newport, R.I.

SALMON (submarine). Ensign Warren G. Child. At Newport, R.I.

SNAPPER (submarine). Ensign Joseph W. Jewell. At Newport, R.I.

STINGRAY (submarine). Ensign Clarence N. Hinkamp. At Newport, R.I.

CASTING (submarine). Ensign John W. Barnett, jr. At Newport, R.I.

CASTING (tender). At Newport, R.I.

SEVERN (tender). At Newport, R.I.

PACIFIC TORPEDO FLEET.

PACIFIC TORPEDO FLEET.
Lieut. Comdr. Louis C. Richardson, Commander.
Address mail for vessels of Pacific Torpedo Fleet as follows:
cific Station, via San Francisco, Cal. IRIS (tender to Pacific Torpedo Fleet). Lieut. Hayne Ellis. At San Diego, Cal.

At San Diego, Cal.

First Torpedo Division.

Lieut. John G. Church, Commander.

WHIPPLE (destroyer). (Flagboat.) Lieut. John G. Church.

At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

HOPKINS (destroyer). Lieut. Harold G. Bowen. At San

Diego, Cal.

HULL (destroyer). Lieut, Harold Jones. At San Francisco,
Cal.

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TRUXTUN (destroyer). Lieut. Randolph P. Scudder. At San Diego, Cal

Second Torpedo Division.

Lieut. Frank McCommon, Commander.

PAUL JONES (destroyer). (Flagboat.) Lieut. Frank McCommon. At San Diego, Cal.

PERRY (destroyer). Ensign Thomas A. Symington. At San Diego, Cal.

PREBLE (destroyer). Lieut. Ross S. Culp. At San Diego, Cal.

STEWART (destroyer). Lieut. William T. Lightle. At San Diego, Cal.

Third Torpedo Division.
Lieut. Earl R. Shipp, Commander.
LAWRENCE (destroyer). Lieut. Earl R. Shipp. At San Diego, Cal.
FARRAGUT (torpedoboat). Enisgn Henry R. Keller. At San Diego, Cal.
ROWAN (torpedoboat). Ensign Robert Gross. At San Diego.

GOLDSBOROUGH (torpedoboat). Ensign Richard E. Cassidy. At San Diego, Cal.

At San Diego, Cal.

First Submarine Division.

Lieut. James P. Olding, Commander.

GRAMPUS (submarine). (Flagboat.) Lieut. James P. Olding.
At San Diego, Cal.
PIKE (submarine). Ensign Kirkwood H. Donavin. At San Diego, Cal.
FORTUKE (tender). Lieut. James P. Olding. At San Diego, Cal.

ASIATIC TORPEDO PLEET.

Lieut. Charles S. Kerrick, Commander.
Address mail for the boats of the Asiatic Torpedo Fleet
as follows: Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.

First Torpedo Division.

Lieut. Edmund S. Root, Commander.
BAINBRIDGE (destroyer). (Flagboat.) Lieut. Edmund S.
Root, At Manila, P.I.
DALE (Accessive).

DALE (destroyer). Ensign Frank J. Fletcher. At Manila, P.I. BARRY (destroyer). Ensign Robert W. Cabaniss. At Manila,



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CHAUNCEY (destroyer), Lieut, Laurence N. McNair, At Ma-DECATUR (destroyer). Ensign Carroll S. Graves. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

naval station, Cavite, P.I.

Pirst Submarine Division.

Ensign Henry M. Jensen, Commander.

SHARK (submarine), (Flagboat.) Ensign Henry M. Jensen.

At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

ADDER (submrine) Ensign James M. Murray. At the naval station, Olongapo, P.I.

MOCOASIN (submarine). Ensign Ernest D. McWhorter. At the naval station, Olongapo, P.I.

PORPOISE (submarine). Ensign James C. Van de Carr. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

MOHICAN (tender). At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

RESERVE TORPEDO DIVISIONS, CHARLESTON.

Lieut. H. McL. Walker, Commander.

Send mail to the navy yard, Charleston, S.C.

Destroyers: Macdonough and Worden. Torpedoboats: Barney, Biddle, Blakely, Craven, Cushing, Dahlgren, Ericson, Foote, Mackenzie, Porter, Shubrick, Stockton, Thornton, Tingey, Wilkes and De Long. Submarines: Plunger, Cuttlefish, Tarantula and Viper. The old cruiser Atlanta is used as a barracks for the men of the division.

Parracks for the men of the division.

Fish Commission Steamers.

ALBATROSS. Comdr. Guy H. Burrage. Cruising in Alaskan waters. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.

FISH HAWK. Chief Btsn. William Martin. At Biloxi, Miss. Address there.

STATE TRAINING SHIPS.

ADAMS (Pennsylvania natutical schoolship). At Philadelphia, Ps. Send mail to 16 North Delaware avenue.

RANGER (Massachusetts nautical schoolship). Comdr. Charles N. Atwater, retired. At Boston, Mass.

NEWPORT (New York nautical schoolship). Capt. Harry M. Dombaugh, retired. On summer cruise.

RECEIVING AND STATION SHIPS.
ALLIANCE (station and storeship). Comdr. Charles A.

Brand. At the naval station, Onlebra Virgin Islands. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

ANNAPOLIS (station ship). Comdr. William H. Crose. At the naval station, Tutula. Samoa. Address mail as follows: Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.

BaltTiMORE (receiving ship). Comdr. Albert L. Key. At the navy yard, Charleston, S.C. Address there.

CONSTELLATION (stationary training ship). Comdr. Patrick W. Hourigan. At the training station, Newport, R.L. Address there. The Boxer, Reina Mercedes and Cumberland are auxiliaries to the Constellation.

FRANKLIN (receiving ship). Capt. Alfred Reynolds. At the navy and, Norfolk, Va. Send mail to the navy yard station, Portsmouth, Va. The Richmond is an auxiliary to the Franklin.

HANGOCK (receiving ship). Capt. James T. Smith. At the navy and, New York. Address there.

HARTFORD (station ship). Comdr. Archibald H. Scales. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there.

INDEPENDENCE (receiving ship). Capt. Guy W. Brown. At the navy ard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

INDEPENDENCE (receiving ship). John L. Purcell. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

NEWARK (station ship). Lieut. Comdr. Walter Ball. At the navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa. Address there.

NEWARK (station ship). Lieut. Comdr. Walter Ball. At the naval training station, San Francisco, Cal. Address there. The Interpol is an auxiliary to the Penascola.

PHILADELPHIA (receiving ship). Comdr. Levi C. Bertolette. At the navy ard, Pugues Bound, Wash. Address there. The Nipsic is an auxiliary to the Penascola.

PHILADELPHIA (receiving and prison ship). Ohief Btan. William L. Hill. At the navy ard, Popts Bound, Wash. Address there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is an auxiliary to the Polladers there. The Topoka is

Address mail as follows: Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.
WABASH (receiving ship). Cpt. Edward Lloyd. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.

THE ARMY.

STATIONS OF THE ARMY.

We omit the stations of the Army this week. There are no changes since the list appeared on page 1190 of our last issue, except that the 56th Company of Coast Artillery has gone to Fort Hancock, N.J., for station. The orders directing the company to proceed to Fort Crockett, Texas, have been revoked.

Messrs. Wilkinson, Fisher and Witherspoon, attorneys at law, Washington, D.C., owing to growth of business, have enlarged their offices and office staff, both in Washat law, Washington, D.C., owing to growth of business, have enlarged their offices and office staff, both in Washington and at a branch office in New York. They have also taken into the firm Mr. Harold Steele MacKaye, formerly of the examining corps of the U.S. Patent Office, and a practitioner in Pittsburg and New York for the past eighteen years, who will make his headquarters at the New York office. The firm name is now Wilkinson, Fisher, Witherspoon and MacKaye. They send the following list of patents: Issued week of May 2—Explosive, C.E. Griffing; explosive, Gershom M. Peters and Miltou Fletcher Lindsley; automatic firearm with stationary barrel, Carl Walther; shell ejector for guns. Frederick T. Russell; means for dropping projectiles from aerial crafts, Riley Estel Scott. Issued week of May 9—Manufacture of cemented armor plates and other articles of steel or alloys of steel, Federico Giolitti; gun shell attachment, William W. Burnett; automatic small arms with one or several locks, Joseph Tambour, Issued week of May 16—Firearm, Charles F. Lefever: automatic firearm, Rudolf Frommer; projectile, Emil Gathmann. Issued week of May 23—Armor plate bolt, Gioacchino Russo; explosive, Carl Wester; firearm, Frank Unger and William Corrigan; automatic firearm, Lyman H. Cobb; automatic firearm with stationary barrel, Mathias Knotzen; means for indicating and raising sunken boats, John Francis Shea; time fuse for projectiles, John F. Meigs and Robert P. Stout; hydraulic brake for guns



having recoiling barrels, Karl Voller; military entrenching tool, Ernest Benkt Bengtsson. Inventions by those in the U.S. Navy: Combined beach wagon and surf boat No. 902,775, Rear Admiral John A. Howell, U.S.N.

A story of the late French War Minister shows that had not General Brun been a statesman he might have succeeded in the profession which Sherlock Holmes adorned. Last summer he visited Castel-Jaloux. There he was received at the Mairie, and had a kind word to say to everyone. The medical officer of health claimed the General's acquaintance as having been his classmate at the College of Marmande. The General at first did not recognize the doctor, but, grasping the situation, replied warmly to his felicitations. Then said the General: "And do you still ride the old gray mare?" "Oh, what a memory you have, General," was the doctor's comment. Later the officer who accompanied the General asked him how he could remember so much about his old friend. "I never heard of him before," said the General, "much less the gray mare; but as he was in riding boots and I noticed some gray hairs on his coat, I hazarded the remark, which, as events, showed, was justified."

It may seem paradoxical, but the Hampshire Telegraph Portsmouth, England, says that although the days of of Portsmouth, England, says that although the days of sailing ships of war have long since gone, there is quite as much, if not more, "sail work" done in the royal dockyards than ever there was. The modern sailmaker, too, requires far more skill than was necessary for his fathers in the days of the "wooden walls of old England." Then the different classes of sails were of similar pattern, but nowadays it is a question of making deck awnings, wind sails, canvas coverings for various purposes, etc., and these are all of different design, so as to suit the requirements of the various ships.

Gettysburg

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